10th District. See To-Morrow's Sunday Post-Dispatch.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Bill Nye IN THE Sunday Post-Dispatch To-Morrow.

VOL. 39.—NO. 84. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 6, 1888. PRICE, FIVE CENTS BY CARRIER, TWENTY CENTS A WEEK.

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LATEST EDITION

THE MURDER MANIA

St. Louis Doctors Discuss the Whitechapel Horrors.

All Agree in Saying That the Murderer Is a Lunatic.

Some Cases of Homicidal Mania in this City—Drs. Tuholske and Kier Describe Patient Who Are at Times Seized With a Desire to Destroy Human Life—Interviews With Drs. Baudny, Porter, Bauer, Bernays and McIntyre and Other Physicians—Sir Charles Warren on the Insufficiency of the London Police.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, October 6—The annual report of the Commissioners of the London Police, issued yesterday, enables the public to judge of the importance of Sir Charles Warren's statement, apropos of the Whitechapel horrors, that the police force of the metropolis is insufficient. Deducting the men absent on leave there remain 8,778 policemen available to protect an area with nearly 5,500,000 of inhabitants. Warren neglects to take account of the small area technically called the city of London, with an independent police force of its own. It is evident, however, that the police force has not kept pace with the population. In 1849, when the area and population of London were less than half what they are now, the number of men available was 5,288. The Government contemplates an increase in the strength of the force, owing to the drafting of an exceptionally large number to Whitechapel. In some districts of London one now hardly ever sees a policeman.

THE WHITECHAPEL FIEND.

Local Physicians Discuss the Murderer and Explain His Vagaries.

The physicians of St. Louis have given considerable attention to the Whitechapel murderer, as the following interesting statements from some of them will show:

A reporter first called on

DR. JEROME K. BAUDUY,

who is a well-known expert in nervous diseases and insanity. He was reluctant to discuss the subject, but at length he consented.

"Do you think that the circumstances of the murder indicate that the murderer is insane?" was asked.

"Undoubtedly," he replied.

"Is there any reason to believe that he is not?"

"None. I think it is a prima facie case of insanity, emotional, I think, or the result of epilepsy. I have three opinions and I do not know to which to give the greatest weight. The man is suffering from emotional insanity or epilepsy or else he is a fanatic. Emotional insanity is a most dangerous form of insanity. A man with a delusion or other evidence of intellectual aberration is soon looked up but a man emotionally insane too often commits some overt act of violence before he sufficiently rivets attention to make public opinion demand his sequestration. I differ with Dr. Hammond in believing in the existence of homicidal manis. Suicidal and homicidal propensities, erotomania, kleptomania and pyromania do not per se constitute distinct forms of insanity as formerly taught. On the contrary, I believe with Maudsley and Blanford that such conditions are but purely symptomatic indications of a previous existing insanity. So far from the morbid impulse or act constituting insanity it is but the outward and visible sign or expression of a profound emotional derangement, the tendency of which is to manifest itself, not as intellectual insanity does in words, but in acts, and which for this very reason is much more dangerous than intellectual insanity. The homicidal acts are later symptoms of a deeper lying disease. In one case the patient is the victim of a morbid idea, in the other of a morbid movement.

"My second theory is that the murderer may be an epileptic. Epileptics are well known to be the victims of sudden outbursts of transitory maniacal fury. Their homicidal impulses are the results of blind, instinctive animal ferocity and are characterized by the destruction of a multiplicity of victims, and the infliction of numerous and repeated blows, their insatiable desire for blood knowing no limitation except the exhaustion of a pent-up, blind, instinctive violence, leading to the most disastrous results and bloody transactions in the annals of crime.

"My third and last theory is that the murderer may be the victim of some delusion making him a religious fanatic, assuming that the Deity has made him the avenger of crimes perpetrated, and that alone has the mission of meeting out the punishment to the unfortunate victim." When

DR. H. TUHOLSKE

was asked for his opinion he said: "If all the murders were committed by one man then he is undoubtedly insane. He must have an insane notion that impels him to murder, and no doubt he looks upon himself as a crusader who is doing a good work in killing these low creatures who infest Whitechapel road, and there are hundreds of them. Whitechapel is one of the worst places in the world. It is filled up with the lowest and most abominable classes, and there are dark alleys all through the district where murders could be committed and no one know of them. If you should go into one of them ten feet back from the street you would be completely out of the world, so far as help is concerned, as if you were in a trap, and particularly is this so in one of those London fogs. Why, you might run right on a person without seeing him, and the street lamps, half a block away, look like little coal oil lamps stuck up. Even on main thoroughfares like the Strand, near Trafalgar Square and Charing Cross Station you could come within five or ten yards of a person without knowing anyone was near. A murder might be committed and a dozen steps from the street and no one could see it and not a sound would be heard because of the bustle and noise on the street.

"I say that the man must be insane if all the murders have been committed by one man, but it is possible that they have not. The first two created a great sensation, the London papers wrote them up in detail, and it is possible that every scoundrel who has murdered a woman has adopted the same method in order to throw suspicion on one only. That is only a possibility, however."

"Do you think that the man's escape from detection shows any remarkable degree of cunning?"

"I do not believe that a man who has a mania is any more cunning because of it. I do not think that insanity makes a man more cunning than he was when he was rational, but it seems so because of comparisons. He commits a foolish act which is the result of his mania and every rational act that he performs, by comparison with that, seems remarkably cunning. This man may have been very bright, and it does not follow that because a man is insane that he is a fool. There was a patient in St. Vincent's who used to go out and give lessons in Latin and Greek, and though he had a mania he was one of the best of teachers. Maniacs often conceive some very cute ideas. Take people suffering from melancholia, for example they will sit all day long without uttering a sound, and their faces are as perfectly expressionless as though they had never a thought, yet all the time their minds may be at work evolving the cutest plans to escape or to murder the attendant or themselves, and sometimes their plans are exceedingly cunning. There was a case of a woman, who for three or four weeks had paid no attention to anything or anybody, and had not spoken a word. The attendant left the room and immediately she tried to cut her throat with a piece of glass which she had been concealing, and no doubt, through all those weeks she had been keenly watching for just such an opportunity. This cunning is not because of their insanity, but because their mania makes them concentrate all their mental faculties on one subject and think deeply."

"Do you believe in the theory of homicida mania?"

"Certainly; that is established. Of course it cannot exist without brain lesion, and when we dissect the brain we may find the structural change, but is does not matter whether it is a symptom or a distinct form, it exists, and the result is the same. You may say that that coat is not blue, it has a blue color; but take away the coat and give me the color."

"Do you believe in killing homicidal maniacs?"

"I don't know about that. Dr. Hammond has had more experience with insanity than I have, but still an insane man is sick, and when his insanity is established he becomes a patient. He is a sick man, and I see no reason why we should kill a man because he is sick. He can no more refrain from committing murder than a patient who has pneumonia can refrain from coughing and he is no more guilty if he kills six women than if he only kills one. In this country if a man kills another and his insanity is proved he is not hung or sent to the penitentiary, but to an asylum, because it is accepted that he is morally irresponsible, and while I think that the laws ought to be changed so as to forbid him being released as soon as he recovers, for temporary recovery is frequent in such cases, yet I do not think it is right to kill a man because he is sick.

"Dr. F. G. Robinson, I think it was he, told me of a peculiar case of homicidal mania. There was an old man at the asylum who had been there for some years. He was a half idiot and he paced up and down the corridor, apparently harmless and perfectly good natured, smiling all the time. He noticed a patient sitting on a bench near him and as he passed over he reached up a stool and struck him in the head and killed him. When he was asked why he did it he simply replied, 'Well, when I looked at that head I thought it had lived long enough.' That was homicidal mania and whether it was a symptom or a distinct form of insanity, it was all the same to the man whose skull was fractured."

DR. WILLIAM F. KIER

said: "It is a very strange case indeed and very puzzling. There is no doubt in my mind that the man is a maniac. Any other theory is untenable because no motive for the crimes is apparent, except such as could take possession of a madman's brain. I am inclined to the opinion of Dr. Hammond, that the perpetrator of the crimes is an individual afflicted with some religious mania. If this be the case it would be difficult to say just what kind of a personage he is. It may be that he is a most mild-mannered fellow, who would never in the world be suspected of such frightful butchery. Probably this same individual could not kill a chicken without repugnance. His mania is confined entirely to the murder of women and in a certain manner. Every new victim, however, develops the disease, and as it progresses the maniac will lose his cunning and will be unable to distinguish between a Whitechapel woman and any other woman. His capture will then follow. The Whitechapel murderer is a homicidal maniac, but his mental malady is not as uncommon as most people would suppose. A great many people suffer from it. I have a lady patient now who is afflicted in that way. She has sufficient will power to control her impulses, but it is a terrible battle. When she retires at night she will not sleep in the room unless knives, scissors, or anything with which she could cut are removed from the room, so fearful is she that in the night when asleep she'll desire to kill will seize her and she will murder some one in the house. The mania to do others harm is not so common as is the impulse to injure one's self. I have seen any number of patients afflicted in this way. One of them, a substantial business man, never allowed himself to go near a high window, as he feels certain that if he did he would be unable to restrain himself from jumping out."

DR. J. H. M'INTYRE.

"Is the Whitechapel murderer crazy? Well, in my opinion not too crazy to hang; and this is how they will probably dispose of him when he is captured. There is almost too much method in his murders for a man wholly demented; though I grant a great degree of cunning to the insane. As for his surgical skill, he hasn't displayed any that I have noted, but has been guilty only of wanton butchery. My belief is that the assassin is a Malay, as intimated by the sailor who volunteered testimony to the police and who spoke of his dusky comrade and his threats of vengeance against the Whitechapel women. The crimes are in every way worthy of a Malay. You know their skill with the knife is traditional; their piratical nature we have heard descanted upon from boyhood, while the manner of the murders is certainly in consonance with the barbaric idea of retribution, whether based on a real or on an imaginary wrong. I think, then, that this man has simply run amuck among the London unfortunates, merely adapting his tactics to the peculiar surroundings of the English capital and his insatiable desire for more blood."

DR. W. T. GREGORY.

"These Whitechapel murders have interested me particularly because of my acquaintance with the neighborhood and its surroundings obtained through a year's residence in England and a constant attendance at the London Hospital. This hospital, as shown on the map published by the POST-DISPATCH, is on the outskirts of the slums of the metropolis, and surely a more degraded class of human beings than those infesting the district cannot be found in any city of civilization. The squalor of New York and other American cities is nothing compared with the misery and degradation of London, and so great must be the vigilance of the police to keep pace with so much crime and dissension that I am surprised the Whitechapel murderer has not been caught before this. The region where these horrible crimes have been committed is fairly alive at night with the creatures of dives and with working people, and though the saloons must by law close at a certain time of night, the streets and alleys are till morning more or less frequented by the classes of people named. Now, I have been thinking over the murders only to arrive at the conclusion that the assassin is not nearly so insane as some would make him out to be. Again, all this talk of surgical skill being manifested in the manner of the murders, is somewhat wild when you coldly analyze it. It seems more like sheer butchery to me, and though I cannot pretend to fathom the murder, butchery that any muscular fiend raging for blood might successfully perform. Indeed, were the man animated by surgical instinct in a series of crimes whose commission reveals so much method, I would say that he would seek the heart and not the throat. The cutting of the latter, to be sure, precludes the possibility of an outcry, but the blood that instantly gushes with the severing of the carotid artery would pour forth so copiously as to almost certainly dye the clothing of the murderer. I do not believe the murders the work of a medical man, for I can see nothing at all plausible pointing to such a conclusion, while the theory of anatomical specimens being wanted by a student is too foolish to admit of consideration."

DR. CHARLES H. BAUER

said: "I have read the Whitechapel cases with a great deal of interest, and have thought a great deal about the matter. Before I saw any opinion advanced on the subject I had concluded in my own mind that the man was a maniac, and that his form of lunacy was what is known as the homicidal tendency. He is probably some person who has either been robbed by a woman of the class whose lives he now seeks, or he has some other grievance and his desire for revenge has developed into homicidal mania. It may be also that he is a moral fanatic who thinks he has been doing the community a benefit in killing these women. The manner in which the bodies are mutilated would, to a certain extent, support this opinion. In any event it is only a question of time when he will be caught if he keeps up his murderous work, which I feel assured he will. The reason I am certain that he has not yet satisfied his desire to butcher is that I know from experience that such a state of mind as I conceive he must be acting under continually grows worse. In other words, the homicidal mania is a progressive disease. At first the person afflicted in this way has a great deal of cunning, but as the disease progresses he loses cognizance of his environments, and even his ability to distinguish between classes disappears. Unquestionably the mania of the Whitechapel murderer has so far been what I may call entirely independent—that is, he was impelled by a desire to take the lives of women of a certain class only and to do this in a certain way. Gradually this distinction and method will be lost and the man's mania will be confined to the one word, 'kill.' The result will be that, having lost his cunning, he will be captured."

DR. PORTER DESCRIBES WHITECHAPEL.

From his residence of two years in Whitechapel Dr. Wm. Porter of this city may be considered competent to speak in a general way about the murders. To a reporter for the POST-DISPATCH Dr. Porter said to-day: "As to a theory with reference to this murderer of the East End I can have only one and that is the common one that he is insane. It is hard to think otherwise. But what I would like to do is to make some comment upon the strictures put upon the police and detectives of London for not having captured the murderer. I lived right in the place where these murders have been committed for two years when I was a physician at the London Hospital. Whitechapel is a street which is a part of the main thoroughfare of London, running right through the metropolis and connecting the East and the West Ends. Beyond that portion of it which is called Whitechapel is Bow, and on the west are the Strand and Ludgate Hill. Whitechapel street, or road as it is called, is a wide thoroughfare, and at all hours of the night, especially on Saturday, it literally swarms with people. The low women who can be seen on Whitechapel are the lowest in the world. I have seen such women everywhere, but the women I came into contact with there are the lowest. On Saturday night if you walk along that street you will see women ranging in age from 15 to 70, not by the dozen but by the hundred. There is no crime too heinous for them or their male companions, and a robbery in Whitechapel is a matter of every hour. The physicians at the hospital are safe, however, from their attacks. I remember one night I was coming home from a lecture in the East End, and I saw a big crowd in the street. I buttoned up my coat to protect my watch, and relying on my known capacity as a physician to save my life I pushed my way through the crowd to see what the trouble was. What do you think I found? There were two women in the center of a ring which had been formed by the men right in the midst of the street. And what women they were! Blear eyed, filthy, diseased creatures whom it would be repugnant to behold, let alone to touch. They had quarreled over a claim made by one that the other had been encroaching on her territory and had agreed to settle it in the prize ring.

"The fight was conducted strictly according to rules and the brutal way they were beating each other's faces was awful. I appealed to a big fellow—a thief whom I had treated at the hospital—to stop the disgusting affair. He refused, saying that it would accomplish no good. I then left the place and communicated what I saw to a policeman. He replied that it would require the efforts of twenty policemen to disperse the crowd, and that single-handed they would laugh at him. And he was right. Now, to appreciate these things you must see them. No description can help you to conceive the terrible degradation to be seen in Whitechapel. It beggars words. What a thing, such as I have described, can occur without comment in such a place need one be surprised that a man may commit murder after murder there and still escape the vigilance of the police? Knowing the neighborhood as well as I do I am not at all surprised that the police have not captured the man yet."

DR. A. C. BERNAYS.

"I was a student at the London Hospital in Whitechapel, did not think it strange that the police have failed to catch the man, because of the many nooks and corners on that street and the neighborhood in which one could hide. He said: "From the descriptions of the bodies as they have been found I should judge that the murderer, who no doubt is a man with a homicidal mania, first gets his victim into a room where he places her under the influence of a powerful anaesthetic. He then carries the body into the street, where he cuts the throat clear through with a knife that has a huge, strong and rough handle. When the carotid arteries and the jugular bone have been completely severed the woman will become exsanguine, or bloodless, in about thirty or forty seconds. He then does his dissecting at his leisure and is not troubled by the terrible flow of blood which would be sure to follow the cutting of the abdomen which he practices."

"What makes you think that the murderer uses an anesthetic?"

"Because if he did not the whole place around the spot where the throat was cut would be covered with blood. No matter how quickly he would cut the throat the victim would struggle like a chicken some time after the operation. That struggling, which would be accompanied by constant and far-reaching spurts of blood from the arteries, would not only cover the operator and the victim but would deluge the street with it. A little blood well distributed makes a big showing I can tell you. Now all the blood in these cases seems to be limited to one spot. Therefore the struggling is absent. With the victim under the influence of an anesthetic, the murderer, who can be a physician or a sleeper in a dissecting-room, can cut the throat and control the direction of the blood. It is my belief that the man will be caught in the act."

DR. FRANK HUMBOLD

believed that the murderer, whoever he is, is an expert with the knife, and knows a great deal more about anatomy than the average layman. He said: "I do not think that all the details as cabled are correct. The clothing of the victim, it is said, is not, as a rule, bloody. How that can be I do not understand. The scheme to track the man with bloodhounds is all nonsense. It can't be done. In the first place the bloodhound must have something from the man himself to go for a scent. There are a hundred scents around that body beside that of the murderer. It has been touched by other people and the scent of the body itself would be the most prominent in the nostrils of the dog. I can't understand, to save me, the method the man used to prevent him from being thoroughly soaked with the blood of his victim. He might deal her a stunning blow on the head and then cut her throat and no telltale contusion could be observed in the post-mortem, because of the suddenness of death after the blow is struck. That theory, however, would not well hinge in with the observation of the traces of blood on both sides of the street in the late butchery."

THE "SPECULATIVE SYNDICATE."

How "Mr. Ingham" Made $100,000 by a Very Clever Confidence Game.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Another New York swindle has come to light here, matters being brought to a climax by the disappearance of a man calling himself W. H. Ingham, who had been running a brokerage office at No. 38 Broadway. The man worked a pure and simple confidence game. He advertised in country papers that fortunes could be made by investing in the "Speculative Syndicate," which was described as a mutual pool which was to operate in stocks, bonds and grain under the direction of W. H. Ingham & Co. At the end of each month a circular was issued to each dupe who had bought stock, showing that a dividend of from 15 to 70 per cent was being paid. A payment would be made here and there, to allay suspicion, out of the original investments. Finally, Ingham sent out circulars to all of the "members," as he called them, and told them that payments and operations had been temporarily suspended, closing up the office and disappearing. It is estimated that Ingham, whoever he is, has captured about $100,000.

Guano-Works Burning.

BOSTON, October 6.—Dole's guano-works, on Spectacle Island, Boston Harbor, have been burning since early this morning. The police and fire boats from Boston have gone to the island, and no particulars can be obtained until one of them returns.

FREAKS OF FRENCHMEN.

TWO OF THEM BEQUEATH THEIR PROPERTY TO EMPEROR WILLIAM.

Interesting Experiments With Aluminium and Steel—A Victory for the Ameer of Afghanistan—Burning of the Dundee Theatre Royal—The Burial Reform Movement in England—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, October 6.—Recently a Frenchman named Bareilier of Melun bequeathed his entire property to the Emperor of Germany in order to show his contempt for his own countrymen. A similar feeling has actuated a Lyons citizen, Louis Conrand, an art collector residing in Florence, who has bequeathed his museum of fine arts to the German Emperor. He says in his will that he leaves to the French Republicans and Revolutionists nothing but his deepest hate and unmitigated contempt.

INTERESTING EXPERIMENTS.

Interesting experiments were made yesterday at the Brins Laboratory at Lambeth, with aluminium and steel. A quantity of broke cast-iron smeared with clay and a special flux, was transformed in the furnace into excellent stell containing two per cent of aluminum. Under the influence of the flux the iron combines with the aluminum. In a nascent state the metal thus treated is highly sonorous and susceptible of high polish.

BURIAL REFORM.

The Archbishop of York at a meeting at York yesterday spoke strongly of the necessity of burial reform. He urged that burials should be inexpensive, and as far as possible cheerful. Resolutions were adopted condemning the practice of storing up in the neighborhood of great populations masses of human remains, and it was decided to memorialize the Government for an inquiry into the whole question.

Scotland.

A THEATER BURNED.

LONDON, October 6.—The Theatre Royal at Dundee was burned last night.

France.

PRESIDENT CARNOT'S TOUR.

PARIS, October 6.—President Carnot has started on a tour to Lyons, Annecy and Dijon.

Afghanistan.

ISHAK KHAN'S FORCES DEFEATED.

SIMLA, October 6.—The troops of the Ameer of Afghanistan have defeated the forces of Ishak Khan at Tashkurgan.

The Dominion.

EXTENSIVE SMUGGLING OPERATIONS.

OTTAWA, Ontario, October 6.—A tour of the Inspector of Customs for Manitoba along the boundary between Dakota and Manitoba, revealed the fact that extensive smuggling operations in opium, wheat and other valuable products ware being carried on in that district, and that large quantities of Canadian timber have found their way into the United States without the knowledge of the owners or Government officials. The headquarters of the parties engaged in these operations are St. Joe and Walhalla, Dakota and Morton, Manitoba.

SOMETHING KNOWN ABOUT IT.

MONTREAL, October 6.—The *Gazette's* London correspondent cables: "I have inquired regarding the reported intention of the British Foreign Office to negotiate with Washington after the presidential election, for the formation of a joint commission to settle all the disputed matters on the initial understanding that the Canadian bonding privilege as to fish will be yielded to the United States. The highest official circles know nothing of the proposal. The British attitude is the Canadian attitude, namely, calmly to await the subsidence of the American political fever, in the belief that public feeling will then revert to the decision of the recent commission as the only just basis of agreement."

THE YELLOW FEVER.

New Cases at Decatur, Ala.—The Situation at Fernandina.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., October 6.—The following was received by the Associated Press to-day from Decatur, Ala.:

"Three new cases since last report, Capt. Killian, Mr. Julius Black and Charles Drewitz, colored. No deaths since Booker's. Mr. Marion, reported two days ago, did not have yellow fever.

JEROME COCHRAN,
"State Health Officer."

At Fernandina.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6.—Surgeon Ross has telegraphed to Surgeon-General Hamilton from Fernandina as follows: "Much more sickness here, principally among negroes, than is thought or reported. The Howard Association has no more means than necessary to care for the sick and needy. The number of the latter is large and increasing. There are many infected houses and much infected bedding here which should be fumigated, disinfected and some destroyed. Will you furnish means for fumigation, disinfection and compensation for articles destroyed, thereby greatly diminishing danger of trouble in the future, especially next year?"

At Jacksonville.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., October 6.—Edwin Martin, editor of the *Times-Union*, is sinking rapidly and is expected to live but a few hours. There were about thirteen new cases up to noon, mostly colored. No deaths.

THE DELLINGER MYSTERY.

Calvin M. Dellinger Arrested on Suspicion of Having Murdered His Wife.

LANCASTER, Pa., October 6.—Detectives have arrested Calvin M. Dellinger on suspicion of having murdered his wife, Kate Dellinger, whose dead body was found on the banks of the Little Conestoga Creek yesterday. The authorities claim to have strong circumstantial testimony connecting him with the crime. The relations of the couple had been very unhappy for some time past and the murdered woman recently sued her husband for assault, subsequently withdrawing the suit. Dellinger was committed for a hearing. The Coroner's inquest has been postponed until Monday.

To Be Tried for His Life.

Sheriff John C. Waymeyer of Carter County arrived here this morning to take back for trial Huston Montgomery, who is charged there with murder. Montgomery is accused of killing his nephew, Jack Bunyard, on the 9th of February. Public indignation ran so high at the time that it was feared Montgomery would be lynched and he was taken to this city and placed in jail here for safe-keeping. He has been here for a number of months. The Sheriff will take him back to-night.

Fire on a Farm.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

FAIRMOUNT, Ill., October 6.—The barn of John West, living four miles north of here, caught fire to-day and was totally destroyed; also five head of fine horses, besides a quantity of farming implements and harness; loss about $3,000.

RAILROAD NEWS.

Fixed Rail and Lake Rates—Chairman Blanchard's Resignation.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Efforts to advance westbound rail and lake rates have practically been abandoned. The trunk lines left the question of settlement of the westbound controversies with the New England roads. The latter were unable to do anything because of the refusal of the Vermont Central to submit the question of its differential rate to arbitration. The near approach of the winter season, which closes navigation, will remove the water competition so that the all-rail routes will be left free to restore the rates if they see fit to do so. No more labor will be expended in trying to bring the Grand Trunk interests to reason and Sir Henry Tyler will be left to explain to his London stockholders why revenues cannot be obtained by the foreign road when the American lines are desirous of co-operation to secure them.

Chairman Blanchard's Resignation.

CHICAGO, Ill., October 6.—It has been given out that George R. Blanchard's resignation as Chairman of the Central Traffic Association was voluntary, not withstanding that the position is a congenial one and worth $18,000 a year. This morning a local paper says that facts have come to the surface which indicate that Mr. Blanchard's resignation was forced, and that it was mainly due to the hostility of President King of the Erie. Chairman Fink's health has been bad the last few years, obliging him to take a European trip this summer. As Mr. Fink had often expressed a desire to relinquish the position of Chairman of the Trunk Line Association, Mr. Blanchard, it is said, evinced a desire to become Mr. Fink's successor. This was considered by the trunk line Presidents a month or two ago, and President King, it is claimed, stated that under no consideration would he submit to the proposition, nor would he work with any combination that was ruled by Mr. Blanchard. President Roberts is said to have stood by President King in his opposition to Mr. Blanchard. Subsequently, Mr. Blanchard called upon President Roberts to consider the steps necessary to stop the existing demoralization of Eastern railroad affairs. The fact that immediately after that conference Chairman Blanchard determined to resign indicates that President Roberts recommended it for the reason that, owing to President King's opposition to Mr. Blanchard, the Erie lines could not otherwise be prevailed upon to join the re-establishment of harmonious relations. When Mr. Blanchard tendered his resignation it is stated he indicated that his salary of $18,000 a year was inadequate and that he might be prevailed on to remain if it was raised to $25,000, the same as paid Mr. Fink. It is believed that the increase would have been granted had it not been for President Roberts' letter. The committee conveniently found that it could not afford to increase the expense account $7,000 a year, and accepted Chairman Blanchard's resignation. The opinion is that by January 1 Mr. Fink will assume charge of the Central Traffic Association.

EAST ST. LOUIS AND BELLEVILLE.

A Suicide Discovered in the Woods—News Gathered Across the River.

Three St. Louis hunters, while passing through a cornfield on the farm of Jacob Yung, who lives on the Columbia road, three miles from East Carondelet, discovered last night the body of a dead man leaning against a tree, with a bullet-hole in the right temple and an old-fashioned colt's revolver lying by his side. Coroner Woods was notified and, on removing the body from the tree, the head dropped off. The body had evidently been there for the last three months. The deceased wore a black alpaca coat, a black worsted vest and pants, linen shirt, ivory collar-button (no collar), calf-skin boots with moccasin soles and a black stiff hat. He had sandy hair and mustache, was about 35 or 40 years old, 5 feet 6 inches high and weighed 140 pounds. A verdict of suicide was rendered this morning by the Coroner's jury. The body was brought to Kurrus' stable, East St. Louis, and it will be interred in the city cemetery if it is not identified.

George W. Woods filed suit for divorce against Mary E. Woods in City Court to-day, on the ground of desertion.

The funeral of Lillie Bradencamp, the 2-year-old daughter of William Bradencamp of East St. Louis takes place to St. Peter's Cemetery at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

Mrs. M. B. Richardson of Houston, Tex., is visiting Mrs. Dr. Fairbrother of St. Louis. Mrs. Richardson is well known in this city, her husband and uncle being the founders of the Richardson Packing-house.

J. E. Elden, an engineer on the Wabash Road, reported at the police station this morning that a new overcoat (knotted beaver with velvet collar) and several other little trifles belonging to him had been stolen from his engine last night.

The Union Labor party are making great preparations for the grand rally which is to be held in East St. Louis this evening. The meeting will be addressed by George W. Wickline of Nashville, Ill., James M. Dill of Belleville, J. W. Lupton of Lebanon and J. M. Turner of Mascoutah.

Belleville.

No new small-pox cases have been reported since yesterday.

The Circuit Court and the Grand Jury adjourned until Monday.

Henry Bruss, a native of Prussia, took out naturalization papers.

The Democrats of Reeb's Station will hang a flag at James Mason's place to-night.

The Pinafore Social Circle gives a dance in the City Park next Saturday evening.

Mr. W. F. Merck, the lumber dealer, celebrated his 37th birthday yesterday.

Several of the Democratic clubs of Belleville will attend the flag-raising at Belmont tion to-night.

Rev. Meyer of St. Louis will preach at St. Paul's Free Protestant Church this morning at the usual hour.

Hon. W. S. Forman and Col. T. J. Morrison will speak at East Carondelet Wednesday evening, when a Democratic rally will take place there.

Patrick Henry of East St. Louis, who has been confined in jail here for some time, has been released.

About sixty members of the Forman Hat Club will attend the rally at Edwardsville on Monday next.

Last night an entertainment was given in the Baptist Church by the ladies of the congregation for the benefit of the organ fund. The principal feature of the entertainment was Mr. W. M. Weir's talk on "Thirty Minutes in a Lawyer's Office." The attendance was good, considering the inclemency of the weather.

THE LOYAL LEGION.

A Great Gathering to Be Held To-Night at the Lindell.

The Loyal Legion will hold a stated meeting and banquet to-night at the Lindell Hotel. The tables will be spread in the ladies' ordinary, and have been handsomely decorated for the occasion. An unusually large attendance is expected, including many companions of the order from other cities. Commander-J. Finney How will read a paper upon the military achievements of the late Gen. F. P. Blair, and other companions will relate their experiences under that officer. A committee on the Memorial Hall will report, which will be passed upon. Forty-eight members of the order will be present at the banquet, which is the first held since June last.

Evangelical Association of America.

DAYTON, O., October 6.—The annual session of the Evangelical Association of America is being held here, with one delegate present from each conference throughout the United States and Canada. There are also present three Bishops, Esher, Dubbs and Bowman, the Missionary Secretary, Rev. Hutchinson, Rev. York, the Treasurer, and Rev. Mr. Lowry, Secretary of the publishing house in Cleveland.

INAUGURATED TO-DAY.

THE GREAT STRIKE OF THE CHICAGO STREET CAR MEN.

Cable and Horse Car Traffic on the North Side at a Standstill—The Strikers Running All Sorts of Vehicles for the Accommodation of the Public—Importing New Men.

CHICAGO, Ill., October 6.—Much bitter feeling against President Yerkes and the cable road syndicate, growing out of the poor service rendered by them to their patrons, has been brought to a focus by the strike and the public comment resulting is not favorable to the company. The *Daily News* this morning quotes a recent interview with President Yerkes, in which replying to the query, "Is there any danger of a strike?" he said: "Not the slightest. The men have not enough ambition to strike. That's between you and me. Their spirit is broken. Did you ever notice one of our conductors or gripmen? They will stand anything. They are used to it. They have been cussed so much by the passengers that meekness is second nature with them. Some weeks ago a committee called upon me with a bill of grievances. I told them they were mistaken and they believed it."

SHOWING THEIR AMBITION.

The *Daily News* says: "Some way, neither the men nor the public believe Mr. Yerkes now. His story is denied by the men, and the public is unpleasantly aware that they have all the ambition necessary. Thus far the men have behaved in a way well calculated to enlist the sympathy of the community on their side. Their patience and respectful bearing are most commendable, and their thoughtfulness in providing other means of transportation in the event that the street car service is interrupted is in refreshing contrast to Mr. Yerkes' disregard of public convenience. It is to be hoped that the strikers will continue to manifest their law abiding spirit and refrain from all acts of violence and intimidation. Even if Mr. Yerkes should succeed in manning his road from abroad, it is probable that everyone of his striking employes could earn as much running independent lines of transportation as he would pay them for operating his unreliable cable line. They have a perfect right to withdraw from his service if his terms are unsatisfactory, and the public will sustain them in so doing provided they commit no unlawful act, manifest an earnest desire to prevent public annoyance and inconvenience."

THE SITUATION LAST NIGHT.

Last night, when the down-town streets were soaking and sloppy from the cold, driving October rain, which has been falling incessantly for more than twelve hours, the piercing shouts of the newsboys announcing that the strike of the North Side car men had begun carried alarm and consternation to thousands of wet and shivering shop girls, clerks, mechanics, factory employes and business men who were hurrying to busy corners to board the cars for home. For half an hour or more no cable cars appeared in sight, and the report seemed to be well founded. The horse cars continued to run at intervals, however, and the rush to these was so great that not one-fourth the people could be accommodated. Those who could afford the luxury engaged hansom cabs and other vehicles to draw them home. The poor shop-girls were the greatest sufferers, and many a cold will doubtless result from their long exposure in the rain, hundreds of them being insufficiently clad and without any protection from the stormy weather. But the alarm was a false one. The strike had not been inaugurated. The delay and stopping of the cable cars for half an hour was due to one of the accidents with which the line has been cursed almost daily, and sometimes hourly, since it was constructed about a year ago. In this connection it may be stated a suspicion exists that the strike is regarded as a boon by President Yerkes, as affording an opportunity to alter the meceanism of the whole system. For this purpose a stoppage of some weeks is necessary, and could now be had without the odium which such a confession of failure would otherwise evoke. Last night President Yerkes announced that while an effort would be made to run street cars on all the lines the cable would, as he put it, be abandoned altogether for the present. Early this morning relays of Pinkerton men were being sent over to the North Side and put on duty about the car barns and at the cable headquarters. It was apparent that Mr. Yerkes had determined to guard against any and all contingencies.

THE STRIKE INAUGURATED.

The strike of street car conductors, drivers and cable grip-men on the North Side was inaugurated according to programme at 6 o'clock this morning. Not a car is running in the entire north division. The sidewalks have been filled with pedestrians headed for the business portion of the city since an early hour this morning. Express wagons and rattletraps of all descriptions, on which temporary seats have been fixed, are being run by the strikers and others and are patronized to their fullest capacity. Thus far no violence on the part of the strikers has been reported, and none is expected.

No change in the situation has taken place since this morning. Not a single car wheel has turned on the entire Northern Division since 6 o'clock this morning, and Supt. Threedy has announced that no attempt will be made to resume operations until Monday next. He says he has already engaged 150 experienced men to take the strikers' places. He has been kept busy throughout the day examining applicants for places. A large proportion of them were inexperienced men. Supt. Doyle of the West Division lines called on Manager Yerkes this afternoon and informed him that he had received notice from the men in his division that unless some action looking to a settlement in the North Division is taken before that hour, they will strike at midnight. There seems to be no doubt that [illegible] will be done. The result will be that [illegible]rtation facilities for three-fourths [illegible] people of the city will [illegible] off to-morrow. The North [illegible]'s have remained perfectly [illegible] the day, standing in knots [illegible] barns, discussing the situation, [illegible] home to their families as soon [illegible] was definitely decided that no [illegible]ere to be run. Considerable sym[illegible] the strikers has been manifested [illegible] circles, and several subscrip[illegible] in their behalf have been started.

Eastern Gripmen.

[illegible]G, Pa., October 6.—Another party [illegible] two gripmen passed through from [illegible] this morning on their way to take the [illegible] Chicago street car strikers.

[illegible] German Soldier's Equipment.

[illegible] St. James's Gazette.

[illegible] outfit is being rapidly introduced [illegible]out the whole German army. One, in[illegible] the alterations, as it does not involve [illegible] equipment, has been already taken [illegible] the regiments—that is, the strapping [illegible] overcoat round the knapsack instead [illegible] the shoulders and across the body. [illegible] the great advantage of allowing the [illegible] breathe more freely and to open his [illegible] he wishes. The knapsack itself has [illegible]nged and is of a longer shape [illegible] before. It consists of two [illegible] the knapsack proper and [illegible]cket, the former containing the [illegible]'s linen, the latter the famous "pease-sausage" and bacon. The belt is, in the new outfit, all important, and serves to make the whole equipment fast. From it, on the left, hangs the bayonet, which has been so shortened that it is now merely a light dagger not a foot long; while in front two pouches are attached, each containing thirty cartridges (the non-commissioned officers have smaller pouches holding only fifteen each.) Behind is [illegible] third pouch, which contains forty [illegible]tridges, made up in two paste[illegible]rd cases. These are a reserve, and were [illegible]erly kept in the knapsack. By this change [illegible] soldier carries twenty cartridges more [illegible] formerly. On the right hangs the bread-[illegible], which is larger than the old pattern. [illegible] no longer a belt of its own, but hangs [illegible]ectly from the sword-belt, thus relieving the chest. The water-flask is hooked on the bread-wallet. The pannikin used to be fastened in the middle of the knapsack, but is now laid flat on the top with the forage-cap, which was formerly under the flap of the knapsack, below it. The combined result is that the soldier's chest is almost quite free, and that the air can circulate between the knapsack and his back. He can also by merely unloosing his belt take off the whole of his accoutrements. The trenching-took is not carried on the soldier's back, but hangs at his left side with the bayonet.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

A Final Agreement Reached on the Deficiency Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6.—The conferees on the general deficiency bill have paved the way for an agreement on all the remaining points of difference, though the action has not yet become final. The provisions to pay the remainder of a year's salary to the family of Chief Justice Waite, and to pay an extra year's salary to the widow of LaFayette E. Dancy of the Internal Revenue service, are to be struck out, as is also the provision to extend the laws of the United States over No Man's Land. The Senate is induced to recede on the last-named provision to save the bill, it being understood that the point of "no quorum" will be raised by some one in the House if that remains in the bill. It is probable that an agreement will be reached before Monday's session begins, providing for the continuance of the work of constructing buildings for the Woman's Christian Home in Salt Lake City. The clause providing for an investigation of work on the Washington Aqueduct tunnel, has been struck out, with the understanding that the concurrent resolution, already passed by the House, shall be passed by the Senate on Monday. The deficiency bill will merely contain a provision appropriating money for the expenses of the investigation.

La Abra Claims.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6.—The hearings on the La Abra claims, before the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate, which have been in progress for about ten days, have been suspended, probably not to be resumed until after election or until the next session.

Judge Thurman in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6.—Judge Thurman and son arrived here this morning about 9 o'clock. Mrs. Thurman and children went on to Baltimore. During the day the Judge will consult with the other attorneys in the telephone case, and this afternoon will go out to Oak View, where he will be the guest of the President over Sunday.

To-Day's Bond Offerings.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6.—The bond offerings to-day were as follows: Fours, coupon, $7,100 at 130; $20,000 at 129; $30,000 at 129¼; 4s, registered, $121,000 at 129½; $50,000 at 129¼; $85,000 at 129; $83,500 at $129¼; $100,000 at 130; $21,800 at 129; $50,000 at $129¼; 4½s, coupon, $80,000 at 108¼; 4½s, registered, $70,000 at 108½, $30,000 at 108, $425,000 at 108¼.

The Secretary of the Treasury this afternoon accepted the following bonds: Four per cents, registered, $1,391,800 at 129; 4 per cents, coupon, $20,000 at 129; 4½ per cents, registered, $30,000 at 108; $435,000 at 108¼; 4½ per cents, coupon, $20,000 at 108¼.

Senator Beck's Return.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6.—Senator Beck returned to Washington this morning. His health is considerably improved, but he will not assume Senatorial duties for the present. He has gone to the home of his son-in-law, Maj. Goodloe, Paymaster of the Marine Corps, situated about four miles from this city, where he will make his home for some time.

Chief Justice Fuller.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6.—Chief Justice Fuller, who has been in the city for some days past, called at the Capitol to-day, and paid a friendly visit to the officials of the Supreme Court. He will be sworn in Monday.

Inspecting Military Prisons.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6.—Adjutant-General Drum and Lieut.-Col. Bair of the Judge Advocate General's Department, left Washington last evening for Fort Leavenworth, Kan., on their annual tour of inspection of the military prison.

SNAKES AND FROGS.

The Reptile Has a Fondness for the Famous French Dainty.

From Longman's Magazine.

The late king of Oude had built a snakery in the gardens of his palace at Garden Reach near Calcutta. It was an oblong pit about thirty feet long by twenty feet broad, the walls being about twelve feet high and perfectly smooth, so that a snake could not crawl up. In the center of the pit there was a large block of rough masonry, perforated so that it was as full of holes as a sponge. In this honey-combed block the snakes dwelt, and when the sun shone brightly they came out to bask or to feed.

His Majesty used to have live frogs put into the pit and amused himself by seeing the hungry snakes catch the frogs. When a large snake catches a small frog it is all over in an instant, but if a smallish snake catches a largish frog, so that he cannot swallow it at once, the frog's cries are piteous to hear. Again and again I have heard them while out shooting, and have gone to the bush or tuft of grass from which the piercing cries came—sometimes in time, sometimes too late to save poor froggy, though the snake generally got shot. As a final story let me tell how a frog has been seen to turn the tables on the snake.

Two gentlemen in Cachar some years ago saw a small snake seize a frog and attempt to swallow it. But suddenly a large frog jumped forward, seized the snake's tail, and began to swallow the snake. How the affair might have ended cannot be told, because my friends imprudently drew near to watch the combat, when the frogs and snake took alarm, and the big frog disgorged the snake's tail, and the snake released the little frog, and then all scuttled off. But the tale is perfectly true, and both the gentlemen who saw it are still alive; and I only regret that it was not my good luck to see the affair with my own eyes.

Chinese Quarrels.

From the North China Herald.

Among a population of such unexampled density, where families of great size are crowded together—three or four generations, with all the wives and children, under one roof—occasions for quarrel are all-pervasive. The sons' wives and children are prolific sources of domestic unpleasantness. Each wife strives to make her husband feel that in the community of property he is the one who is worsted; the elder wife tyrannizes over the younger ones and the latter rebel. The instinct of the Western with a grievance is to get it redressed straightway; that of the Oriental is, first of all, to let the world at large know that he has a grievance. A Chinaman who has been wronged will go upon the street and roar at the top of his voice. The art of hallooing, as it is called in Chinese, is closely associated with that of reviling, and the Chinese women are such adepts in both as to justify the aphorism that what they have lost in their feet they have gained in their tongues.

Much of this abusive language is regarded as a sort of spell or curse. A man who has had the heads removed from his field of millet stands at the entrance of the alley which leads to his dwelling and pours forth volleys of abuse upon the unknown offender. This has a double value—first as a means of notifying to the public his loss and his consequent fury, thus freeing his mind; and, secondly, as a prophylatic tending to secure him against the repetition of the offense. Women indulge in this practice of "reviling the street" from the flat roofs of the houses, and shriek away for hours at a time until their voices fail. Abuse delivered in this way attracts little or no attention, and one sometimes comes on a man or woman thus screeching themselves red in the face with not an auditor in sight. If the day is a hot one the reviler bawls as long as he (or she) has breath, then proceeds to refresh himself with a season of fanning, and afterward returns to the attack with renewed fury. A fight in which only two parties are concerned usually resolves itself into mere hair-pulling; the combatants when separated by their friends shout back to each other maledictions and defiance. The quarrel between Laban and Jacob, recorded in the thirty-first chapter of Genesis, when the latter stole away from Laban's house, is a "photographically accurate account of the truly Oriental performance which the Chinese call making an uproar."

Even Babies Abhor a Vacuum.

Philip Welch in Epoch.

"Why, John, what is the matter with baby?" she said, as she came hastily into the house. "He is crying bitterly."

"Yes," replied the old man, handing the infant over, "he is evidently thinking of what the Governor of North Carolina said to the Governor of South Carolina."

THE GREAT PARADE OFF.

BAD WEATHER SPOILS INDIANAPOLIS REPUBLICANS' PROGRAMME.

Delegations Received by Gen. Harrison To-Day—A Poll Tax Question—Mr. Blaine Taking a Rest—The New York Mayoralty Fight—Old Shelby Aroused—Democratic Meeting Postponed—General Political News.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., October 6.—The weather is threatening and chilly and the streets very muddy from last night's rain. For these reasons the big Republican street parade set for to-night has been postponed. A delegation of veterans and members of the Columbia Club will meet the Chicago delegations at the depot this evening, but no street parade will be undertaken. Delegations from Wells, Blackford and Parks Counties will arrive this afternoon and be received by Gen. Harrison at Tomlinson's Hall.

A Poll-Tax Question.

DESMOINES, Io., October 6.—A fine question that may take a national importance is now pending in the Governor's office. It seems that the officers of Hamilton County have imposed a poll-tax on some Italian laborers on the Northwestern road at Stratford. The Italians do not object to laboring for venal recompense, but they positively object to laboring two days for the State of Iowa. They have therefore appealed to the Consul at Chicago concerning the matter, which he, in turn, has referred to the Minister at Washington. The Italian Minister has referred it to Secretary of State Bayard, and the latter has sent to Gov. Larrabee for a statement of the case, with his opinion as to what should be done. The Italians declare that the imposing of this tax is in violation of the commercial treaty of February, 1871, between Italy and the United States, while the claimants on the other side alleged that such taxation is according to the laws of Iowa, and not in violation of the treaty. There are several thousand Italians in this State, all of whom are interested in the question at issue.

Affecting Their Eligibility.

WATERLOO, Io., October 6.—A discovery has just been made which may affect the eligibility of two candidates for Congress in this State. Hon. J. H. Preston of Cedar Rapids, the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Fifth District, is at present serving as District Judge, and Judge Reed, the Republican candidate for Congress in the Ninth District, is a member of the State Supreme Court. Section 5 of article 5 of the Constitution of Iowa provides that a district judge shall be ineligible to any other office except that of Judge of the Supreme Court during the term for which he is elected. Section 8 of the same article says that a Judge of the Supreme Court shall in like manner be ineligible to any other office in the State during his term of office. Both the Fifth and Ninth are close districts.

Mr. Blaine Taking a Rest.

DETROIT, Mich., October 6.—Mr. Blaine is fast mending, and will be able to fill his engagement at Grand Rapids Monday night. This morning he was up early, and at 8 o'clock was engaged in reading a book in the Alger mansion. The physician was called in last evening, and after making an examination stated that the ailment was a slight cold in the throat, caught at the open-air meeting at Adrain and aggravated by speaking. The only prescription was absolute rest indoors until Monday.

Old Shelby Aroused.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SHELBINA, Mo., October 6.—The fall campaign has fairly opened in old Shelby County, and the air is full of politics. In behalf of the Democracy Hon. R. P. Giles, Prosecuting Attorney of this county, spoke to a large crowd in Lakenon yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, notwithstanding the inclement weather. His speech was an able one and will do much for Cleveland, Thurman and tariff reform.

New York's Mayoralty Muddle.

NEW YORK, October 6.—It is admitted that a delegation from the Democratic National Campaign Committee, consisting of Senator Gorman, ex-Senator Barnum, and Congressman Scott of Erie, Pa., called on Mayor Hewitt yesterday to urge Democratic harmony. Mr. Hewitt received the gentlemen courteously, but blandly refused to budge one inch. "If you gentlemen had called on me a week ago, I might have retired," said Uncle Abe sententiously, "but I intend to run now and nothing can prevent me."

The 'Frisco Mayoralty.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., October 6.—The Democratic Convention for the city and county of San Francisco last night nominated E. B. Pond, for Mayor.

Democratic Meeting Postponed.

NEW YORK, October 6.—The Democratic meeting which was to have been held at the Sub-Treasury steps this afternoon has been postponed on account of the bad weather.

CENTENARIANS.

A Scientist's Report on Their Physical Peculiarities.

From the New York Sun.

Prof. Humphrey of England last year reported to the British Medical Associan the results of a careful investigation he had made into the cases of sixty-six centenarians. Briefly summarized his conclusions are thus:

"About one-half were of small or medium stature and a spare habit of body, and only nine were fat, of whom eight were women. In about half the figure was erect, and in the other half it was bent. Thirty were moderate, eleven small and twelve large eaters. More than four-fifths had retained one or more of the qualities of voice indicative of vigor and soundness of the chest organs, viz.: strength, clearness and loudness, only seven having the voice feeble.

"About one-half retained good hearing, and the great majority good sight; about one-half were without teeth, and many others had only two or three left, though there are several instances of the retention of a full set of teeth beyond 100.

"Nearly all had a good appetite and a good digestion, some of them declaring that they had 'never known what it was to have a stomach.' The majority had had no disease or illness in their lives, and those so afflicted had a striking power of recovery and repair from disease or accident.

"There was in the majority a 'total absence of any evidence of rheumatic or gouty affection, past or present, in the joints or fingers, a condition which is often prophylactic against other more serious maladies. It seems that the frame which is destined to great age needs no such prophylactic, and engenders none of the peccant humors for which the finger joints may afford a vent.'

"All of them, with five exceptions only, were either total abstainers or moderate consumers of alcoholic drinks. The exceptions were men from 100 to 105 years, and they included, besides, three 'free' beer drinkers, one Irish farmer who 'often drank to excess,' and another who 'drank like a fish during his whole lifetime.'

"Nearly all of them had been good sleepers, none bad, though a few described themselves as moderate or average. It was early to bed and early to rise with them, their average time in bed being a little over eight hours. Physical activity and an out-of-door life were the characteristics of the great majority. Four were in 'affluent' circumstances, 34 comfortable, and 20 poor. The memory was good in the great majority of them, and their disposition placid, though 8 were 'irritable,' 11 'energetic,' 9 'placid and energetic,' and 5 'irritable and energetic.' Out of 23 men there was only 1 bachelor, but of 43 women 12 were spinsters."

It appears, then, that of those centenarians examined by Prof. Humphry there were forty-three women to twenty-three men. We find also that all of the annuitants of the Scottish Widows' Fund who died during the last ten years at over 90 were women, and the greatest age recorded in the Life Association of Scotland during the same period was a woman of nearly 94.

Good News, if You Live in a Flat.

From the Cincinnati Times-Star.

The hall and passages are now the fashionable picture galleries, the pictures having been banished from the parlor. Often the walls of stairways are lined with them.

THE JUDGE AND THE BABY.

From the Old Colonel in the Atlanta Constitution.

The Judge and the County Court was in trouble.

He had adjourned his court, the jurors had gone home, and he was left alone with the Sheriff.

No—not entirely alone—a sallow-faced woman in a limp and faded gingham sunbonnet and a limper and more faded homespun dress crouched down by the door of the Court-house with a baby in her lap.

The Judge stepped outside for a moment and looked down the one straggling street which constituted the main thoroughfare of Blue Rock.

A dreary, drizzling rain was falling, and there was scarcely a sign of life in the little village.

"Jim!"

In response to the call the Sheriff followed the Judge—he was a big, tall fellow with a good-natured face, and his shambling walk impressed one with an idea of his laziness and general incapacity.

"Jim," said the Judge, "I'll be durned if I know what to do with Sally Black."

The Sheriff hitched up his baggy jean trousers and then scratched his head.

"We're in a fix, Judge," was his reply, and a broad grin spread over his face.

Unconbtedly the Judge was in a fix—he knew that well enough without hearing from the Sheriff. Sally Black had been convicted of vagrancy in his court and he had sentenced her to six months' imprisonment—a sentence which was to be carried out by knocking down the prisoner to the highest bidder.

As a rule, the prisoners disposed of in this manner were negroes, and the farmers of the country were always ready to bid for them and put them to work on their plantations, where they were treated like the other field hands until their term of service expired.

The farmers around Blue Rock were a simple-minded, old-fashioned set of people, and the County Court in their eyes was not a mill of criminal justice—it was merely an agency through which they were supplied with laborers. They wanted Sally Black put through, as they expressed it, because she was the only regular tramp and beggar in the country—a good-for-nothing white woman, who had come from no one knew where, and was evidently going to the devil.

But when their wish was granted—when the forlorn woman in her rags and desolation had been tried, convicted and sentenced, the honest countrymen slipped out of the court room with downcast faces and started homeward. Sheriff Jim spent an hour on a stump in front of the temple of justice vainly endeavoring to auction off his human merchandise, but nobody would offer a bid.

Of course it was no feeling of compassion for Sally Black that held them back—it was the baby!

"Billy Betts would take her," said the Judge, coming out of a brown study. "I think, Jim, I'll send you down to his house."

"All right, Jedge," answered Jim. His Honor looked inside the door. Sally Black still sat on the floor leaning against the wall with her baby in her lap. She did not look up at the Judge's stern face, but the little girl did, and began to laugh and crow in a spasm of delight.

The Judge hastily beat a retreat.

"Jim," he said, "you needn't go after Betts."

"All right, Jedge."

"The fact is, Betts is not the right sort to have a convict; he's a hard man—too rough, you know."

"Jesso, Jedge."

"We'll lock her up in jail until to-morrow," said the other.

The Judge walked inside the Court-house and stooped down to tell the woman of his determination.

A pair of blue eyes flashed at him in riotous merriment, and a pair of pink fists struck at him, and then the child's long fingers entwined themselves in his long beard.

"Oo's oo?" chirruped the baby.

His Honor pushed his captor back, very gently, and then looked at the Sheriff.

"She's a peart gal," remarked Jim.

The Judge bolted out of the door, followed by the faithful officer.

"Jim, this is getting serious."

"Looks like a tough old case," volunteered the Sheriff.

"I can't lock that baby up in our dirty old jail, and I won't."

"How will you fix it, Jedge," asked the other. "Under the law we can't bid for the prisoner."

"I know what I'll do," said the Judge. "I say, Bob, come here!" he shouted to a man on the other side of the street.

Bob crossed over very reluctantly. He was a tenant on a small farm belonging to the Judge, and he was behind with his rent.

He expected to be dunned, but he was mistaken.

In a word, the situation was explained to him.

"But I can't bid," he objected, "I ain't able."

"D—n it, man!" shouted the Judge, "offer a dollar."

"But I can't pay that—I owe you $50 now."

"Confound you!" roared the Judge. "Do as I tell you, and you shall have your own time about paying the back rent."

"All right," replied the fellow slowly, "but Sally Black cannot work, and I cannot afford to feed her."

"See here, Bob," said the Judge, with a determined look, "you just put this woman and her baby in the little cabin on the hill. They won't starve. I'll send them enough to eat."

Bob had no more to say. It was a good bargain for him, and in less than five minutes he was marching down the street, followed by Sally Black and the baby.

The next day the Judge sent in his resignation to the Governor.

To his friends he made a very satisfactory explanation.

"Under our special act," he said, "I receive no salary. I am paid in fees and I don't get any. Then I have to lend the prisoners money to pay their fines, and it is getting so that I will have to support some of the convicts. This court business will run me in debt if I stick to it, and that is why I resigned."

So Sally Black and the baby were quartered in a comfortable log cabin on the Judge's plantation, and their rations were sent to them every week from the big white house over the river.

What became of them after Sally's term was out?

The Blue Rock people would laugh at such a question. They knew the Judge. Sally Black needs no written lease—no contract with witnesses. She will stay in the little cabin as long as she and the baby like it, and the neighbors think she is settled there for life.

THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION ON CORSETS.

They Are Not So Bad, After All, When Not Laced Too Tight.

From the London Telegraph.

In the Biological Section the vexed question of stays and tight lacing was discussed in a separate department. The attendance of the fair sex was especially large. The general expectation which they apparently entertained that the paper would condemn the wearing of stays was, however, agreeably disappointed. Mr. C. S. Roy, Professor of Pathology at Cambridge, and Mr. J. G. Adams, University Administrator of Pathology, who had announced a joint paper "On the Physiological Bearing of Waist Belts and Stays," blessed instead of banning these articles.

They have lately been making some pathological experiments, and had found that a good deal of the blood stored uselessly in the abdominal veins is, by slight pressure, placed advantageously at the disposal of the muscles, brain, and skin. This explains how men, as well as women, instinctively employ some method of abdominal compression, wearing waistbands or belts, or the more elaborate corsets, at periods of increased activity. No doubt fashion has sometimes led to the distortion of the female figure by means of stays, but if not laced too tight the modern corset, by clasping the waist and supporting the bosom and back, constitutes a convenient combination of the different forms of girdle which have been found useful by the women of all civilized nations from the remotest times. Of course, during sleep they are put off, but during hours of exertion, social or otherwise, reasonable tight lacing is fitted to increase mental and physical activity. They, however, cautioned young ladies against carrying this to an injudicious extreme.

By the way, it was suggested to trainers of horses that if they girthed on the racing saddle behind the ribs instead of over them they would thereby gain for the horse the same advantage as was experienced by the long-distance runner from his broad tight leather belt.

Several physicians immediately attacked the paper. Dr. Wilberforce Smith considered it a most dangerous one to be read in an assembly like that. He declared the evils of tight lacing to be manifold and terrible, and that it is perfectly refreshing to find a girl the muscles of whose back have not been withered by wearing stays. Miss Becker took the other side, and advocated rigid and not elastic stays, at the same time giving her approval of modern fashions as better than some dress reforms.

A VERY LIVELY FIGHT.

THAT BETWEEN JAMES H. CRONIN AND A COUPLE OF DETECTIVES.

A Young Blacksmith Comes to the Four Courts to Report a Fracas With Detectives McGrath and Maguire—Chief O'Neill Finds the Two Men and Sends Them Home in a Hack—A Queer Tale.

James H. Cronan, who keeps a saloon at No. 923 Market street, called at the Four Courts at noon to-day and told Chief of Detectives O'Neill that two detectives had just had a fight with him in Peter Ruga's saloon, southeast corner of Tenth and Chestnut streets, and that they were then at Ninth and Chestnut streets drunk. The men, Cronin stated, were Detective Tom McGrath and Officer Denny Maguire, who has been doing detective duty during Fair week. Cronin bore all the outward evidences of having been in a fight. The back of his vest was torn, his shirt was bloody and he had a big cut and bruise on his forehead, just over the left eye. A lump had raised there, and the eye itself was commencing to swell and discolor. O'Neill went down to Ninth and Chestnut streets by himself and sent both officers home. They admitted having had a fight with Cronin, and McGrath had a cut above the eye which removed all doubt about his having been engaged in a fight.

Cronin is a big, powerful young fellow, who, until recently, worked at his trade, horse-shoeing. He was considerably under the influence of liquor to-day himself.

THE STORY,

as he told it, was as follows: "About three months ago Maguire and I had some words in a saloon at the northeast corner of Tenth and Chestnut streets. He came at me, and I knocked him down. Then McGrath came at me, and I knocked him down, too. McGrath came in the saloon with him. Afterward I met them at Tony Grillo's, Ninth and Chestnut streets, and Maguire grabbed me by the neck and attempted to choke me. I knocked him down and when McGrath came at me I knocked him down. I am running two booths at the Fair and they came out there Thursday night and McGrath broke a lot of glasses. To-day I met them in Peter Ruga's saloon and he paid me $1.50 for the glasses they broke. Maguire said he could throw me, and I went back in the yard with him and threw him. Then we returned and I ordered the drinks. While I was standing at the bar not thinking of anything, leaning on my hand, McGrath struck me here. You can see that was not done with his fist. He used something hard on me. Of course, I tackled him and downed him. When I had him on the floor I could have killed him, but he cried for mercy and said he had enough. I let him get up, and thought everything was over and went to my saloon. He came over there and drew a revolver on me, but was prevented from shooting. Then they went to Tony Grillo's saloon, at the northwest corner of Ninth and Chestnut streets, and after I told O'Neill about them he went down and sent them home in a hack. I don't know whether I struck McGrath, but guess I did, as this blood on my shirt sleeve must have come from him. I intend to bring them both before the Board."

PEOPLE WHO SAW THE FIGHT

corroborate Cronin's story about the wrestling with Maguire, but no one seems willing to state whether the first blow was struck by him or McGrath. All agree, however, that Cronin threw him to the floor and gave him the worst of the set-to. The story of McGrath going to Cronin's saloon and drawing a revolver is corroborated. Cronin went before Justice Kane and swore to an affidavit charging McGrath with beating him. He did not make Maguire a co-defendant. He will bring McGrath before the Board.

CHIEF OF DETECTIVES O'NEILL

says McGrath and Maguire were out all last night on duty, and that he told them this morning to go home as they needed sleep. Instead of doing so, however, they visited some saloons and evidently took a few drinks as they showed it when he found them at Ninth and Chestnut streets and sent them home. Very little liquor will effect McGrath. He was badly cut up and appeared to have got the worst of the fight. From what Mr. O'Neill could learn, he said Cronin started it, striking McGrath first. The officers were not on duty at the time, as he had relieved them this morning and told them to go home.

It seems that Joe Reynolds, a friend of Cronin struck Maguire and knocked him down when he attempted to go to McGrath's assistance while the fight was in progress.

THAT AMERICAN MONTE CARLO

[illegible]ull Fights to Go Along With the Gambling—What the Privilege Will Cost.

San Francisco Correspondence New York Sun.

Not content with gold and silver mines and real estate booms as sources of wealth the Pacific Coast is ambitious of establishing an American Monte Carlo which will have attraction and staying power to bring hitherward money galore even after the mines are empty and the booms are flat. The project is already well under way, and unless bigger obstacles arise than those that have been already encountered and conquered, by the 1st of next January fortunes can be gambled away and brains blown out with just as much dispatch on the shore of the Pacific as in Monaco.

The company that is at work on the scheme is composed of J. Downey Harvey, a nephew of ex-Gov. Downey, his partner, John Harkness, John T. Gaffey, a member of the State Board of Equalization, and Walter Maxwell. These gentlemen are all citizens of Los Angeles, and are all wealthy, prominent, and respectable. They expect to locate their Monte Carlo at Tia Juana, which is just across the line in Lower California, and is less than fifty miles from San Diego. It is their intention to have a huge gambling establishment where all manner of games of chance will be played, a casino on the plan of the one at Baden Baden, and to operate a big lottery in the manner of the Louisiana Lottery Company. There will also be an arena in which there will be bull fights and other such sports.

The Mexican Government has granted to the company, which is called the International Lottery Company, the franchise to operate in any part of the State of Baca, peninsula of Lower California, provided the company will for fifty years pay the debt of the State, pay into the school fund $60,000 per year, and maintain two companies of infantry. The Government require $5,000,000 bonds for fulfilment of contract. The sureties are the Duke of Sutherland, Sir Hyde Beekman, Don Ignacio, the Mexican Minister of the Interior, and Don Sepulveda, a warm personal friend of President Diaz. The two former gentlemen are said merely to represent wealthy Mexican officials who do not care about being publicly connected with the matter.

The company is now engaged in raising the $2,500,000 necessary to materialize their brilliant scheme. They expect to do this in a very short time, as several well-known capitalists in New York and others in San Francisco are willing to put up for it. It is said that the commissioners to take charge of the monthly drawings will be ex-Governor Stoneman and President Diaz. Work on the building is to begin at once, and the company expect to have everything in working order in three months.

A Woman's Success at Sugar-Raising.

From the New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Receiving Mrs. Amanda Delmas as a member of the Louisiana Sugar Planters' Association is, on the part of the organization, an instance of the ready recognition accorded women. Mrs. Delmas is a Southerner and a Creole, owning a rich sugar farm directly opposite Pattersonville, in the Teche country. She is said to have enjoyed in her youth all the traditional luxurious ease and indolence in which the daughters of the Louisiana planters were reared, and until the past few years was dependent on others for counsel and support. A few years ago, however, circumstances changed, throwing the entire responsibility of a large plantation directly on her hands. As in many other cases, necessity and opportunity developed capabilities. Mrs. Delmas took straight hold of her affairs, studying farming as a profession until the whole complicated system of raising cane and transforming it into a marketable commodity was mastered and applied. To-day she commands the admiring regard of every planter in her neighborhood, proprietors and managers alike extolling her judgment and progressive methods of cultivating her crops. Those who know her best say Mrs. Delmas trusts little to hired assistants. Every morning she rides through the length and breadth of her estate and on horseback, protected by a big sunshade, supervises personally field work as carried on by the several gangs employed.

ANGLO-JEWISH NAMES.

The Meanings of Cowan, Hart, Lion, Sachs, Brown, Wolf and Fisher.

From the St. James's Gazette.

Lord Coleridge touched upon an interesting theme the other day when he inquired of certain Jewish witnesses how it was that they had adopted the names of Mordaunt and Saville in lieu of their native patronymics of Moses and Samuel. It is not quite correct to say that Jews ever change their original names. In the synagogues they bear throughout their lives the Hebrew names—in the traditional Oriental form of So-and-so, son of So-and-so—given to them shortly after their birth. The instability of the names by which they are known to the world is due to the fact that originally, like all Oriental peoples, they had no family names, and that wherever they have congregated very closely together the secular use of the traditional genealogical forms has been tenaciously preserved. In some countries, such as Germany and Austria, special legislation has been found necessary to compel them to adopt fixed surnames. As, at different times, they have come into closer contact with the Gentile world, they have themselves seen the necessity of surnames; and it is not surprising if, under these circumstances, some of them should have chosen the most sonorous and distinguished they could find.

An examination of the lists of seat holders in the twelve principal synagogues of London shows that less than 5 per cent of the names—such as Beddington, Clifford, Coburn, Curtis, Graham, Halford, Hamilton, Hardinge, Hardy, Herbert, Howard, Lumley, Manville, Marsden, Merton, Montagu, Morley, Morton, Neville, Norman, Russell, Sidney, Walford, etc.—are accounted for on this hypothesis.

The foreign surnames and place names preserved by the Jews of England form a small epitome of the history of the Israelitish dispersion. Side by side with the Hebrew Abrahams, the Egyptian Moses and the English Mordaunt, we have the Greek Alexander and Margolies, the Latin Marcus and the Arabic Mocatta. Those derived from medieval house signs are Rothschild, Adler, Ganz, Schiff, Strauss, Silberkron, etc. Some of the occupation names are interesting. Rophe is Hebrew for physician and Rappoport is a corruption of Rophe d'Oporto; Jaffon is Hebrew for money changer and Mocatta is Arabic for mason.

More strictly Anglo-Jewish are the natural assimilations of Hebrew and Jewish names to English forms. Thus Coleman is a corruption of Kalman, which is an abbreviation of Kalonymos, the Greek translation of the Hebrew Shem Tob (Good Name). Bonny is derived, through Bondi, from a Latin translation of Yom Tob (Good Day). Phillips comes from the Hebrew Uri or Meier, both meaning light, through the Greek equivalent Phœbos and its German-Polish diminutive Pheibul. Saville is a more natural corruptian of Samuel than is generally imagined, seeing that in Germany the Scriptural name has been shortened into Sanvel, and in England we have the authority of Mr. Weller, senior, to spell it with a "we." Freeman is from the German Friedmann, a translation and apocopation of Shalom ben Menachem. Hayman is derived through Hyman and Hyan from the Hebrew Haim (life). Jessel is from Echeskel, the Hebrew pronunciation of Ezekiel. Yates is from Goetz, an abbreviation of Gottschalk, which in Low German means "God's servant," and is a literal translation of Eljakim. Among simpler changes are Cowan=Cohen, Lewin=Levi, Victor=Avigdor, Archer=Asher, Jessop=Joseph and Soman and Slowman=Solomon. Curious instances of misdirected translations are afforded by the names Marchant and Chapman, both of which are anglicizations of the German Kaufmann or Handelsmann. Originally, however, neither of these names meant "merchant" among the Teutonic Jews. Kaufmann is a corruption of Koppleman, of which the first two syllables are a German diminutive of Jacob and the third an abbreviation of Menachem, the whole being a contraction of Jacob ben Menachem. Handelsmann has a similar history, being derived from Elchanon ben Menachem, through Handl, a recognized German diminutive of Elchanon. In the same way Seligman is a contraction of Selig ben Menachem, and Felberman a corrupted contraction of Phœbus (Uri) ben Menachem.

One of the most curious instances of an erroneous etymology is the name Jaffe, which figures among the landed gentry of County Down. It is the Hebrew word for "beautiful," and is a direct translation of the German "Schon." As a Jewish surname, however, Schon or Schen has no meaning. It is simply an acrostic of the Hebrew Schliach Neemon (faithful messenger). These acrostic names are peculiarly Jewish, and many of them are found among English Jews. For example, Katz, which one of these days will perhaps be Anglicized into Cat, is derived from the initials of Kohen Tzedek (priest of righteousness); Schatz, which in Hungary has actually been translated into Kincs, the Magyar for "treasure," is from Schliach Tzibur (Messenger of the Congregation); Babad is from Ben Ab Beth Din (Son of the President of the House of Judgment); Sack is from Sera Kadosh (Holy Posterity), and when the name of a town beginning with s is added—as, for example, Sera Kadosh Speyer (Holy Posterity of Speyer)—it becomes Saks or Sachs, which has frequently been mistaken for an abbreviation of Sachsen (Saxony); Bran is from Ben Rabbi Moses; Bran (corrupted into Braun, and translated into Brown), from Ben Rabbi Nachman; Bard, from Ben Rabbi David; Bersal, from Ben Rabbi Solomon the Levite; and Brll and Ben Rabbi Judah the Levite.

The exegetical names are also peculiarly Jewish. They consist of equivalents for Hebrew names derived from collocations in Biblical texts. Thus the comparisons in Jacob's blessing furnish equivalents for Benjamin in Wolf, for Judah in Lyon, and for Naphtali in Hart. Fisher is an equivalent for Ephraim, because it was foretold (Gen. xviii., 19) that he should multiply exceedingly, and the fish is a symbol of fruitfulness. It is also sometimes a substitute for Moses, because Pharaoh's daughter, in giving him his name, said (Exodus ii., 10): "For I drew him out of the water." Goldsmith has been sometimes adopted as an equivalent for Uri, on the strength of the verse in Exodus (xxxi., 4) which describes Bezaleel ben Uri as "cunning to work in gold." This is the case with the English family of Goldsmid, which is descended from a certain Rabbi Uri Halevi.

Love Letters in an "Improver."

Berlin Dispatch to the London Telegraph.

The Cologne *Gazette* tells an amusing story of the strange discovery a grenadier made during last week's maneuvers. He had been told off to reconnoiter for the enemy, and on his way through a field stumbled over a leather object which he picked up and brought to his Corporal, who pronounced it to be a dress improver. On closer inspection it turned out to contain a large number of billets-doux on tinted paper, written apparently by a student to a lady in the far north of Berlin. The Corporal, who was himself a student going through his "one year's service," tipped the man and kept the "improver." On his return to Berlin he called on "the lady," and had the good luck to find her alone; but what was his surprise, she was a schoolgirl of tender years. Naturally, under the circumstances, he hesitated to give up his find, and hinted that the parents ought to be told, but the fair one was so importunate in her entreaties that he finally softened. "Papa and mamma have no idea of Benno's existence; please give it back, you'll drive me to suicide," she said, in the most piteous way. "I have no place to put his letters so safe as the 'improver,' but I lost it last Sunday when walking with mamma and papa. You can't believe the anguish I have suffered from the thought that some nasty and not an honorable man might find it. Please, please, do give me my 'improver.'" She was pretty, and the Corporal could not refuse any longer, and gave in. She quite forgot his presence, kissed the letters madly, and put the "improver" back in its old place, laughing and crying for very joy. She was too absorbed to thank the soldier, who, however, was plentifully rewarded by getting a good story to tell at mess.

The Bay State Maid and the Minstrel.

From the Fitchburg Sentinel.

A few evenings ago Barlow Brothers' Minstrels played in the town of Torrington, Conn. A very respectable and pretty young lady became immediately enamored of a young artist. She followed him to Winsted the following day. Sunday they took a row upon Long Lake. They were down to Second Bay when suddenly a boat shot out from the willows. It contained an oarsman from Torrington. He steered up alongside his boat, there was a collision; the young lady was pulled into the boat, while the minstrel was floundering in the lake a few minutes later. The minstrel was not drowned, but the girl was awfully embarrassed, for the young man proved to be her affianced husband.

Bound to Have the Last Word.

From the San Francisco Wasp.

A young widow, in erecting a monument to the dear departed, cleverly avails herself of the opportunity to inscribe upon the tomb: "Sacred to the memory of Mathurin Bauchet, who departed this life aged 65 years, regretting the necessity of parting from the most charming of women."

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is worthy your confidence. It is peculiar in that it strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. Give it a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

EVERY NIGHT I SCRATCHED

Until the Skin Was Raw—Body Covered With Scales Like Spots of Mortar—Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

I am going to tell you of the extraordinary change your CUTICURA REMEDIES performed on me. About the 1st of April last I noticed some red pimples like coming out all over my body, but thought nothing of it until some time later on, when it began to look like spots of mortar spotted on, and which came off in layers, accompanied with itching. I would scratch every night until I was raw, then the next night the scales, being formed meanwhile, were scratched off again. In vain did I consult all the doctors in the country, but without aid. After giving up all hopes of recovery, I happened to see an advertisement in the newspaper about your CUTICURA REMEDIES and purchased them from my druggist and obtained almost immediate relief. I began to notice that the scaly eruptions gradually dropped off and disappeared one by one, and have been fully cured. I had the disease thirteen months before I began taking the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and in four or five weeks was entirely cured. My disease was eczema and psoriasis. I recommended the CUTICURA REMEDIES to all in my vicinity, and I know of a great many who have taken them and thank me for the knowledge of them, especially mothers who have babes with scaly eruptions on their heads and bodies. I cannot express in words the thanks to you for what the CUTICURA REMEDIES have been to me. My body was covered with scales, and I was an awful spectacle to behold. Now my skin is as nice and clear as a baby's.

GEO. COTEY, Merrill, Wis.

Sept. 21, 1887.

Feb. 7, 1888.—Not a trace whatsoever of the disease from which I suffered has shown itself since my cure. GEO. COTEY.

We cannot do justice to the esteem in which CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, prepared from it, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, are held by the thousands upon thousands whose lives have been made happy by the cure of agonizing, humiliating, itching, scaly and pimply disease of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP 25c; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

I CAN'T BREATHE.

Chest Pains, Soreness, Weakness, Hacking Cough, Asthma, Pleurisy and Inflammation relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. Nothing like it for Weak Lungs.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE

The following statement from Mrs. Emeline P. Misner of Burg Hill, O., will be of great interest to those who suffer from Bright's Disease or Gravel:

I have long resolved that I would apprise you of the deep sense of obligation which I feel. There is nothing which I now enjoy that I do not owe to the happy chance of having used Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy at a time when I was suffering all that a human being could endure. My troubles began in my Kidneys over nine years ago and from which

I Never Expected to Recover.

I was compelled to use a cane when I walked, and I finally got so weak that I could not stand alone. In a few months my physician said I had Bright's disease, which was indeed alarming information. To add to my affliction after I had been ill about two years, I had a bad attack of Gravel. Six years ago, last June, how well I remember the day, I saw Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy of Rondout, N. Y., advertised in our paper. After using one bottle I threw away my cane and went to New York on a visit, and three bottles cured me; this was six years ago. I have never had a return of gravel, nor of the pains or weakness in the back, and though I am over 60 years of age

I Am Now Vigorous and Strong

as I was in my prime. I do all my own work, and rarely know what it is to be tired. I keep the medicine in the house and give it to my grandchildren, and recommend it whenever I can. What physicians and all of the many remedies I had taken could not do Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy did; it stayed the disease and made me a strong, vigorous woman.

Dr. D. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy,

Rondout, N. Y. Price, $1; 6 for $5.

RICHARDSON DRUG CO., Agents

"MY BLESSINGS

on the man who first invented sleep," said Sancho Panza.

Those who have suffered the excruciating pains of Rheumatism and Neuralgia can appreciate the following:

"The skill of five physicians could not cure me of Rheumatism which had settled in the hips, neck and shoulders. So intense was the pain that sleep was almost impossible. The first dose of ATHLOPHOROS gave me relief, and the third enabled me to sleep for four and a half hours without waking. I continued its use, and now am well.

REV. S. H. TROYER, New Albany, Ind."

ATHLOPHOROS is not like most pretended Rheumatic remedies, for outward application. It is taken internally and goes to the root of the disease and kills the poison in the blood. The most chronic cases submit to its beneficial effect. Ask your druggist for ATHLOPHOROS. If they do not keep it send $1 to

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO., 112 Wall St., N.Y.

Send 4 cents to the above address and receive the greatest puzzle since the celebrated "Fifteen."

DRUNKENNESS,

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. IT NEVER FAILS. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For sale by M. W. Alexander, Broadway and Olive st.; Richardson Drug Co., 4th and Clark av.; Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., 6th and Washington av.; J. S. Merrell Drug Co., 4th Washington av., St. Louis, Mo.

OFFICIAL RAILWAY TIME TABLES

And Guide to the City of St. Louis. Containing time tables of all through and suburban trains, street guide and other useful city information. The only publication adopted by railroad officials as a book of reference for their conductors. [illegible]

PROCLAMATION!

TO THE

CITIZENS OF MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, INDIANA, KENTUCKY, ARKANSAS and TENNESSEE

AT THE REQUEST OF THE

Great Industrial and Art Exposition of St. Louis (The World's Finest Permanent Exposition, Open Day and Night Until October 20th), the **Celebrated GILMORE and His Enchanting Band** (Who Play Daily, Afternoon and Evening, at the Exposition), the **Zoological Gardens** at the World-Renowned **Fair Grounds** [Whose Gardens and Aggregation of Domestic and Wild Animals is of Great Interest], the **Illuminating Committee of St. Louis** [Who Reproduce on Thursday Evening of Each Week, on a More Magnificent Scale, the Gorgeous and Wonderful Parisian Street Illuminations].

And in order to enable you and your neighbors to witness these Gorgeous Sights, as well as the famous FOREST and TOWER GROVE PARKS, SHAW'S BOTANICAL GARDENS, and the other varied attractions, ALL RAILROADS, NEXT WEEK, WILL SELL YOU

Special Excursion Tickets, at Extraordinary Low Prices,

TO ST. LOUIS AND RETURN, GOOD FOR FIVE DAYS.

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THE CADETS OF ST. LOUIS.

A NEW YORK MILITIAMAN PRAISES THE LOCAL BOY SOLDIERS.

Dangerous Condition of the New York Militia—But Two Reliable Regiments—An Ill Advised Recruiting System—How Militia Should Be Used—The Cadet School the Best—Risks of Indiscriminate Enrollment.

"In viewing the military parade of the cadets last Wednesday night," said Adelbert B. Seecom of New York, who is at the Southern, "I was most favorably impressed with the fact that the boys of St. Louis were taking an active interest in military affairs and that the militia would not be entirely dependent in future on those trained to arms after they had reached maturity. This may seem an unimportant thing to those who have not investigated the problem of militia service in time of riot, but to those that have the fact that so many boys will when they grow up possess at least a slight knowledge of drill and organization is indicative of most excellent results in the future, and is an insurance on the safety of the community.

FIELD OF MILITIA SERVICE.

"While militia drill is generally supposed to simply afford a training which will be of value in the case of war with some foreign power, the events of the last few years have most unmistakably proved that the true field of activity of the militia lies in suppressing civic disturbances, the military force of the different States being in reality nothing more nor less than police reserves. The citizen soldiery are often more effective against mobs, but to a discerning eye the manner in which the militia is now organized is one of the features in civic government most dangerous to the safety of the community.

A BAD STATE OF AFFAIRS.

"As is well known to the authorities, in the entire city of New York there are but two regiments, the Seventh and the Twenty-second, the latter my own regiment, that could be relied on in case of anything like a general riot. Under the present system of New York and in fact of all the Eastern States, exact companies are discouraged, and the ranks of the militia recruited from men from 17 to 25 years of age. Of course each company is raised in the section in which its drill-room is the place of assembly located, and until recently each regiment had its armory in the quarter of the city where most of the soldiers lived. The danger at this system is evident—suppose that a riot should break out in a certain quarter of the city; the men who compose the militia detachment nearest at hand are naturally in sympathy with their fathers, brothers and neighbors, and cannot be expected to act efficiently against them. Further than this, in any widespread outbreak the militia, in acting with the authorities, would be only too likely to act against them, and would form the most formidable section of the mob, as they would be drilled and armed and supplied with ammunition by the State against whose officers they would act. It is a well-recognized fact in New York, Philadelphia, Brooklyn and Boston that many companies are recruited from among the idle young men of the most disorderly wards of the city, and at the most inhabit the armories frequently hold commissions. To this fact is due the result, equally well recognized, that the quiet and orderly young fellows of the wards in question do not join the militia organization and that all the trained men are taken from among those from whom the authorities have most to fear. That this idea is not exaggerated the recent action of the officers of rank in removing the arsenals from certain localities unmistakably proves.

WHAT VALUE OF CADETS.

"The formation of cadet companies," Mr. Seecom went on to say, "in a great measure prevents this dangerous condition of affairs. The boys who are drilled before they grow up soldier love their taste for military manners, and after they grow up they control far more widely than is the case with adults. Each of these boys is therefore likely to get up a company without any political end in view, but simply from a spirit of military pride, and to drill it with an eye single to its efficiency. The few companies in the dangerous districts of our Eastern cities that could be relied on in case of local disturbance are nearly without exception officered by cadet graduates. The mustering officers always try to give every encouragement to the young fellows in their effort to extend the militia organization and it is a subject of general regret that cadets are not provided suitable for boys between 12 and 16, as the men who have gone through the cadet schooling make our most efficient militiamen. St. Louis, I am glad to see, has a most excellent nucleus of this kind, being better provided in this respect than any city that I know of.

HOW TO USE MILITIA.

"The officers of the New York militia are fully aroused to the importance of one fact, and that is that militia should never be used where it is possible to avoid it, in the section of the city in which it is recruited. The matter has been carefully studied, and should a riot break out the law-breakers will have to face not their own neighbors, to whom they are united by ties of blood, friendship and interest, but troops with whom they have nothing in common, and to whom they are entirely unknown. Should trouble sufficiently serious to call for the interference of the militia break out near the wharves, the troops enrolled there would, it is true, be mustered, but only to be marched off on some pretext or other to a distant quarter, while men from the most remote section would be sent to the scene of action. Used in this way, militia will be nearly as effective as regulars, but when troops raised in any section are called upon to repress disorders in their own homes they are worse than useless. Of all systems the cadet system is the best to spread military knowledge among the people, without risk of dangerously concentrating it in unreliable hands, and I would like to see New York have as proportionately large a force of this kind as St. Louis. Had we this basis it would not be necessary to disarm half a dozen organizations on the occasion of serious trouble, as would have to be done at home at the present time."

TRY a can of 5-cent corn and you will buy a case. Three car-loads to offer.

IRA BOUTELL GROCERY CO.

North St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry B. Harrison have returned home from Cincinnati.

Miss Lizzie Ballard of 817 Destrehan street, is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Julia Connor of Quincy, Ill.;

Mrs. S. A. Ober, 3706 North Broadway, is entertaining Mr. Ben Ober and family of Williamsonville, Mo.

Mrs. L. Linzel of Peirce City, Mo., will be entertained this week by Mrs. S. A. Gruner, 3724 Blair avenue.

Ell McCarrigan, an idler, was fined $50 and given ten hours to leave town. The other cases were unimportant.

The Misses Hattie and Viola Haltiegallreth of Vermont are being entertained by Miss Ada A. Lewis, daughter of Judge Henry E. Lewis, 3706 North Ninth street.

The funeral of Mr. Frederick Brinkmeyer, whose death occurred yesterday, will take place to-morrow from the family residence, No. 2525 North Market street.

To-morrow afternoon Mr. Stephen M. Ryan, Master Workman of District Assembly, K. of L., will deliver an address on the benefit of tariff reform at Excelsior Hall, Ninth and Franklin avenue.

Amand Stanard, a colored roustabout, was arrested in the Third District this morning on charge of obtaining money under false pretenses by collecting $2 from John Paraglola, which Mr. Baraglola owed to another colored party for work.

The case of the State of Missouri against Mrs. Elizabeth Welshamper, who is charged by Miss Olga Mayer with assault and battery, has been transferred from Justice Nacke's court to Justice Harmon's on a change of venue. It will come up for a hearing on Thursday.

There were twenty-three cases in the Second District Police Court this morning. Frank Saunders, B. Lempemeyer and John Holtgrave were fined $25 each for driving off a horse attached to a surrey, belonging to Patrick Monahan. They were let off on the payment of $5 and the costs in each case.

Collided With a Tree.

A team of horses attached to an ice wagon belonging to Louis Rabold of 1809 South Ninth street, took fright yesterday morning on the corner of Eleventh street and Lafayette avenue, and ran away. They went west on Lafayette avenue and collided with a large tree. The coupling pole of the wagon and its hind wheels were demolished. The damage amounts to $25.

TIED ON THE FIGURES.

REMARKABLE RESULT OF THE PRESIDENTIAL GUESSING AT THE EXPOSITION.

A Change in the Night for the A. O. U. W. Programme and the New Date as Fixed—Bad Weather Fails to Injure the Great Show—This Evening's Splendid Programme.

CLEVELAND won easily Thursday night and the majority he gained over Harrison and Morton was enormous, when its relation to the total number of votes cast is taken into consideration. The result of the guessing was announced by President Kennard last night and every seat in the Music Hall was filled when he stepped upon the stage. He said that the total number of blue, or Harrison badges taken was [illegible] and the total number of red or Cleveland badges 6,744. As soon as the crowd caught the "four thousand" in the Cleveland figures there was a wild yell that shut the speaker up and he had to wait for some time to add the "seven hundred and forty-four." He then said that there was a tie in the guessing. Cleveland's majority was 843 and Miss Berdie Smith of Terre Haute, Ind., and H. L. Pace of 5713 Lucas place both guessed 840. Mr. Kennard instructed the two lucky ones to meet at the treasurer's office at 3 o'clock today to decide whether they would guess again or divide the prize. The fortunate little girl is a miss of 11 summers, and it will be noticed that she is from Indiana. This is probably an omen. There was another guess of 840 by H. Fuerborn, but he gave the majority to Harrison and of course he has no interest in the result.

* * *

Most of the music to be played to-night is of the popular order and while there are some pieces of classical music to vary the programme, there is but little that is unfamiliar to the public. The following programme has been arranged:

8 O'CLOCK.

1. Overture—"Ditcher und Bauer"..... Suppe
2. Song—"Good News from Home"..... Gilmore
3. Quartette for Trombones—Soldiers' Chorus from "Faust"..... Gounod
   Messrs. Wilson, Schubert, Kruger and Raffayole (with full band in finale).
4. Selection—The gems of "Gioconda"..... Ponchielli
5. Solo for Cornet—"Polka de Concert"..... Bagby
   Mr. Henry A. Higgins.
6. Popular selection—"Rose, Shamrock and Thistle"..... Godfrey
   (Introducing favorite melodies of England, Ireland and Scotland).

9 O'CLOCK.

1. Overture—"A Night in Grenada"..... Kreutzer
2. Gavotte—"The Fourth Sex"..... Chaminade
   A. W. Hoffman of the Beethoven Conservatory
3. Rapsodie Hongroise—No. 2..... Liszt
4. Romanza—"Fate as Snow"..... Lange
5. Fantasie Populaire—"Carnival de Venice"..... Paganani

Fourteen soloists will each play a variation of his own to the selection on above theme.

7. March—"Men of Harlech"..... Godfrey

* * *

Bad weather is not wanted in Fair week, because any disappointment to the visitors who come here to enjoy themselves is a source of regret to the citizens of St. Louis and to the Exposition management, but certainly the rain at clouds are friendly to the Exposition. All during the bad weather the attendances at the building has been enormous. The crowds that have poured in have kept the place filled the whole time and it is natural, for there is no brighter, pleasanter place than there where there are thousands of pretty things to be seen and the most delightful music. The art gallery attracts a great deal of attention too and a large number of people is always to be found studying the pictures. The galleries contain some of the masterpieces of the world's greatest artists.

* * *

"Vanishing Glories" and the lady in black are still puzzling the wits of the curious. There is no conclusion reached as to the material on which the picture is painted and the frequent visits the lady in black pays to it indicate that her mind is not thoroughly made up.

* * *

To-night was to have been given over to the A. O. U. W., but the programme has been changed. The order wanted another night and President Kennard has allowed them to select Monday, October 15. It is stated in a morning paper that Monday next will be A. O. U. W. night, but this is also a mistake. The date finally selected is as here given. Mr. Johnston was so notified to-day by President Kennard.

* * *

The fish seem to be prospering in their tank and they are furnishing lots of fun to the small boys who can hardly resist the temptation to get a bent pin and string and go fishing right there.

THE finest oysters in the city at Cafe Oakes.

CHURCH CHAT.

Religious Items of Interest and Additional Subjects for Sabbath Discourses.

Rev. Lawrence W. Scott will preach at the Fourth Christian Church Sunday morning and evening.

J. S. Tustin will conduct a meeting for young men at the Y. M. C. A., this evening at 8 o'clock.

At the evening service at Christ's Church, which begins at 7:30 o'clock to-morrow evening, Spohr's "Last Judgment" will be sung.

Rt. Rev. D. S. Tuttle sailed from Havre on the French line steamer Normandy on September 29 and will arrive home on October 13. He will preach at the Cathedral October 14.

A mission for young men will begin in St. Bridget's Church October 28. The Passionist Fathers will conduct the exercises. The Young Men's Sodality will make their annual retreat at the same time.

Dr. John Matthews has returned, and will occupy his pulpit at Centenary Methodist Church to-morrow morning and evening. He has been visiting his son, a prominent dry goods merchant of Kansas City.

Swedes' Evangelical Congregational Church worships in Gronmeyer's Hall, corner Olive and Nineteenth streets. Preaching every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer-meeting every Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

The Literary Society of the Y. M. C. A. will meet to elect officers for the coming season, next Thursday evening. An interesting literary programme will also be presented. Members of the society and those desiring to become members are invited.

F. H. Jacobs, the new State Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association of Missouri, will be introduced to the members and friends of the St. Louis Association next Tuesday night, when an informal reception will be tendered him. Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D. D., of the Second Presbyterian Church, delivering the address of the evening.

Rev. O. A. Bartholomew, pastor of the First Christian Church, Seventeenth and Olive streets, who went to St. Joseph to deliver an address before the Christian Missionary Convention of Missouri on Wednesday evening, returned yesterday, and will preach in his church as usual to-morrow morning and evening.

Meetings for men only will be held at the Y. M. C. A., Pine and Twenty-ninth streets, at 3:30 and 4:30 o'clock to-morrow, the former being a Bible class, led by the General Secretary, and the latter a gospel meeting, conducted by Geo. E. Thomas, who will take as his topic "A Ruined Young Man Restored." All young men are welcome.

Messrs. P. Lax, E. A. Defebre, L. Stockhirt, A. Rischitsch, J. Rupp, J. Mundwyler, Harry Weston and M. Caso, all of Gilmore's band, will assist in the orchestral parts of Mozart's celebrated "Twelfth Mass" at St. Alphonsus' (Rock) Church to-morrow. The mass will be rendered by a chorus of twenty-five voices, with full orchestral accompaniment. Service begins at 10:30 a. m.

A meeting for railroad men and their families will be held at the Union Depot Railroad Branch Y. M. C. A., 1308 Poplar street, at 4:15 p. m. to-morrow, conducted by Geo. W. Cobb, who has just been elected Secretary of the Branch. Mr. Cobb brings to his new position an experience of over fifteen years in work among railroad men, and under his management the association will doubtless have a marked growth.

The fall meeting of the St. Louis Association of Congregational Churches is to be held in Webster Groves, beginning Thursday evening, October 11, and continuing through the next day and evening. The session will open at 7 p. m. at the church with a supper and social reunion tendered by the local church and congregation to the visiting friends from the other churches of the association. An interesting order of exercises, consisting of discussions of live religious topics, conferences on church work, etc., has been prepared. The association includes the Congregational churches of St. Louis and vicinity.

THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH contains a larger number of telegrams than any other Sunday morning paper.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

O. P. Q.

Mrs. L. M. Dorsey has gone to New York to visit her brother.

Miss Theresa Finn has returned from a visit to friends in the country.

Miss Clara Wells is entertaining this week her cousin, Miss Kitty Phelps.

Miss Stella Mitchell is spending the gay season with St. Louis relatives.

Dr. E. C. Burnett is entertaining this week his sister, Mrs. Jessie Shryock.

Mrs. J. Hoffman has been visiting her niece, Miss Julia Lietze of Carlyle, Ill.

Miss Maggie Bacon arrived this week to visit her sister during the gay season.

Miss Julia E. Thompson has gone to Marshall, Mo., for the winter season.

Mrs. Thomas Moore arrived on Monday to visit her daughter, Mrs. C. E. Sayer.

Mrs. George M. Shryock is spending the week with her sister on Delmar avenue.

Miss Myra Atwood of Leavenworth was one of the guests this week at the V. P. ball.

Mrs. Thornburgh has returned from a visit to Mrs. Charles January at her country home.

Mrs. Dr. W. B. Dorsett has returned from a visit to her friend, Mrs. J. F. Jolly at Olney, Ill.

Mrs. Harry Wilmot has been entertaining this week Mrs. John Armstrong of St. Joseph, Mo.

Mrs. W. F. Barrett of Hot Springs was visiting the city this week the guest of Miss Perkins.

Miss Minnie Clendennin has returned from a visit to Miss Dedie Care at her home near Ferguson.

Mrs. Frank Gulic is entertaining this week Mrs. Judge Edwards and Mrs. W. R. McElvain.

Mrs. Fred Sanderman is entertaining during this week Miss Jennie Burrus of Burlington, Ia.

Mrs. W. A. Smith of Morgan street returned early this week from a visit to friends at Louisville, Ky.

Mr. James McDonough is entertaining this week his relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Veneman.

Mrs. P. C. Medley is entertaining, for the month of October, Mrs. T. F. Wheeler of Cape Girardeau.

Mrs. Charles January returned on Monday from Omaha, where she has been spending several weeks.

Mrs. B. F. Thomas returned on Wednesday from Indiana, where she has been spending several weeks.

Miss Lizzie Bryan of Trenton, Mo., is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. J. B. Nichols of Kossuth avenue.

Mrs. Mamie Carroll after a pleasant visit to St. Louis relatives has returned to her home at Cape Girardeau.

Mrs. Dr. R. P. Ferris returned home on Thursday after a visit of several days to her St. Louis relatives.

Mrs. Wm. Hempke, wife of the Vice-Consul at Calihuahua, Mexico, was the guest this week of Mrs. Beard.

Mrs. S. J. Lake of Memphis will return home after a visit of several weeks to Miss Lee Allen at the Lucas Mansion.

Mrs. Charles Dodson has returned from a visit to the family of Mr. T. W. Rischis where she spent three weeks.

Mrs. M. L. Frisbie of New Albany, Ind., is a guest this week of Mrs. Fannie Leavenworth of Washington avenue.

Mrs. F. Doan has returned to Bowling Green, Mo., after a visit of several weeks to her relatives in the city.

Mrs. D. P. Lockett of Henderson, Ky., arrived on Monday to spend the festive season with Mrs. E. M. Hackett.

Gen. and Mrs. C. P. Holland return to-day to Springfield, after spending the week in the city enjoying the festivities.

Miss Mamie Lewis, who has been spending the past week with St. Louis friends, has returned to her home in Alton.

Mrs. M. T. Beckwith is entertaining Mrs. C. A. Beckwith and Miss Nellie Todd during the remainder of the gay season.

Miss May Harris of McKee avenue has returned from a visit to her aunt, Mrs. A. E. Henry of Southwest Missouri.

Mrs. Wm. S. Portis has returned with her family from Brazil, and is with Mrs. E. B. Sherzer, 3128 Sheridan avenue.

Mrs. Charles P. Brown and baby boy of Springfield, Mo., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Sandie Brown of 3608 Pine street.

Mrs. George D. Clayton [illegible] are spending the week with h[illegible], Mrs. L. E. Morrison of Vandeventer place.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. P[illegible] Thomas street have been entertaining [illegible] the week their daughter, Mrs. W. L. [illegible].

Mrs. Will Ricketts [illegible] ar guests this week Mrs. John Ricketts and her daughter, Miss Hallie Ricketts of Charleston.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Mills of Washington avenue are entertaining this week her sister, Miss Addie Matthews, of Nashville, Tenn.

Mr. and Mrs. Patterson Bain, who have been spending the summer at Ferguson, have concluded to remain there all winter.

Mrs. Margaret H. Robertson returned to Jefferson City on Wednesday, after attending the Veiled Prophet's ball on Tuesday.

Mrs. Thomas Blackwell returns next week to her home at Lee's Summit after a visit of a week to Mrs. S. M. Murphy of Bell avenue.

Mrs. Andrew Woods arrived this week from Nashville to make a visit of several weeks to her daughter-in-law, Mrs. James W. Woods.

Misses Sadie and Luna Stevens, who spent the early part of the week with St. Louis relatives, have returned to their home at Hannibal.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Chaney of Leonard avenue have been entertaining during the week their neice, Miss Mamie Chaney of Jefferson City.

Mrs. Thomas H. Scudder, who has been spending the festival season with her St. Louis relatives, has returned to her home at Springfield.

Mrs. L. M. Hamilton has been entertaining during the week her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Ed J. Hamilton, and her children from Duquoin.

Mrs. A. B. Dyas and little daughter have returned to Columbia after a visit of two or three weeks to the Misses Baylis of Lucas place.

Mrs. J. F. Jolly of the South Side has returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati and Kentucky, and is entertaining this week a party of friends.

Mrs. M. Tobin has returned from Denver, Colo., where she has been on visit to her daughter, Sister Ignatia, who belongs to the Loretto order of nuns at that place.

Mrs. T. H. Herdman and her daughter, Miss Minnie Herdman, return to-day to their home at Collinsville, after a visit of a fortnight to their relatives in North St. Louis.

Miss Marie L. Christy, after spending the summer with her mother's relatives in California, and September in Colorado with Mrs. J. L. D. Smith, has returned home.

The West End Soiree Club will give their second party this evening at Euterpe Hall. The members are Mr. Fred Krite, George McCassidy, V. V. Scollard and Charles Leonard.

Miss Minnie Clark returned on Monday from a visit to her aunt, Mrs. E. W. Clay at her country home. She was accompanied by Miss Nellie Alexander, who is spending the week with her.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Black and their pretty little daughter, and Mrs. Myron Ticknor, formerly of St. Louis, now residing in Chicago, have been visiting relatives in St. Louis this week. Mrs. Black will be remembered by her friends here as Miss Jennie Ticknor. They leave for home this evening.

O. P. Q.

BILL NYE in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

F. M. Chandler, Cleveland, O.; G. G. Hughes, San Diego; A. R. Blackburn, Anthony, Kan., and W. E. Croysdale, Kansas City, are at the Planters'.

J. P. Tuckerman, Philadelphia; F. E. Reed, Chicago; F. A. Gard, New York; A. H. Pollock, Cincinnati; W. M. Smith, New York, and G. Wakefield, Milwaukee, are at the Southern.

F. J. Ries, Iowa City, Io.; C. A. Logan, Kansas City, and Ben C. Mason, Galveston, are at the St. James.

T. A. Pettigrew, Charleston, Ark.; Louis Erhart, Atchison, Kan.; S. B. Turner, Fort Worth, and N. Codington, Kansas City, are at the Ladede.

Charles S. Schrader, Cincinnati; L. Strauss, New York; S. M. Phillips, Indianapolis; C. E. Gallagher, Wilmington, Del., and A. B. Wheeler, Chicago, are at the Lindell.

Have You Tried

"Cafe Oakes?"

The Pedagogical Society.

The Pedagogical Society held its annual meeting this morning in the Polytechnic Building and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: John S. Collins, President; D. H. Harris, Vice-President; Hale G. Parker, Secretary; George W. Krull, Corresponding Secretary, and Henning W. Prentis, Treasurer. The secretary and treasurer's report for the past year were read and adopted.

THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH gives a larger amount of local news than any other Sunday morning paper.

SPIRITED AWAY.

The Handsome Daughter of a Doctor Mysteriously Disappears in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., October 6.—There arrived at the Palmer House Tuesday, October 2, a middle-aged gentleman, evidently English, accompanied by a decidedly handsome young lady, 16 or 17 years of age. He registered as Dr. E. Robbins and daughter, Los Angeles, Cal. They were assigned to room No. 324. That evening Dr. Robbins paid his bill, and accompanied by the girl left the hotel. Last night he sought the assistance of the police to recover his daughter, who, he claimed, had been spirited away by agents of the Woman's Protective Association. He says that several years ago he parted from his wife in England and came to this country, drifting to Montana, Idaho and finally to California, where he amassed a fortune. His wife meantime secured a divorce. Learning of this, Dr. Robbins sent for his daughter and met her in New York. He claims that some unknown person telegraphed here that the girl was not his daughter, but that he was leading her astray. Two days ago a woman called on the girl and he has not seen her since. Dr. Robbins did not explain where he had been stopping since the day he left the Palmer House. A search among all the leading hotels last night failed to locate the doctor. Mrs. Dye, clerk of the Protective Association, denies any knowledge of the man or girl.

THE cough which generally accompanies bronchitis yields to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Death of Minister Childs' Wife.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Mrs. J. B. Childs, wife of the United States Minister to Siam, died October 4 on board the Inman Line steamer City of Chicago. The body was landed here to-day.

S. S. S.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

Is entirely a vegetable preparation containing no Mercury, Potash, Arsenic or other poisonous substance.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

Has cured hundreds of cases of Epithelioma or Cancer of the Skin, thousands of cases of Eczema, Blood Humors and Skin Diseases, and hundreds of thousands of cases of Scrofula, Blood Poison and Blood Taint.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

Has relieved thousands of cases of Mercurial poisoning, Rheumatism and stiffness of the Joints.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., June 27, 1888.—Swift's Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: In the early part of the present year a bad case of blood poison appeared upon me. I began taking S. S. S. under the advice of another, and to-day I feel greatly improved. I am still taking the medicine and shall continue to do so until I am perfectly well. I believe it will effect a perfect cure. Yours truly,

DOC. J. HOWARD.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 7, 1888.—The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: I was a great sufferer from muscular rheumatism for two years. I could get no permanent relief from any medicine prescribed by my physician. I took over a dozen bottles of your S. S. S., and now I am as well as I ever was in my life. I am sure your medicine cured me, and I would gladly recommend it to any one suffering from any blood disease. Yours truly,

O. S. BOOKER,
Conductor C. C. R. R.

WACO, TEXAS, May 8, 1888.—Gentlemen: The past winter I was taken with a carbuncle which developed into a malignant skin disease that covered my whole body. This was continued for two and one-half years in spite of all the remedies and treatment that I could get. The disease baffled the skill of the best physicians in this section. I was induced to try S. S. S., and after using a few bottles found myself greatly improved. I continued its use until I had taken about a dozen bottles, when I was entirely cured. I have since been in the best health, and have gained in flesh from 140 to 175 pounds. I feel that I owe my life to S. S. S., and cheerfully recommend it to anyone afflicted with blood disease. Yours truly,

T. H. BLAIR.

Wholesale Druggists, Austell Avenue.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. The Swift Specific Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., or 159 West 23d Street, New York.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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Six months.........5 00
Three months.........2 50
By the week (delivered by carrier).........20
Sunday Edition, by mail, per year.........2 00

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

[illegible] postage paid.........$1 00
[illegible] postage paid.........60

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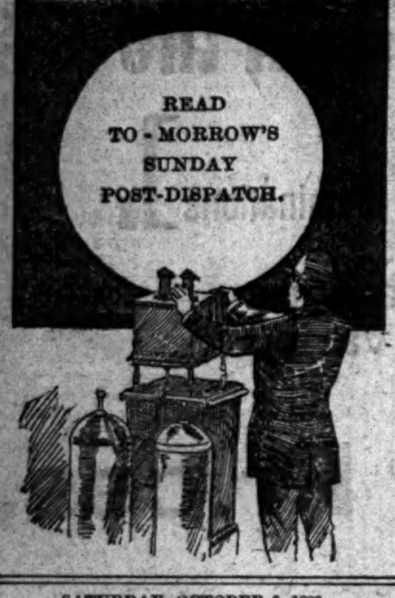
POST-DISPATCH,
513 Olive street.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

[illegible].........285
[illegible].........284

[illegible] Office, 33 Cockspur Street, Charing [illegible]

[The c]irculation of the POST-DISPATCH in the City of St. Louis is larger than that of any other two newspapers. The books of the POST-DISPATCH are always open to our advertisers, who are requested to verify for themselves our statements of Circulation.



SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1888.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

EXPOSITION—Open afternoon and evening.
KENSINGTON—"Last Days of Pompeii."
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Held by the Enemy."
OLYMPIC—"Pearl of Pekin."
PEOPLE'S—"Zo-Zo, the Magic Queen."
POPE'S—"Fantasma."
STANDARD—London Specialty Co.
CYCLORAMA—"Battle of Bull Run."

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

PEOPLE'S—"Zo-Zo, the Magic Queen."
POPE'S—"The White Slave."
STANDARD—London Specialty Co.

BLUE

The indications for twenty-four hours, commencing at 3 p. m. to-day, for Missouri are: Rain, followed on Sunday by fair, cooler weather; northerly winds.

THIRTY-ONE days until the appearance of the Democratic rooster in the Democratic paper.

THERE is no doubt that when Mayor FRANCIS goes out of office he will leave a vacancy. It is there now.

PERFECT harmony has been secured in the Ninth Congressional District by giving the bosses all they wanted.

THE husband contest in the POST-DISPATCH discloses evidences that the POST-DISPATCH is the most popular paper in the city.

SENATOR BECK pertinently sums up the Republican tariff bill as going to "the extreme of protection, restriction and destruction."

THE leading news sensation of the past week has been the story of the Whitechapel murders and the POST-DISPATCH has been the leading newspaper of St. Louis in telling the story.

THE theory of non-interference is held in the Bismarckian sense by the Democratic State Committee. Reduced to plain English it means "Do as I want you and there will be no trouble."

THERE need be no haste in filling the vacant office of Street Commissioner. It can be filled after the Second District Police Justice is appointed, or it may wait until the Mayor resumes the duties of his office.

THE telegraphic service of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH last Sunday contained 56,232 words. This is about our average service, and fills from thirty-six to forty columns of nonpareil type with fresh and varied reading not duplicated [in] any other paper.

MR. BLAINE revokes his Michigan appointments on account of his failing voice, [an]d will reserve himself for Indiana. He [is] not afraid of being blamed for the re[su]lt in HARRISON'S own State. Should it [gi]ve a Democratic plurality of 10,000 or [illegible],000 in spite of all that BLAINE can do [fo]r the nominee, so much the worse for [th]e nominee.

IF grain-cornerer HUTCHINSON had con[sp]ired with some one else to put up the [pr]ice of bread by manipulating the [m]arket he would be a criminal; as he accomplished the deal himself he may enjoy his ill-gotten wealth in security from punishment. He is just as much of a rogue in the one case as the other, and it is a defective law which requires a man to have a partner in his roguery and profits to be amenable to punishment.

HABITUAL PRIORITY IN JOURNALISM.

The habitual priority of the POST-DISPATCH over all competitors in the printing of the news was illustrated again by yesterday's POST-DISPATCH and to-day's morning papers.

There is nothing remarkable in the exhibit, because it happens daily, and we refer to it only to prove more conclusively, if possible, the superiority of the live afternoon newspaper over the morning paper and the fact that when people read the morning dailies they get simply a repetition of the news already printed in the POST-DISPATCH of the day before.

There was scarcely an item and absolutely none of importance in to-day's morning papers that was not reprinted from the POST-DISPATCH and in many instances the repetitions were word for word the same. Among the repeated news items may be mentioned the latest developments in the Whitechapel murder and the determination of Sir CHARLES WARREN to use bloodhounds in tracking the murderer; the doings of the Emperors in Vienna; the arrest and sensational career in St. Louis of Gen. KILLILLEA; the terrible railroad collision near Hannibal station, New York; the interview with Senator SHERMAN on the annexation of Canada; the life of "Old Hutch;" the hanging of PHILIP PALLEDONI at Bridgeport, Conn., the arrival of COQUELIN and HADING, the distinguished French actor and actress; the burglary of the residence of JACOB M. GRUEN; the situation among the coal miners; the arrest for murder of GIOVANNI B. DENDERO in Boston; the arrest for the murder of a supposed suicide of DAVID GLICKMAN in Chicago; the suicide of Mrs. ANNA WESELY; the finding of the dead body of a murdered woman in Pennsylvania; the favorable turn of the yellow fever at Jacksonville; the improvement in the mail facilities between St. Louis and New York. In addition to this list, which is not complete by any means, should be mentioned the news of sports, politics, business and current events, all of which were thoroughly covered to the exclusion of the morning papers.

The people want all of the news at first hand and presented in the best shape. They get it in the POST-DISPATCH and this is what makes it the most successful and popular newspaper in St. Louis.

THE REPUBLICAN TARIFF BILL.

The Senate tariff bill is nothing more than a campaign document, and was not intended to be anything more, but even as a campaign document it is not a success.

Of course there are some good features in its minor details, but a few of its prominent features are enough to condemn it as far inferior to the Mills bill.

It makes a reduction of nearly $28,000,000 in duties on sugar, just at the time when the production of sorghum sugar has been rendered possible in the West, and when the cultivation of the sugar beet has been started in California on a larger scale. So far as this reduction cheapens sugar it is a distinct retreat from the "American "system of protecting and fostering in-"fant industries." So far as it fails to cheapen sugar this bill will simply enable Spain or our own Sugar Trust to pocket the money which consumers now pay into the United States Treasury.

The $27,500,000 which this bill removes from tobacco will simply relieve tobacco consumers of that much which they now voluntarily pay for a luxury, and this relief is given them avowedly and only to avoid removing $27,500,000 of taxes from the coarse necessaries of life consumed by the toilers of the land and their wives and children.

But while this is a bill to disown our infant sugar industries, and to exclude agricultural interests from the benefits of protection and to cheapen the luxuries of people addicted to bad habits, it is at least a confession that the taxes imposed by Republican legislation are $75,000,000 too much. The confession comes with such a bad grace, however, and the amendment is tendered in such a questionable shape and with so little appearance of good faith, that a Democratic majority in both houses of Congress still seems to be the only thing that will insure the passage of a wholesome measure of tax reduction or of any reduction at all.

WHY THEY COME.

Gen. SAMUEL F. CARY of Ohio is making Democratic speeches in Connecticut, and, referring to his statement that tariff reform has raised wages in England 60 per cent, the New York *Tribune* says: "Some-"how or other, though, this versatile poli-"tician neglects to explain why English "workingmen are so eagerly flocking to "this country."

Here we have the secret of the devotion of the protected barons to the system of high tariff taxes. Their idea is that it is the only thing that causes foreign wage-workers to flock to this country and keep down wages while increasing the consumption of products taxed for the benefit of monopolists.

But if it is the only thing that brings foreign workingmen hither, why is it that only 31 per cent of them come from British low tariff countries, while 69 per cent of them come from high tariff countries? Of the 392,987 immigrants who came during the eight months ending with August, only thirty-one out of every hundred came from Queen VICTORIA'S domain, while sixty-nine out of every hundred came from countries that "protected home labor by a high tariff." If a high tariff alone accounts for the difference in wages in different countries, and this difference alone accounts for this immigration, why is it that we have to make laws to keep out the Chinese workingmen who are "so eagerly flocking to this country?"

British immigrants began to flock to America before there was any tariff on this side of the sea and when there was nobody here to pay them wages. They have never ceased coming and the tide of immigration has varied as much from year to year under our present war tariff as under any of the low tariffs that preceded it. There is such protection for labor in our free institutions, our broad area of free trade and our boundless natural resources that it cannot be made better or stronger by the best protective tariff that was ever devised. If our present tariff is the best, it has brought us more strikes, lockouts and labor troubles than all the other tariffs we have had.

MR. BLAINE affects a belief that CONKLING did not write those recently published private letters severely reflecting on him. It would have been better for Mr. BLAINE'S reputation if he could have treated his own Mulligan letters as forgeries instead of obtaining and suppressing them as he did. The Conkling letters, if forged at all, were forged by some one who could write as CONKLING thought and talked to his friends. Mr. BLAINE should now have himself interviewed on the subject of his letter of October 20, 1882, to RICHARD HARRINGTON, in which he advised New York Republicans how they could best resent "State nominations un-"fairly and injuriously thrust upon the "party." They followed his advice in devoting themselves to the election of Congressmen and letting CLEVELAND beat FOLGER by a majority of 192,000. By so doing they made BLAINE the Republican nominee for President in 1884, and it was thus that BLAINE elected the first Democratic President after Republicans had occupied the White House for twenty-four years.

Rhode Island Democratic.

From an Interview with Ex-Gov. Van Zandt.

The Constitutional amendment which we have adopted in Rhode Island, by which the franchise has been extended, will certainly make Rhode Island Democratic, unless, as we hope, Harrison and Morton shall be elected. We have averted the calamity this year by postponing the official count on the vote until November. Of course we know that it has carried and that the result will have to be declared in November, and next year the great foreign vote that has been kept out by our present law will be flooded in upon us. It is mostly Irish and Democratic, although there are some Scotch and English who are with us. I had a talk just before I left Rhode Island with Gov. Taft, in which he said to me that he recognized the fact that he was a one-term Governor; meaning, of course, that he was a Republican and that the Constitutional amendment had been adopted, bringing in all the foreign vote, he had no chance of re-election. Of course, if the Administration should be Republican we might be able to hold the State.

Evading the Law.

From the Philadelphia Record.

The very respectful and persuasive language employed by Chairman Cooley of the Inter-state Commerce Commission, in requesting the railway managers to try to establish a uniform classification of freights, does not appear less gentle because of his warning that such a classification, if not agreed upon by the companies, will certainly be compelled by law. Mr. Cooley knows whom he is addressing; and he knows, therefore, that the railway managers don't care a bent coupling-pin what legislation may be undertaken to secure uniformity in classifying freights. They have persistently evaded the provisions of the interstate commerce law relating to this subject, and by a multitude of cunning devices have established an appearance of equality which conceals rank discrimination and injustice. The only thing that could check the propensity would be the discipline of the convict cell—and this palpable fact our lawmakers have thus far found it convenient to ignore.

Immigration.

From the New York Times.

During the eight months ending with August there came to the United States nearly 400,000 immigrants (392,987), or about 30,000 more than in the first eight months of last year. It is worth noting that while England and Wales sent us 2,000 less than last year and Ireland only 700 more, Scotland sent 2,100 more. The Germans were slightly less, but in all other nationalities there was an increase. Of the total immigration for the eight months every 100 was made up substantially as follows: British, 31; German, 19; Bohemian, Austrian, Hungarian, Polish and Russian, 18; Scandinavian, 15; Italian, 10, and other countries, 7. Of the British immigrants 43 per cent were Irish, 42 per cent English and Welsh and 15 per cent Scotch. During the eight months the most remarkable increase was in the Russian, Hungarian and Polish, which reached 75,000, an advance of 17,500 over last year.

Diamond Thieves.

From the New York WORLD.

Ladies are fond of showing their diamonds to their female friends, and in numerous instances in this city jewelry has mysteriously disappeared and the losers have been afraid or ashamed to give voice to their suspicions as to the thief. In such cases the unfortunate lady's-maid or housemaid is the first to be suspected. But is it not true, as Mrs. Stevens hints, that the purloiners may be higher up in the social scale? Are there not women in society who, while honest in all other respects, are so captivated by the glitter and beauty of diamonds as to be tempted to appropriate them without thinking of the crime? Is there not a fascination about the prince of gems which some women cannot resist?

No Sympathy With Ireland.

From the Buffalo Courier.

The *Irish World* is supporting Warner Miller for Governor, and it is claiming for him "liberality towards the Irish people." This claim excites the indignation of John J. McBride, by whose indefatigable efforts over two thousand [illegible] of New Yorkers, including many of t[illegible] most noted citizens, were obtained [illegible]monial thanking Gladstone for his [illegible] behalf of Home Rule in Ireland. "E[illegible] [Mc]Bride says that he twice respectfu[lly reque]sted Mr. Miller to sign the testimonial, but that the latter refused, saying that he was not interested in Irish affairs. That is an interesting statement in view of Patrick Ford's praise of Miller's "liberality towards the Irish people."

MEN OF MARK.

RUSSELL SAGE will leave $60,000,000 when he dies.

CANDIDATE HARRISON'S son was graduated from Lafayette College in 1877.

WALTER BESANT has writer's cramp and Wilkie Collins is seriously ill.

WILLIAM ARNOW, a negro, has just finished a ride of 200 miles on the Savannah River lodged in the branches of a tree.

GEORGE MACOMBER, a 14-year-old boy, of Baltimore, Md., walked from that city to Washington last week to see Buffalo Bill's Wild West show.

IT is an old superstition among actors that they die in groups of three. The names of Davidge, Wallack and Warren may be mentioned in this connection.

JOHN QUIMBY of South Exeter, Me., is 99 years of age. At the recent election in that State he went to the polls and voted the straight Democratic ticket.

O'ROURKE of the New York League team was a Harrisonian until President Cleveland sent out his retaliation message, when he became an enthusiastic Democrat.

THE Afghan Commander-in-Chief, Gholam Hyler Khan, recently caught two men in the act of spreading false news of the Ameer's death. He had them blown to pieces by cannon in the presence of his troops.

THE Prince of Wales had a hard time reviewing the Austrian troops. Emperor Francis Joseph is a good deal of a martinet, and His Royal Highness of England could not smoke a cigarette for hours and was nearly dead for want of a drink.

THE Rev. Francis Jayne, the new Bishop of Chester, England, is a large, stalwart man, of remarkably youthful appearance. He wears no beard or mustache, but cultivates a long, curly lock of flaxen hair, which falls over his forehead a la Disraeli.

NOT long after Sheridan's funeral Sherman was speaking to a friend of the many prominent officers of the late war who had died. "I shall have to hurry up," remarked Sherman, "and die pretty soon, or there will be nobody but militia to bury me."

G. W. TAYLOR, a native of Rhosllanerchrugog, Denbighshire, Wales, is the wealthies living Welshman. He recently left Melbourne, Australia, to contest West Denbighshire for a seat in the House of Commons. He will hereafter devote himself to political life. On his Australian estate, which he has just sold, he realized the enormous sum of $21,725,000. Mr. Taylor is an ardent Liberal and a thorough Welshman.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MME. PATTI-NICOLINI is said to be writing her autobiography.

ANNA DICKINSON refuses to recognize the existence of the last twenty years.

QUEEN VICTORIA denies that she has ever patronized co-operative civil service stores.

THE Duchess of Marlborough has already distributed several large sums to London hospitals.

MRS. LUCY PARSONS, the Louise Michel of Chicago, has taken the stump for Harrison and Morton.

THE Comtesse de Paris is considered by the Scotch gillies at Strathspey one of the finest shots ever seen in that locality.

MRS. JAMES NADER of Salt Lake City is the mother of twenty-two living children, the youngest being a few months old.

MISS NOVELIA HIGGS of Greenville, N. C., is the youngest teacher of dancing in this country. She is 12 years old, and is said to be unexcelled in her profession, teaching all the fashionable dances.

THE "Cora Potter robe" has caused a good deal of interest among women, and the "Langtry hat" is now on its way to this city from Paris. The "O'Sullivan Dimpfel horsewhip" is already popular.

SAYS London *Life*: "The engagement of the daughter of Gen. Boulanger to Capt. Driant, which has recently been announced, represents the triumph of the lady's views over her father's wishes."

MISS SUSAN WINTER of Wheatlands, Mont., is engaged to be married to a young man named Spring. The local editor at Wheatlands printed something about "Winter lingering in the lap of Spring," and the young woman has sued him for libel.

MRS. CLEVELAND is having a fine time at Saranac Inn. Much of her time is spent in shooting at bottles that are thrown into the lake. A new target range has also been erected for her benefit, and she is rapidly becoming very expert with her rifle.

Is This Slander?

From an Exchange.

Tramp (some years hence): "I see you belong to a college society. So do I. Can't you lend me a dime?"

Man of wealth: "Yes. I am a graduate of Yale, and I make $10,000 a year as a base ball pitcher. Here, take this $5 bill and get a square meal. What college did you belong to?"

"I am a graduate of Harvard. They don't teach base ball at Harvard."

As an Inducement to Die Probably.

From the San Francisco Wasp.

He was a widower, lately remarried. It was in full honeymoon and he made countless tender protestations.

"I will always love you," he said to her.

"Always—always?"

"As long as I live."

"And afterwards you will not love me in eternity?"

"Sapristi! But I have already promised that to my first wife."

That Will Do for a Starter.

Philip Welch in Epoch.

Mrs. Redmond of New Jersey: "Did young Mr. Gotnam propose to you last night, Lulu?"

Miss Lulu (shyly): "Not quite, maw, but he kissed me several times."

The Result Will Be Snakes.

From an Exchange.

A California Chinaman has found use for the bugs and beetles which are attracted and killed by the electric lights. He gathers them and pickles them in brandy.

A Jumping Success.

From the Detroit Free Press.

Brodie, the bridge-jumper, was chased out of his house by his wife and a broomstick the other night, and some of his jumps were amazing to see.

His Tailor Gets the Taffy.

From the Somerville Journal.

Naturally a girl does not want her lover to give her any taffy. She prefers French fruit candy at $1.50 a pound.

An Editor Who Fears a Scoop.

From the Mobile Register.

The WORLD and its reporters do not own the country and cannot intrude everywhere.

O. P. Q.

The Post-Dispatch;

Every man, woman and child I have met for the past ten days has been the recipient of at least a dozen postal cards with simply O. P. Q. written on the back. WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

A SUBSCRIBER.

THE FEELING IS STRONG.

RESIDENTS OF ONTARIO FAVOR ANNEXATION TO THE UNITED STATES.

Progress of the Movement in the Border Counties—Canada Wasting Her Time Trying to Establish a Separate Nation—Sir John MacDonald's Efforts for Confederation.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ST. THOMAS, Ontario, October 6.—The question of the annexation of Canada to the United States has all at once been brought into prominence throughout this country by the speech of Senator Sherman, in which he offers Canada political union in settlement of the issues in dispute between it and the United States. It is announced in Toronto, on Mr. Sherman's authority, that the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, of which he is Chairman, will take the matter up at the next session of Congress. Mr. Blaine, in passing through this town the other day en route for the West, made a short speech on annexation, in which he said, the United States was willing to admit Canada into the Union, but Canada herself must make the first overtures. In the county of Essex, opposite Detroit, Mr. Solomon White, a prominent Tory politician who formerly represented that place in the Ontario Legislature, has just come out flat-footed for annexation. In fact in all the border counties in this province the annexation feeling is strong. In this part of the country, which is traversed by the Canada Southern Railroad—a Vanderbilt road—it is a rare thing to find a man who is satisfied with the present condition of affairs. The railroad has introduced American ideas, American ways of doing business and a feeling that Canada is wasting her time in trying to establish a separate nation.

THE CANADIAN CONFEDERATION.

It is safe to say that annexation, when it comes about, will be the work of natural forces and not the outcome of invitations, however well meant, from the politicians of the United States. The Canadian Confederation consists of a number of scattered provinces forming a populated fringe about a hundred miles deep along the whole northern frontier of the United States. The confederation was established in 1867. Prior to that the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, now known as Ontario and Quebec, had been united. But the friction between the two races became so intense that Government became impossible. A scheme for bringing in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick was then projected, and after the usual preliminaries it received the approval of the British Parliament. At a later day the Prince Edward Islands, British Columbia, Manitoba and the territories lying between Manitoba and the Rocky Mountains were admitted. Sir John MacDonald, the leader in the confederation movement, then set to work to solidify the union thus accomplished on paper. The task before him was a herculean one. He had to promote trade among a number of communities, each having its natural market in the United States and all lying within the same zone, as if nature had deliberately intended that they should not trade with one another. Then he had to maintain peace and concord between two separate and distinct races—the English of the English provinces and the French of French Canada—each with its own language, with its own schools, with its own code of laws, with its own idea of the future. Lastly, while making a nation out of this mixture he had, if possible, to offset or to diminish the enormous attraction exerted by the United States upon the inchoate mass.

SIR JOHN'S FAILURE.

It may be said without fear of contradiction that although he brought to his work a keen intellect and a good store of political knowledge Sir John has failed at every point. The race question has broken out afresh. The French, who number two to five in the population, are growing more French and less Canadian every year, and as a consequence the friction between the two elements is rapidly bringing the machine to a standstill, just as it did before. Interprovincial trade has been encouraged by the construction of State railways, but it has refused to materialize. The provinces of Ontario and Quebec, so far as they are of any value to Nova Scotians as a trading place, might just as well be situated in the heart of China. It has been found impossible to promote a profitable trade between Ontario and Manitoba, which are divided between 1,500 miles of rock and water, or between Ontario and British Columbia, which are still further apart. Indeed, there is scarcely any trade of value between Ontario and Quebec. The French habitant does not buy much from outsiders. He grows his own tobacco, "moonshines" his own whisky in spite of the revenue laws, makes his own woolen cloth by means of the old spinning wheel and handloom; raises his own sugar by growing maple trees, makes his own boots (beef moccasins) and even grows his own tea, or rather, uses the wild mint plant found in swamps and beaver meadows. It is needless to add that Sir John has not succeeded in fostering a national spirit among these divided communities.

The Annexation Campaign.

OTTAWA, Ontario, October 6.—Mr. Sherman's statement on the relations of the United States with Canada is accepted by statesmen and public men generally, irrespective of party, throughout the Dominion as an intimation that leading Republicans have decided that Canada must be annexed or fight for her independent national existence. It is expected that annexation clubs will be started shortly throughout Ontario, Quebec and the maritime provinces. Leading imperial federation managers have resolved to push the immediate extension of the league to fight the annexationists. The question of annexation is coming rapidly to the front and shoving out of sight the proposal of commercial union and unrestricted reciprocity. An annexation campaign this fall, in preparation for the meeting of Parliament in January, is now considered inevitable.

Erastus Wiman makes public a letter he wrote to John Sherman and the latter's reply. In his letter Mr. Wiman says that while the scheme for the annexation of Canada was a bold and masterful policy from a United States point of view, he was thoroughly convinced that it would fail because the people of Canada would not accept it; it would be strongly opposed and many would bitterly resent it. Mr. Sherman's reply was as follows:

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS,
UNITED STATES SENATE,
WASHINGTON, October 3, 1888.

MY DEAR SIR—Your note of the 30th is received. Your opinions are certainly entitled to great weight and will receive full consideration. My own opinion has been for many years that political union between the United States and Canada was inevitable, and that statesmen and patriots ought to look to bringing it about peacefully, upon terms of perfect equality, and so as to promote the interests of both countries. As to commercial union, I see no practical way to bring it about. We will have ample time to think of this, as the subject matter will not again be brought up in the Senate until the next session. Very truly yours,

JOHN SHERMAN.

Amusement Notes.

The performance of Pain's "Last Days of Pompeii" will be postponed from to-night until to-morrow night.

Final matinees of "Zo-zo" at the People's and of the London Specialty Co. at the Standard will be given to-morrow.

"Fantasma," with its fun, tricks, illusions, tableaux and transformation scenes will be seen for the last time this season at Pope's to-night.

The engagement of the "Pearl of Pekin," which has delighted the audiences at the Olympic for two weeks, closes to-night.

That entertaining and clever play, "Held by the Enemy," will be given its final performance of the engagement at the Grand to-night.

The sale of seats for the engagement of Robert Mantell in "Monbars" at the Olympic has been excellent so far.

"White Slave" will open at Pope's to-morrow afternoon, and the openings to-morrow night will be, besides Mantell, Slavin & Johnson's Minstrels at the Grand, Lizzie Evans at the People's, and "Si Perkins" at the Standard.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Teleph[one] [illegible].

A WAR ON THE DIVES.

An Attempt to Reclaim the Neighborhood of Eleventh and Locust Streets.

The initial services at the Central Evangelical Association Mission in the Y. M. C. A. building, on the northwest corner of Eleventh and Locust streets, will be held to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. J. B. Brandt. The Central Evangelical Association has been holding Sunday-school in the old Y. M. C. A. building for a long time, but it was only in June that it was decided to establish an undenominational mission. Rev. J. B. Brandt, who was formerly pastor of the Memorial Tabernacle, was secured and will preach to-morrow evening at the opening services. The association saw the necessity of providing the poor down-town people with a place where they could worship and receive religious instruction, and the old Y. M. C. A. building was the most available and was therefore selected. The officers of the association are as follows: John R. Lionberger, President; S. C. Buckingham, Vice-President; John T. Davis, Treasurer, and Benjamin F. Clark Secretary. The Board of Directors consists of the officers named and Messrs. E. V. P. Ritter, C. F. Schultz, Capt. Taylor and S. A. Bemis.

The establishment of the new mission will be followed by a crusade against the places which have made the neighborhood around Eleventh and Locust streets notorious. Mr. Benjamin F. Clark, speaking about the contemplated action of the association, said to a POST-DISPATCH reporter to-day: "On Monday I shall notify the Chief of Police to order the removal of Davis' saloon, and all the houses of ill-repute in the immediate vicinity in obedience to the law which forbids the location of such places within 100 yards of a church. We tried to have these objectionable places removed from that vicinity sometime ago, but Judge Noonan decided that our Sunday-school was not a corporate religious body and hence did not come under the law. Now, however, there is an organized church there, and if the Chief does not see to it that the neighborhood is rid of these pests I will at once institute suit to accomplish that end. We are determined that they shall be removed."

REAL ESTATE.

Sales in the South End—M., K. & T. Trust Co.'s Buildings.

There was not much stir in real estate circles to-day. A few sales were in course of negotiation, and it is likely that several of them will be closed in time for the facts to be published in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Trust Co., a new financial institution which has lately been established here with Frank Obear for its representative, has already entered into contracts to build two $7,000 dwellings in Chamberlain Park. One of these houses is for Mrs. Annie F. Warner and the other for Wm. H. Heath. Work on the house intended for Mrs. Warner has already been commenced and contracts are let for the construction of Mr. Heath's residence.

The plan upon which this new Trust Company is operating has created widespread interest among a class of people who are anxious to provide themselves with homes, and as the company's methods of supplying the demand seem to meet with popular approval it is more than likely that it will build a great many homes for St. Louis people.

Hill & Hammel report the following sales of South End property: A vacant lot 25x125 feet, on the east line of Illinois avenue between Potomac and Miami streets, from Mrs. Eloisa P. Kayser to Charles Reither for $950. Mr. Reither will improve the lot with a brick dwelling for his own use.

A vacant lot 25x120 feet, on the west side of Ivory avenue between Primm and Tesson streets, from E. C. Kehr to Frank Jackson for $275.

A ten-room two-story brick residence and eighteen acres of land four miles south of Carondelet, on the Lemay Rock road, from J. Thiele to H. H. Nieman for $7,700. This is one of the finest country residences in St. Louis County.

A piece of ground, 1,200x125 feet, on Delore road, about 600 feet west of the St. Louis, Oak Hill & Carondelet Railway, from Henry Beckerle to Christian Hoehl, for $3,500; a big bargain.

A vacant lot, 150x120 feet, on the south side of Hurk street, between Virginia avenue and Seventh street, from M. Hammel to John F. Scheele, for $350.

BROKER BURDEN.

The Young Financier Taken to Springfield, Mo., for Trial.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., October 6.—Sheriff Joseph Dodson arrived here this morning from Fort Scott, Kan., with George W. Burden, the young broker who is charged with embezzling $5,000 worth of bonds, the property of G. H. Young. Young Burden went to Fort Scott, where he thought he could get money to reimburse Mr. Young for his loss and thereby avoid the disgrace of a public trial and probable condemnation. He was unable to do so, however, and as soon as the officers located him he was brought here. In Justice West's court this morning Burden had the case continued until Monday morning. Since coming here he has been mixed up in several shady transactions, which have been hushed up. Burden's case is a sad one. Of a highly respectable family, endowed with all the accomplishments money, birth and position could give him, he has gone from bad to worse until now it seems only short of a miracle if he escapes State prison. His inexperience, youth and a nature prone to listening to tales of distress have led him to exhaust his own resources on worthless collateral securities, and then to meet his obligations he has been forced to use other people's property to keep his head above water.

HAD A FALSE BEARD.

Robert Sherman Arrested on an Old Charge This Morning.

Robert Sherman was arrested this morning by Detectives McGrath and Maguire on an old charge of assault to kill. He formerly kept a saloon at Tenth and Pine streets, and was arrested there one night with his father-in-law on a charge of robbing a disreputable woman who entered the saloon, and with whom Sherman had been intimate. Both were fined by Judge Cady next day. Sherman's wife disappeared and he claimed she had eloped with the notorious Johnny Curtis who had been attending bar for him. The woman returned, but she and Sherman afterward had trouble and he shot at and wounded her and then escaped. It is for this offense he was arrested. Sherman was wearing a false beard when captured. The saloon which Sherman kept was the worst kind of a dive and was known to the police as a hard roost.

"GEN. JAS. F. KILLILLEA."

Dr. Priest Thinks He Is Temporarily Insane and Suggests the Treatment.

Dr. Warren G. Priest of the City Dispensary this morning examined James Francis Kelly, who, under the name of Gen. Killillea, swindled several firms about the city and who imagines himself a Monte Cristo. The doctor thinks the man is temporarily insane from drink and physical neglect and has recommended that he be sent to the City Hospital for a week or so when he thinks he will be all right. At the end of that time it could be ascertained whether he is permanently insane. Kelly begged the doctor for a drink this morning. He also told him that he had been keeping the company of a woman called Gail Hamilton who lives near Ninth and Chestnut streets.

STILL THEY COME.

The Visitors to the St. Louis Fair Crowding In To-Day in Large Numbers.

To-day was not a Fair Tuesday nor a Fair Thursday at the Union Depot, but the travel was nevertheless quite large. It was not so great as it was earlier in the week, but was much larger than the normal travel at this time of the year. The departures were very large, but the arrivals appeared to be greater. The number of people who came in the last day of the week to see the Fair was really remarkable. While there was at no time what would be called a jam at the depot, the platform was always well filled and the waiting rooms were crowded. The trains all ran extra coaches, both coming in and going out. Taken all in all, the travel during Fair week has been very large this year.

COLD, WET AND DREARY.

THE SITUATION AT THE ST. LOUIS FAIR GROUNDS TO-DAY.

Exhibitors in Bad Luck and Visitors, Both Citizens and Strangers, Kept Away by the Weather—Additional Awards as Made in The Amphitheater and Elsewhere—The Closing Scenes of the Show.

THE natural result of rain and cold weather was felt to a marked degree at the Fair Grounds to-day. The rain yesterday which turned everything into mud and the announcement that a drop of several degrees in the thermometer could be expected, had the effect of keeping the people away from the grounds all day. The country people who had come to the Fair had so laid their plans that they could see the Fair, Veiled Prophet's and Exposition during the first or the middle of the week, and then get home in time to attend church on Sunday and talk over the sights they had seen during the week. The city people, as is now the established custom, had all been out on Thursday, met their friends and seen the Fair. So that to-day there was nobody to go out. At the main gates the turnstiles had been taken out from the big gate across the roadway and only one left open at the smaller door used for admission purposes during the year.

The booths were quiet and subdued in the extreme. The booth-keepers having shouted themselves hoarse without avail, gave up the task of getting customers and confined themselves to the occupation of getting warm by sitting close to the wienerwurst cans and stoves. One vender of sandwiches and beer was heard to remark that he was glad that he was not working on commission. In the halls where the various exhibits were displayed there was no one to be seen save the police officer guarding the door and the persons employed to look after the shows and goods displayed.

The animals, except the bears, were all in winter quarters, and were not disturbed from their naps in the corners of their dens. A number of horse owners and exhibitors got special permission to leave this morning in spite of the fact that there is a rule not allowing anything to go off the grounds before Sunday. A number of the booth keepers shut up shop about 10 o'clock and left the field to their more persistent competitors, who could not leave on account of not being able to get permission to get their property off the grounds.

The grass paddocks in front of the stables presented a very lively scene. Nearly all of the horse owners thought it wise to give the horses a little warming turn over the turf. About two hundred horses could be seen walking up and down wrapped in blankets or taking easy canters along the roads near at hand.

The estimates of the attendance will be made up this evening.

The Horses.

The last rings of horses were judged to-day. The first awards were not made in the amphitheater, as usual, but the horses were drawn up at the east end of the big race-track, where the judges made their inspections and awarded the premiums. All of the thoroughbred awards were made at the big track. After that the committee moved back to the amphitheater, where the saddle rings were shown. The entries and awards in the horse rings to-day were as follows:

THOROUGHBREDS.

Stallions, 4 years and over. Entries: Aristides, Kinloch stud, St. Louis County, first premium, $200, Arron Pennington, Dr. J. H. Howard, Fulton, Mo. Aristides is one of the finest thoroughbred stallions in the country, holding the record for two and one-half miles, which has never yet been equalled.

Stallions under 1 year—First premium $25, second $10. Brown colt, by imported Uhlan, out of Barbara, Kinloch Stud. Chestnut colt, by Aristides, out of May French, Kinloch Stud. Bay colt, by Aristides, out of Odessa, Kinloch Stud. New Holland, by Cosmos, out of Laura Ely. First to Kinloch brown colt, second to Kinloch chestnut colt.

Mares 4 years old and over with colt at side. Entries—Imported May French, Lady Lena and Poetry, Kinloch Stud, and Laura E., John R. Grace & Co., Bowling Green, Mo. First premium, $100, to May French.

Mares under 1 year. Entries—Chestnut filly by Athlete, out of Lady Lyon; bay filly by Uhlan, out of Lady Liver, and brown filly by Uhlan, out of Poetry, all of Kinloch Stud. First premium, $20, to chestnut filly. second, $10, to brown filly.

SADDLE HORSES.

Horse, mare or gelding. Entries: Diamond King, Tabor Mathers owner, Jacksonville, Ill.; Scotland, Cedar Grove Horse Co. owners, Washington, Mo.; The King, McCormick Livestock Co. owners, Bowling Green, Mo.; Handy Boy, Tyler Bros. owners, Hamburg, Mo.; Diamond Denmark, Shelly Bros. owners, New Bloomfield, Mo.; Rex Denmark, T. S. and J. Harrison, owners, Auxvasse, Mo.; Red Rose, T. S. and J. Harrison, owners, Auxvasse, Mo.; The King, N. H. Rowland, owner, Lexington, Ky.; Denver, N. H. Rowland, owner, Lexington, Ky.; Sophie, W. W. Adams, owner, Lexington, Ky.; Montrose, T. S. and J. Harrison, owners, Auxvasse, Mo.; Tom Crank, Porter McKinney, owner, Columbia, Mo.; Lula, J. G. Hughes, owner, Lexington, Ky.

BREEDERS' PREMIUMS.

St. Louis Fair Roadsters Stallions Sweepstakes, $1,000 premiums. Best horse with five of his get any sex or age. First premium, $500; second, $300; third, $200. Entries—Dan Cossack, Caton Stock Farm, owners Joliet, Ill.; Strathlan, Interstate Stud, Kansas City, Mo.; Forest Chief, W. F. Baker owner, Bolivia, Mo.; Berger, W. L. Ward owner, Belleville, Ill.; Onward, R. P. Pepper, Frankfort, Ky.; Black Hawk, Dr. W. Martin owner, Chicago, Ill.

RIDING.

Boys riding on Ponies—First premium, $20; second, $10; third, $5. Alfred W. Henry, city, on Emma; Willie Hammel, city, on Flora; Paul Hammett, city, on Tobe; Rudolf Kander, city, on Hattie L.; Joe Shenk, city, on Dan, and Albert Block, on Vivian L.

Broke Out Afresh.

DUBUQUE, Io., October 6.—The Rev. C. O. Brown, pastor of the Congregational Church of this city, in a four column article published this morning, endeavors to fasten the charge of plagiarism on Rev. H. E. Mott, of the Second Presbyterial Church in using portions of sermons delivered by Rev. Talmage. The substance of the charge has been printed before. The controversy was supposed to have been settled at the request of members of both the churches presided over by Mr. Mott and Mr. Brown, who felt that the cause of religion was being greatly damaged by this attack on Mr. Mott.

Counterfeiter Arrested.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CALIFORNIA, Mo., October 6.—City Marshal Henderson arrested a man by the name of Teague last night for passing counterfeit silver dollars. He had a number in his possession when the arrest was made. Deputy Marshals went to High Point, this county, this morning to secure his tools and arrest two others, who are suspected of being confederates.

A Fatal Shooting Affray.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., October 6.—News has just reached the city that a difficulty occurred last night at Rockwood Landing, 120 miles north of Chattanooga, between a man named Allison and Frank Abston, Postmaster of the village, in which Abston was shot three times in the breast and neck. The wounded man cannot recover. Allison made his escape.

A Double Suicide.

WARREN DEPOT, Mo., October 6.—[illegible] Williams of Warren and Edward Davis of Union, both [illegible] suicide last night and died within two hours.

TO SETTLE IT TO-NIGHT.

IMPORTANT MEETING OF THE NINTH DISTRICT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

Surveyor Lancaster Arouses the Ire of the Twenty-Second Ward Democrats—Very Pernicious Activity—The Recorder's Investigation—Local Politics — Meetings This Evening—Registration Frauds.

To-night the Ninth Congressional Democratic Committee will meet at the Hendricks Association Hall. The members will make another effort to settle the trouble growing out of the appointment of judges and clerks for the primaries to select delegates to next Saturday's convention, where a Democratic candidate for Congress will be selected. The plan for adjusting the affairs comes from Congressional Committeeman Clem Creveling. The politicians are doubtful about the result of its application, although it struck the committee so favorably when first submitted last night that it was adopted unanimously. In brief, Mr. Creveling proposes that each committeeman shall announce his list of judges and clerks at to-night's meeting, when each of the Congressional candidates will be represented. If the representative of any candidate objects, even without giving any specific reason, to any name reported, the name shall be rejected without further comment. Feeling is now pretty high and any avowed Kern man will hardly prove acceptable to Castleman's representation, while every recognized Castleman partisan will encounter an objection from the Kern side. John E. Mohan has not yet decided upon what action he will take. It costs $400 "to come in," according to the basis agreed on by the committee, and Mr. Mohan, who has had his assessment returned to him, is not quite sure his hand is worth so high an ante. Most of the members of the State Committee have gone to their homes. They have become convinced that they have no authority in the premises, and have departed, leaving the sub-committee to arrange the dispute if possible. The conclusion of the State Committee is calculated to make the Castleman men more secure in their position. They would probably settle the claims of the opposition in short order if it were not for the threats of Kern's men to bolt and run their choice as an independent.

The friends of the candidates will turn out in force to-night to settle the trouble.

A POLITICAL POOH BAH.

Surveyor Lancaster Accused of Bamboozling Twenty-Second Ward Democrats.

Charges of treachery and double dealing are thick in the Twenty-second Ward, where the party is divided against itself. Surveyor of the Port R. D. Lancaster is a prominent figure in the squabble and is now at the head of a committee composed of himself, Pat O'Neill, Judge Lubke and Dr. King which is accused of bamboozling the Democrats of the Twenty-second Ward. There are three Democratic organizations in the Twenty-second Ward. One is the Francis Club, which meets at the Stoddard rooms. The Twenty-second ward Democratic Club also has a large membership. The third is an organization of a very remarkable character. It is popularly known as the Cable Club. It is composed of employes of the St. Louis Cable & Western Railroad Co., organized to advance the company's interests, which are prominently before the public at every session of the Municipal Assembly. It is the strongest organization in the ward, and according to some of the citizens is now being used by a Federal official to manipulate ward affairs. Last August the Cable Club put up an anti-Francis delegation which was credited to Surveyor Lancaster. Francis had the plan upset by calling upon the company and explaining the job that was being put up on him. The result was that a new delegation was placed in the field. It is now claimed that the citizens are getting the worst deal they were ever treated to and that Surveyor Lancaster is the man who is perniciously intermeddling with their affairs. The Cable Club fixed up a "trading" delegation. It was confident of its strength and was advised not to have anything to do with the Francis Club. The efforts of that organization to get a voice in the selection of the delegates received no recognition. The Democrats of the Twenty-second Ward Club insisted on a conference and Surveyor Lancaster was placed at the head of the committee to wait on the Cable Club. According to the Francis Club officers the Surveyor is the man who fixed the Cable Club, and he is now playing Pooh-Bah on the Twenty-second Ward Democrats.

The picture they draw of Committeeman Lancaster of the Twenty-second Ward Club, waiting on Manipulator Lancaster of the Cable Club in the interest of harmony and fairness, is a comical one. In the meantime the primaries approach, no conference will be obtained by the Democrats and the Corporations Club will fix the ward affairs for its citizens. Some of the Twenty-second Ward Democrats do not see the funny side of the affair, but bitterly denounce the underhand methods and complicity of a Federal official in despicable ward schemes.

Getting on the List.

To-day there are 74,000 names on the registration lists of the city. On an average 500 names per day are added. If the registrations continue in this proportion until the 15th inst. it will carry the registration up to 80,000. The Board of Revision will doubtless cut down these figures considerably.

He Will Not Split Hairs.

Among the cases presented to the Recorder of Voters to-day for his decision was the application for registration of a man who took out his first papers on November 5, 1887. Under the law these papers must be a year old before they can be voted on. On November 6, 1888, the holder will be fully qualified to vote, but in the meantime the registrations will have closed. To overcome this difficulty, which would prevent him from voting for a President for another four years the newly made citizen to-day presented his papers to the Recorder. Mr. William stated that as the holder of this paper would be fully qualified to vote on the day for voting, he would register him and all others similarly situated on the 15th inst. Under this ruling, all minors coming of age between the 15th inst. and the 6th prox. and all persons holding first papers, taken out between these dates in 1887, will be permitted to vote.

They Were Not Copied.

Since the publication of the statement made by a citizen to the effect that the registration lists of the Seventeenth Ward had been copied when used for the August primaries, the Recorder has had the matter under investigation. In relation to the charge he said to-day: "The Deputy Recorder appointed for the Seventeenth Ward was Mr. Thos. J. Dockery, a man of excellent reputation. He indignantly and emphatically denies that the books were out of his possession, or that they were copied by any person. I remember distinctly, as does Mr. Lemoine, my chief deputy, that on the evening of the primaries the books of the Seventeenth Ward were returned promptly to this office. Mr. Dockery challenges the citizen who made the statement to the production of his proof."

The Single Tax League.

To-morrow night Stephen M. Ryan, Master Workman of one of the District Assemblies, Knights of Labor, will be the principal speaker at the meeting of the Single Tax League, corner of Franklin avenue and Ninth street. His subject will be: "Why a Reduction of the Tariff Will Benefit the People." Mr. Ryan is well known in St. Louis. The Single Tax League has had a large attendance at each of its meetings during the present campaign.

A New Deal Ordered.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Messrs. E. A. Noonan, J. H. Carroll and Ed O'Day of the State Committee waited upon the Ninth District Congressional Committee and explained the desire of the State body to have harmony in the Ninth District. No right to interfere except as peacemakers was claimed. At 5 o'clock the Congressional Committee met again to consider the State Committee's [illegible] Mohan, Noonan and Conroy, whose primary arrangements had been made by the majority of the committee protested against the treatment they had received. Committeeman Creveling then moved that each committeeman name judges and clerks at this evening's meeting and that if any objection is made to a name by the authorized representative of any candidate the name should be rejected and new names suggested until the full list was selected without objection. This was agreed on for harmony's sake and the committee adjourned.

Claims of the South End.

The Ninth Ward Cleveland and Thurman Club held a meeting last night and passed resolutions indorsing John A. Harrison, the candidate from the South End for a judicial nomination, and calling on the other wards in that section of the city to support him. One of the well-known politicians in the southern portion of the city said this morning: "I think that Harrison will receive the nomination because this part of the city is solid for him, and when we go before the convention, with five or six wards supporting our candidate, I think it will have its effect. Mr. Harrison has a claim that I think the Democrats ought not to ignore. The southern part of the city has never had a representative on the bench, and I do not see why we have not a right to one. Mr. Harrison is willing to make the race, and we will support him. This is his only claim, and the only reason he has for running other than the reasons all candidates have. There is a neighborhood feeling here which is very strong for him. The southern end of town wants to be represented, and wants Mr. Harrison to be its representative on the bench. The lawyers speak highly of his ability; of course we laymen know little of that, but they speak well of him, and we are anxious to have him elected, and I think the convention should and will recognize that we ought to have one of the vacancies."

A Warrant for Steele.

Recorder of Voters Williams to-day secured a warrant for fraudulent registration against Thomas Steele, a negro, who was arrested yesterday afternoon. Steele registered from No. 4401 North Main street on August 27. Mr. Williams learned that he had been sentenced to two years in the penitentiary from Boone County and had served his time out under the three-fourths, or good-behavior rule. Nelson Herndon, another negro who lives at No. 1713 Maiden lane, is a witness to the fact that Steele served a term in the penitentiary, and the negro himself has admitted the fact to the Recorder. Mr. Williams thinks he will be able to make the case against Steele stick, as there appears to be no loophole through which the fellow can escape. The fact that Steele was to be arrested for fraudulent registration was mentioned in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH.

Meetings To-Night.

The Eleventh Ward Republican Club will hold a ratification meeting at Broadway and Chippewa streets to-night.

A rally of the Twenty-fifth Ward Republicans will be held this evening at Ewing and Chouteau avenues.

A mass meeting will be held by the Nineteenth Ward Democrats at Jefferson avenue and Adams street to-night. Messrs. C. P. Johnson, C. H. Krum and J. J. Lindley have been invited to deliver addresses.

A meeting of the Eleventh Ward Cleveland and Thurman Club will be held to-night at Meramec and Virginia avenues. The Democratic Clubs of the Seventh, Ninth, Thirteenth and Twenty-third Wards have been invited to attend.

The regular meeting of the Abraham Lincoln Republican Club of the Twenty-second Ward will take place this evening at Spoer's Hall, Leffingwell and Franklin avenues. Circuit Attorney Ashley C. Clover and Mr. Chas. F. Joy have been invited to address the meeting.

The Eighth Ward Noonan Guards will hold a public meeting to-night at Ninth and Biddle streets. Judge Noonan, Congressman O'Neill, Mayor Francis, Wm. C. Marshall and Judge Lubke have been invited to speak.

Jacob Klein, Esq., will address the Twentieth Ward Republican Club at their hall, 2900 Market street, this evening.

In the Nineteenth Ward, Gov. Johnson and Judge Krum, who have accepted the invitations to speak, will expound Democracy this evening at the meeting arranged by the Thurman Club, to be held at Jefferson avenue and Adams street. Precautions have been taken against bad weather, so that if the open space at that corner cannot be used the platform will be erected in the winter garden at the next corner. Several Democratic clubs will participate. The uniformed corps from the Nineteenth Ward Hendricks Club and the Young Men's Democratic Association of the Nineteenth Ward will be assigned posts of honor. Messrs. R. H. Kern, G. A. Castleman and John E. Mohan will also speak. Mayor Francis and Judge Lindley, who are canvassing in the State, have telegraphed their desire to be there if possible.

The Rohan Democratic Club of the Twenty-fourth Ward will hold a mass-meeting this evening on Grand avenue and North Market. The following gentlemen will address the meeting: Messrs. John J. O'Neill, H. W. Bond, E. A. Noonan and Phil Rohan.

Political Notes.

No meeting of the State Committee was held to-day.

Judge E. A. Noonan of this city is booked for a speech at Moberly next Saturday.

The Twenty-first Ward Republican rally has been postponed until the evening of the 13th inst.

The joint Union Labor meeting which was to have been held at Thirteenth and Cass avenue has been postponed until next Tuesday evening.

The Young Men's Democratic Club of the Tenth Ward held a well attended meeting last night at Stolle's Hall. The club already has eighty-five active members. Speeches were made by W. C. Marshall, D. O'C. Tracy, T. J. Mulvihill, Thomas B. Harvey, Andrew Haley and W. P. Macklin.

The debate between Prof. M. F. Alex Euston, a colored Democrat from Cairo, and P. H. Murray, a resident colored Republican at Eleventh and Christy avenue last evening failed to wipe either of the political parties out of existence or to finally settle the propositions discussed.

SPECIAL cable news in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

THE BALTIMORE.

Successful Landing of the New United States Cruiser.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., October 6.—The United States Cruiser Baltimore was launched at Cramp's ship yard on the Delaware at 2:25 p. m. to-day. Mrs. Theodore Wilson, wife of the Chief of the Bureau of Construction of the Navy Department, christened the vessel. Secretary Whitney was present. There was, notwithstanding the inclement weather, a very large crowd of on-lookers. The launch was in every way a success.

A Waiter Missing.

Willie Barker, aged 19 years, employed as a waiter at Mary Brennan's restaurant, No. 1303½ Chestnut street, was sent yesterday morning to W. H. Pomeroy's, 1327 Chestnut street, with a breakfast. He was given a $5 bill to have changed and he failed to return. Barker is described as about 5 feet high, weighing 110 pounds and lives in the neighborhood of Twenty-second street and Scott avenue.

Low Rates East.

The Ohio & Mississippi Railway has now on sale in St. Louis tickets to Cincinnati and return, $4; Louisville and return, $3; Columbus, O., and return, $4.50; Pittsburg, Pa., and return, $5; Washington, D. C., one way, $6.50; Baltimore, Md., $6.50; Philadelphia, Pa., $6.75; New York, $6.50; Columbus, O., $3.25; Pittsburg, Pa., $3.50; Cincinnati, O., $3.

Wine Merchants Assign.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Palmer & Miley, wine merchants and importers at 1129 Broadway, have made a general assignment for the benefit of creditors to Simon M. Saunders, with preferences aggregating $1,226.

THE new American Duchesses in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH to-morrow.

The Cherokee Oil King.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., October 6.—W. H. Mosely, the "Cherokee oil king" who eloped a year ago with a pretty 16-year-old girl, is now here, very low with consumption. His young wife is with him.

BILL NYE in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

THE BIG WHEAT SQUEEZE

"OLD HUTCH" RETAINS A TIGHT GRIP ON THE SEPTEMBER SHORTS.

The Unfortunates Beg for Quarter, but the Boss Operator Remains Implacable—A Turbulent Current Under the Surface at Chicago—Fears of Heavy Failures—New York Speculators Excited.

CHICAGO, Ill., October 6.—Beneath the calmer surface of affairs on 'Change, according to a local paper, there is a turbulent current that grows broader and deeper with every day that passes by and sees no settlement of the September wheat deal. The danger of disaster to many others than those who defaulted to Hutchinson is so great that every one interested preserves the utmost secrecy pending negotiations with a view to squaring accounts. Even the implacable old man himself has purposely belittled the situation in order to spare the shock which the generally restored confidence would otherwise suffer. He stated for publication that the shortage remaining unsettled Monday amounted to only about 275,000 bushels. Clifton & Co. had failed short 100,000 bushels of this, so that all that remained for him to collect was $2 a bushel on about 175,000 bushels. There are good reasons for belief now, however, that the remaining shortage exceeds 1,000,000 bushels, that two or three of the largest houses on the board are seriously involved in it, and that altogether no less than twenty firms are trembling on the brink of a chasm that will swallow them unless Hutchinson agrees to accept considerably less than the price he fixed the last day of the deal.

The smaller of these houses are in an exceedingly bad way, because any distinction at this late day would be invidious. The big houses, for whom it is that "Hutch" is "gunning," have taken advantage of this fact and will either get a reduction for everybody or force the small ones to pay the full amount with them or go to the wall, which latter some of them will unquestionably do unless "Hutch" comes down a number of pegs with his settling prices. Up to last night "Old Hutch" had grimly refused to come down a single notch.

Wild Excitement in New York.

NEW YORK, October 6.—The wheat pit on the Produce Exchange is again to-day a scene of the wildest excitement. The half day's session was ushered in with as large a crowd of brokers on the floor of the Exchange as has ever attended a morning session. The market closed last night for December at $1.17⅞ and May, $1.21. At the opening of the market to-day the wheat dials were the cynosure of all eyes on the crowded floor. Promptly with the stroke of the gong announcing the opening of business, the needle-like hands of the dials shot around with lightning rapidity to $1.19 and $1.19½ respectively on each dial for December and $1.21⅛@1.21⅞ for May. A howl went up from the hard-twisted shorts and a general buying movement set in by the larger houses here and by the representatives of Western capitalists. All other interests on the floor were temporarily laid aside and a general rush was made for the wheat center. Cries from the disappointed shorts mingled with the shouts of exultation from the overjoyed bulls and pandemonium reigned supreme.

"Old Hutch has again got his work in," "look out for the millers' scare next," and "here's another two million clear for the Chicago robber," were the exclamations that went up all over the room. Everybody predicted higher prices than have yet been touched and buying went on as fast as tongues could move. When the Chicago quotations, showing an advance of nearly 5 cents on the opening of the Western market in the December option, came over the wires the excitement was intensified. The New York figures for December, which had gone back a fraction just before this intelligence was received, shot up again to $1.21⅛ and the May deliveries advanced in proportion.

The market closed strong at $1.21⅛ for December and $1.25 for May. During the half day's session 19,000,000 bu changed hands. After the market closed the operators congregated in the corridor of the building and continued to trade for an hour.

BILL NYE in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

ANOTHER MURDERER.

Nick Wade Jailed To-Day for the Killing of Charles Mason.

Notice was received by the Coroner to-day of the death of Charles Mason, colored, at his home, No. 815 South Twenty-third street. His death gives the jail another murderer. The deceased was employed as a coachman in private families, and Nick Wade a laborer employed at the foundry of the Shickle, Harrison & Howard Iron Co. and living at No. 2711 Papin street, is the man who killed him. Wade is also colored. Mason had been jealous of Wade's attentions to his wife and had ordered the latter to remain away from his house. Wade kept coming there, however, and on the evening of the murder Mason returned home shortly after 11 o'clock and found him with his wife. Mrs. Mason claims that her husband drew a revolver on Wade first and was going to shoot him, when the latter ran around the house and shot Mason. The ball entered the neck, and despite the attention of Drs. Mudd and Pirtle, Mason succumbed to the wound at 10:30 this morning. The physicians could not locate the ball. Mason's body was taken to the Morgue and an inquest will probably be held on it to-morrow. Wade was not arrested until a few hours after the shooting, when Officer Mills and two other policemen surrounded his house and effected his capture.

THERE are no spooks, snakes, centenarians, nor last year's birds'-nests in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

DESTROYED HIS LEFT EYE.

Struck by a Train—Fatally Injured at a Fire—Wreckage Washed Ashore.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CORSICANA, Tex., October 6.—Just before the close of the races at the Fair grounds, last evening, a youth named Willie Kennedy, approached the table of a ring fakir and took up a bottle of acid to try a ring. The bottle exploded or was jolted out of his hands, the contents scattering over his face and neck. A portion of the acid entered his left eye, destroying it.

Struck by a Train.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GALESBURG, Ill., October 6.—An old man, who was deaf and dumb, and his team were struck Thursday by the C. B. & Q. passenger train that leaves here at 9:45 a. m., seven miles this side of Peoria. The man was fatally injured, the team sustained severe injuries, and the wagon was demolished.

Fatally Injured at a Fire.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., October 6.—A fire broke out in the McClellan Hotel about 4 o'clock this morning and burned so rapidly that the building was almost totally destroyed before the firemen could get the flames under control. A panic occurred among the guests, some of whom found their exit entirely cut off. J. A. Weatherby of the *Evening Chronicle*, with his sister and niece, jumped from the third story to the yard, a distance of fifty feet. Weatherby sustained fatal injuries. His sister had her left leg broken and sustained internal injuries. The niece escaped with a sprained ankle.

Wreckage Washed Ashore.

STAPLETON S. I., October 6.—Considerable wreckage, consisting of a steamboat's guard and rails, was picked up here this morning along shore. The tide had washed it in. This would indicate that there had been a collision somewhere, but there is no information here of such an event.

Guano Factory Destroyed.

COLUMBUS, Ga., October 6.—The Pike County Guano Factory at Troy, Ala., was burned this morning. Loss, $50,000; insurance, $25,000.

Cafe Oakes.

Superb lunch.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

A Dull Market—Stocks Sold and Prices Obtained To-Day.

But little trading was done in mining stocks this morning, prices, however, being generally firm and in some cases decidedly higher.

* * *

Gold King was in strong demand and advanced rapidly. Heavy private purchases made yesterday evening to the reported extent of over 20,000 shares, at prices between 26¼ and 26¾, caused the stock to rise sharply. Bidding opened at 27½ and rose to 33½, without calling out any stock, the lowest offer being one of 500 shares at 37½. The brokers supposed to be concerned in the sales made yesterday deny all knowledge of the transactions, but the report of large transfers at the figures stated is generally credited.

* * *

Jumbo was in strong demand, and was bid up rapidly. A letter was received stating that in drifting from the tunnel a 10-inch vein of good ore had been struck. This report caused the advance, over 700 shares selling at 8, and 200 at 8½, the market closing with offers at 9.

* * *

Rumors were afloat, said to have proceeded from inside sources, to the effect that a vein strike had been made in the Pat Murphy. The officers of the company, however, deny all knowledge of the strike. The stock closed at 22½ bid, 25 asked, with no sales.

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In the absence of news confirmatory of the recently reported strike Rena was inactive and somewhat lower in price. The only sale of the day was one of 100 shares at 10, the stock being freely offered at 11¼.

* * *

Concepcion slightly recovered from yesterday's depression, 500 shares selling at 20. A retrograde movement immediately followed this sale, the stock being offered at 20, with 18¾ bid.

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Silver Age showed a decline, falling from 57½ asked to 52½, at which 100 shares were sold, the market closing at 50 bid, 52½ asked.

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Frisco was somewhat lower. Trading opened with 30 bid, 32½ asked, 200 shares selling at the former figure. The stock was subsequently offered at 31½, with no takers.

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Small Hopes was offered at $1, bid 95. Golden Era was 8¾ bid, 10 asked; 100 West Granite sold at 15, the stock closing at 12¾ bid, with offers at 15; Dinero was 8 bid; Pauline was offered at 3½.

* * *

Superintendent Ayton writes in his report of the Mary Foster for September that the mine has more than paid working expenses, and the surplus has been applied to the construction of a wagon road down the mountain and a connecting road for the Humbolt Tunnel No. 1, so that they can ship in ton lots instead of by sacks. They have also put up a steam hoist, which will be working by Monday. He sent in three checks this week for the last shipments of ore, closing up the work for September. The ore has been of good quality, No. 1, running from $900 to $1,000 to the ton. The second, good, running $300 to $500 to the ton, and the third-class, or cobbing, running $40 to the ton. In the Humboldt Tunnel No. 1 they have struck a vein of quartz bearing free milling gold, which improves as they advance, of which they will make a shipment as soon as the road connection is completed, in order that they may have a mill test of its value.

"STUDYING the Stars," by the late Prof. PROCTOR, in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

A Lawyer's Downfall.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

COLUMBUS, Kan., October 6.—In the District Court yesterday evening Judge Chandler passed sentence upon Judge J. Railsback, who pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzlement at this term of court, giving him a term of five years in the penitentiary. Mr. Railsback was a loan agent, handling the money of Mr. Jefferson Rainey of Belleville, Ill., and so well did he conceal his work of appropriating the money to his own use that about $11,000 were gone before the discovery was made. When arrested on the charge he frankly admitted the crime. Mr. Railsback has been a member of the bar here for many years, and was one of its ablest attorneys, besides being a highly respected citizen, and his misfortune is deeply regretted by a host of friends.

"Cafe Oakes"

Coffee is unequaled.

Carondelet Jottings.

The Missouri Iron Furnace shut down last evening for repairs.

The Germania Turnverein will hold its annual Turnfest next Tuesday evening at Turner Hall.

The Young Republican Club will hold a grand rally to-night at Nagel and Pennsylvania avenues.

J. Thiele disposed of his home in St. Louis County to Mr. Aug. Nieman for the sum of $9,760 yesterday.

The Republican Club of the Eleventh Ward will raise a Harrison and Morton flag to-night at the Mount Pleasant House.

Miss Clara Smith and Mr. William Mobb were united in wedlock Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock by the Rev. B. F. Thomas of the Carondelet M. E. Church.

A surprise party was tendered Max Hoffmeister Thursday evening by his numerous acquaintances at his residence, 7818 South Broadway, in honor to his 21st birthday.

Peter O'Brien, aged 8 years, received a serious scalp wound this morning by tumbling down the stairs of his parents' residence, Pennsylvania avenue and Marceau street.

The Eleventh Ward Republican Club, assisted by the Thirteenth Ward club, will hold a ratification meeting to this evening at the Mount Pleasant House, on South Broadway.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. Church gave a delightful entertainment last evening at the residence of Mrs. E. J. Doty, 200 East Stein street, for the benefit of the M. E. Church. The affair was largely attended.

The Eleventh Ward Cleveland and Thurman Club, assisted by the Thirteenth Ward Democratic Club, will hold a meeting to-night at the intersection of Virginia avenue and Meramec street.

The funeral of James Gillick, who died last Wednesday evening with heart trouble, took place at 9:30 o'clock last morning from St. Columbkille Church. The remains were interred at Mount Olive Cemetery. A large concourse of friends and relatives attended the remains to their last resting place.

James Mitchell, colored, borrowed a horse and buggy of Mr. George Haddaway this morning for the purpose of attending a funeral. While hitching up, the horse became frightened and ran away, colliding with a lamp post, which was demolished. There the horse was caught. The buggy was a total wreck. Mitchell was thrown down by the horse and received several severe bruises on his head and face.

The Imperial Social Club gave a tea party last evening in compliment to its friends at the residence of Miss Estelle Le Marchal, 7427 South Broadway. The parlors were handsomely decorated with flowers and plants for the occasion, and the evening was whiled away in a most enjoyable manner. Among those present were Misses Estelle Le Marchal, Emma Waibel, Emma Brunno, Barbara Smith, Mrs. E. F. Le Marchal and Drs. Sellner and Zeller, Hy Stiller, Wandell Reber, Hugo Zeller and others.

The Thirteenth Ward Democratic Club denounces the publication that they were afraid to select their delegates last Thursday evening because the Cleveland and Thurman Club who were present outnumbered them. The members claim that the club held a meeting that night particularly to transact business and not to select delegates to the City Democratic Convention. They furthermore state that when they select their delegates both clubs shall be fairly represented. The Cleveland Club members, however, will hold a meeting to-night at 7101 South Broadway purposely to make arrangements for the coming primary election. They are very bitter over the appointments of the judges and clerks for the coming primary elections and unless the affair is remedied some a lively factional fight is looked for.

THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH covers the whole field of sporting news.

LETTERS were granted William O'Rourke as administrator of the estate of Alice Wharty Muldoon in the Probate Court. The estate is valued at $750.

THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH is the organ of the secret societies.

Popular Night ★ Popular Music.

—THE—

Great St. Louis Exposition

Has Had Greater Attendance Than Ever
The People Indorse the Magnificent Sho[w]

Gilmore Gives 4 Splendid Concerts [Da]ily

The Exhibitors show all that is New and [...] Manufactures and Mechanics.

MONDAY NIGHT NEXT WILL BE MILITARY [...]

Munkacsy's "Christ on Calvary." Entrance on Fourteen[th ...] Lectures on the pictu[re ...]

DOINGS IN THE COURTS.

INHUMAN TREATMENT OF A SEVEN-YEAR-OLD BOY.

Grant Tilden Asks That He Be Made Guardian of George Ehrhardt and That the Little Fellow Be Removed From the Custody of a Bad Father—The Stepmother in Court—Divorce and Other Suits—Notes.

The Probate Court was crowded all morning with the witnesses and principals in a case involving brutality towards a child such as fortunately there is but infrequent occasion for punishing or preventing. Little Geo. Ehrhardt is but 7 years of age and a weak and sickly-looking boy at that. Naturally delicate, ill-treatment the most inhuman has further shattered his brain and even impaired his mind until his melancholy manner of bursting into tears on small provocation is touching and pitiful. Grant Tilden, Secretary of the Children's Aid Society, appeared in court this morning to ask that the child's father be declared incompetent, and that he, Mr. Tilden, be appointed guardian. Since September 2, last, the boy has been in the custody of John H. Holmes, Superintendent of the Humane Society. On that date Ferd Weil of 3330 South Broadway brought the little fellow to Mr. Holmes, saying that the boy had sought shelter with him and the case deserved attention. Investigation showed that George had been beaten and lacerated most shamefully, one ear being partly torn off, and his whole body a mass of welts and bruises. The neighbors said that the boy's last beating was brought about by his having lost a nickle and further inquiry only made matters worse. William Ehrhardt and his second wife, the little fellow's step-mother, live at 3408 DeKalb street. Mr. Holmes swore out a warrant against the father at the Four Courts, the criminal proceedings being now pending the result of the application in the Probate Court. He then discovered that the Ehrhardt family had moved three times, owing to the protests of neighbors at the treatment received by little George, whereupon he took possession of the boy, who has ever since been well cared for, and who, if Mr. Tilden is made his guardian, will be well treated in the future. The testimony this morning went to show that the abuse heaped upon the boy had been shameful. The step-mother was in court, and the young and not ill-looking woman appeared mild-mannered enough, as she sat with a baby in her arms. Yet neighbors swore that it was she who had visited most of the abuse upon the boy and had struck him with a poker or anything else convenient as a rod of correction, while it was also asserted that the husband was fully aware of what was going on, and that he himself joined in the abuse of the child.

Seeking Separation.

Benj. H. Hammett, by his attorneys, this morning filed a suit in the Circuit Court for divorce from Mrs. Birdie F. Hammett, who resides at Huntsville, Randolph County. The only allegation advanced in support of the petition is desertion. The plaintiff says that he was married to the defendant January 26, 1881, at Atlanta, Ga., and continued to live with her till September, 1885, when she abandoned him and has since absented herself.

Notes in Court.

Letters testamentary were taken out by August Allenberg on the estate of Anna Barbara Mueller, valued at $10,000.

John M. Dickson, as trustee, has brought a replevin suit in the Circuit Court against Constable John T. Dolan of the Fifth District, the suit being similar to the one entered the other day, save that the Sheriff has been added as a defendant. An order of delivery was granted by Judge Lubke.

Four ejectment suits were filed in the Circuit Court this morning by Charles A. and Mary S. Hardy against Jane Dunn and Carl Reichardt, Jane Dunn and Florence M. Graham, John Graff and lastly, against Jane Dunn. The property involved is located in the neighborhood of Sarah and Olive streets, and $500 damages and $25 for rent are demanded in each suit.

Cafe Oakes.

The ladies' favorite resort.

BOY BURGLARS.

When Arrested They Make a Clean Breast of Their Mischief.

Detectives Fitzgerald and Connors noticed two boys acting suspiciously on the Levee and Locust street about noon to-day and placed them under arrest. They were taken to the Four Courts where they gave their names as Hunter W. Varalli, aged 16 years, and Raymond Slater, aged 17 years. Both said they were from Louisville, Ky., and admitted that they had burglarized the house of Varalli's father, E. Varalli of No. 923 Fifth street, between York and Brick streets. Slater said his parents resided at Eighth and York streets. They broke into Mr. Varalli's house and stole $14, two revolvers and some trinkets. This was on Wednesday night. Then they came here and last night committed a burglary in East St. Louis, securing a couple of razors and some tobacco. All the property was recovered except the money. Both boys were in the House of Correction at Louisville before, and Varalli was arrested here once before and returned to his home. They were on their way to the wild West to kill Indians when arrested.

Maguire's Cundurango.

Regulates the Bowels, corrects Kidney Derangements, Cleanses the Blood and removes Fecal Matter from the Stomach. All complaints such as Biliousness, Headache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Pain in the Side, Back or Chest, Languidness, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, etc., are speedily cured by this wonderful remedy.

It Was George M. Francisco.

B. S. Francisco this morning called at the Morgue and identified the body of the man found near President street on the tracks of the Iron Mountain road on last Sunday as his brother, George M. Francisco, a carpenter, 41 years of age and born in Milwaukee. His mind had become unbalanced through troubles which he had over mines in Colorado. He visited his brother a couple of weeks ago, coming here from Colorado, and on September 27 disappeared. The deceased was a widower. He had been struck and killed by some locomotive.

THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH is set up in nonpareil type. It is a city paper.

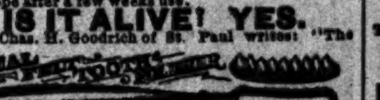
"CLEANER THAN BRISTLES."

WHY?

Examine your Bristle Tooth Brush through a microscope after a few weeks use.

IS IT ALIVE! YES.

Dr. Chas. H. Goodrich of St. Paul writes: "The



enforces cleanliness from periodical change of "Felts" (at the small cost of about 1 cent.)
HORSEY MFG. CO., Utica, N. Y.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

BEST FRIEND OF ALL!

A Very Help in Trouble.

What was the dream of childhood's hour,
What was the wish most near the heart;
Dearer than summer or buds on flowers—
Dearer than visions of science or art—
Riches, the wealth of the old Golconda
Floated it's true o'er the dreamer's dome;
Riches in jewels and gold to squander—
But over all was the mystical home.

Who has not reared in Spain a castle,
Turret and tower and minaret tall;
Manned with each gorgeously liveried vassal,
Nubians coming at beck and call!
Who has not watched by the ocean's billows,
Waiting for ships with the freight of years;
Who has not wept on his lonely pillow,
Washing hope in a sea of tears!

The incoming wealth was a chimera only,
Leaving the heart to its empty urn;
Leaving the soul disappointed and lonely—
Looking no more for the vessel's return.
Put by these visions with practical labor,
Save up the things that are honest and true;
Fight with the weapons of toil, not a saber,
Work and the rest will be added to you.

Save while in strength, each little and nickle,
Pennies soon learn now the others to seek.
Learn the true wisdom and go to McNichol;
Splendors he'll lead you to week after week,
Oh, sweet contentment! home—what a pity—
Thousands are houseless, as life just began,
When their bright star rises up o'er the city,
Showing them all in the installment plan!

What more could any man want than to be able to build a comfortable little nest for wife and babies and pay in small sums by the week, if not quite able to pay all at once? Why, it is like finding a palace like Aladdin's sprung up in the night—almost. No matter what your circumstances, you can surely save in this way. Hundreds do it. Ask
(Trade Mark.) THE ONLY M'NICHOL.
1022, 1024, 1032, 1034 Market st.

P. S.—Talk about fairs! Look at this greatest of all fairs and do not delay your home-making!

DIED.

BRINCKMEYER—On October 5, FREDERICK, beloved husband of Lizzie M. Brinckmeyer, aged 32 years 4 months and 11 days.

Funeral will take place from family residence, 2525 North Market street. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

FERGUSON—On Thursday morning, September 27, 1888, at 11 o'clock, Mrs. BRIDGET KENNEDY, relict of the late Alexander Ferguson, aged 51 years, a native of Roscrea, Tipperary, Ireland.

Funeral from residence, 2794½ Thalia street, New Orleans, La.—[From New Orleans "Times-Democrat."

JOYCE—On Friday, October 5, 1888, at 4:30 o'clock a. m., Mrs. CECELIA JOYCE (mother of Mrs. Stephen Lyons), aged 56 years.

The funeral will take place Sunday, the 7th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from the family residence, No. 2901 Spring avenue, to St. Teresa's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

ROLLBERG—JULIA ROLLBERG, October 5, aged 17 years 9 months.

Funeral will take place Sunday, October 7, at 1 o'clock p. m. from residence, No. 2506 North Thirteenth street. Friends are invited to attend.

SMITH—On Saturday morning at 5:20, WILLIAM EDWARD, son of James H. and Julia Smith (nee Halpin), aged 7 months and 5 days.

Funeral will take place from residence of parents at No. 1304 Merchant street at 2 p. m. Sunday.

WARNER—Entered into rest Thursday, October 4, 10:30 p. m., Mrs. JULIET H. WARNER, aged 63 years and 6 months, at the residence of her son, C. G. Warner, 3123 Washington avenue.

Funeral from St. John's Episcopal Church, corner Hickory and Dolman streets, on Sunday, the 7th inst., at 2:30 p. m.

Zanesville and Chillicothe (O.) papers please copy.

WHITSETT—UNDERTAKER, opp. Exposition, 1304 Olive st.; reasonable charges. Tele. 1473.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mrs. Madge Creswick McReynolds is visiting Miss Phœbe Elkington of Wellston.

Miss Emily Krippen has returned home after an absence of several weeks in Quincy, Ill.

Mrs. H. C. McNair and mother are visiting her sister, Mrs. Sidney Rowe, 1503 South Eleventh street.

Mrs. M. M. Walbridge and Mrs. Edward Rawson of Chicago, have been the guests of Mrs. Henry Spreen during Fair week.

Mrs. Edward W. Taylor, Jr., of Houston, Tex., formerly Miss Carrie Farrar of this city, is visiting Mrs. F. C. Bonsack of Hickory street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Litton has returned from the East, after spending three weeks in Old Point Comfort, New York, Niagara and other places.

Mrs. Frank P. Andrews and Miss Minnie Harris of Mobile, Ala., will spend several weeks with Mrs. Capt. Tyler of 3548 Lindell avenue.

Miss Sallie Ward of Cairo, Ill., who is in the city attending the Fair and Exposition, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sullivan of 2027 Pine street.

Mrs. Dr. Meisenbach has entertained a number of friends this week among whom were Dr. and Mrs. Hughes and Mrs. Lintz of Okawville; Dr. and Mrs. Cook of Mendota; Mrs. Kohler of Little Rock, Ark.; Mrs. Kohler of Lebanon; Miss Brandenburger of Belleville, and Mr. Knauer of Chicago.

Mrs. B. M. Cutchin and son of Salem, Ill., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. S. J. Bennet of 214 Vine street, has returned home.

Capt. and Mrs. C. H. Tyler of 3548 Lindell avenue gave a theater party at the Olympic last evening. The guests were Miss Minnie Harris, Miss Virginia Beall, Miss Jessie Barnes, Miss Rose Farrington, Miss Eva Barnes, Mrs. Frank P. Andrews, Mrs. Geo. H. Small and Mrs. M. M. Warner.

A surprise party was tendered Miss Nellie Kirby last Wednesday evening at her home, 2130 Eugenia street. A supper was served and dancing kept up until a late hour. Among those present were Misses Mamie and Maggie Shannon, Mary Leary, Ella Downey, Mollie Kelly, Julia and Maggie Keenan, Julia Quigley, Jennie Landrigan, Birdie Noble, Mary Huddleston, Laura Sherman, Lizzie Logan, and Messrs. Cook, Clark, W. and J. Cassidy, Dawson, Davis, Geehan, Kean, Kennedy, McQuillan, E. and J. Moakley, McGrath, Noble, Stern, Wyda and others.

BEST commercial, financial and market news in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

In the United States Circuit Court restraining orders were granted in the cases of C. S. Upton against the Huber & Stevenson China and Glass Co., and Chas. S. Upton against the A. Siegel Gas Fixture Co.

AMUSEM[ENTS].

GRAND OPERA [HOUSE].

TO-NIGHT AT 8, LAST PERF[ORMANCE].

Mr. W. H. Gillett's best American pl[ay]

HELD BY THE ENEM[Y].

Produced with every member of the celebrated original Madison Square Theater cast.

Sunday, October 7—Slavin & Johnson's Minstrels.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

To-night at 8. Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. The Great Spectacular Opera, the New

ZOZO THE MAGIC QUEEN ZOZO

A large and complete Dramatic and Operatic Company of 50 Artists.

Sunday night, October 7—Lizzie Evans.

POPE'S | TO-NIGHT,

—To-Night at 8—

HANLONS' NEW FANTASMA.

Next Sunday Matinee—"The White Slave."

POMPEII POSTPONED

Owing to the inclement weather, the last performance of Pain's gorgeous spectacle

POMPEII

Will take place

TO-MORROW NIGHT, | SUNDAY, October 4.

KENSINGTON GARDENS.

OLYMPIC.

TO-NIGHT AT 8, LAST PERFORMANCE.

RICE & DIXEY'S

Grand Production of the Chinese Comic Opera,

PEARL OF PEKIN!

MR. LOUIS HARRISON and Sixty Artists.

Sunday, October 7, ROBERT MANTELL.

STANDARD THEATER.

To-night, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday Matinees. Special Attraction for Fair Week.

LESTER & WILLIAMS'

Great London Specialty Co., comprising the best artists in the profession. Popular prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c. Matinee: 15c, 25c, 50.

Next week—Frank Jones in "Si Perkins."

SPORTSMAN'S PARK

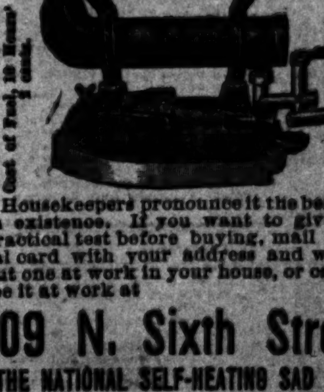
Base Ball—Two Games To-Morrow.

St. Louis vs. Kansas City

For one admission, 25 cents. First game called at 1:30; second game called at 3:30.

IRONING REVOLUTIONIZED.

NO DRUDGERY.



Housekeepers pronounce it the best Iron in existence. If you want to give it a practical test before buying, mail a postal card with your address and we will put one at work in your house, or call and see it at work at

109 N. Sixth Street.

THE NATIONAL SELF-HEATING SAD IRON.

Burlington Route

ST. L. K. & N. W. R. R.

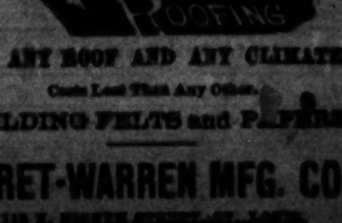
TAKE THE

BURLINGTON'S DENVER EXPRESS

DIRECT FROM

ST. LOUIS TO ST. JOSEPH, KANSAS CITY, ATCHISON, LINCOLN, OMAHA AND DENVER.

A SOLID THROUGH TRAIN TO DENVER.



FOR ANY ROOF AND ANY CLIMATE.

Costs Less Than Any Other.

BUILDING FELTS and PAPERS.

EHRET-WARREN MFG. CO.

[illegible]

THE POST-DISPATCH

BRANCH OFFICES.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale:

BENTON ST.—1501 .... O. Sutter
BENTON ST.—2879 .... A. H. Verdick
BROADWAY—2001 N .... O. D'Amour
BROADWAY & ANGELICA .... W. J. Kehrumel
BROADWAY—3613 S .... E. Geisler
BROADWAY—3907 S .... F. Hemm
BROADWAY—7631 S .... L. F. Waibel
CARR ...329 .... Lion Drug Store
CARR ...301 .... Crawley's Phar
CASS ...000 .... Cass Avenue Phar
CASS ...827 .... C. W. Tomfohrde
CHO... AV.—1501 .... H. F. Spilker
...V.—2354 .... C. Schaefer
...—2857 .... W. E. Krueger
.... Chas. F. Ochsner
.... B. Vogt
.... F. C. Pauley
.... Fischer & Co
.... T. T. Wurmb
.... T. T. Wurmb
.... F. E. Fiquet
.... C. Klipstein
.... J. B. Bascler
.... A. Braun
.... Harris & Ray
.... F. Sohn & Co
...N .... W. D. Temm
.... Thos. Layton
.... B. Jost
...800 .... Ferd. W. Sennewald
... AV.—1500 .... Philip Kaut
...E AV.—2601 .... C. E. Neubert
...V.—1700 .... W. S. Fleming
...KET ST.—2031 .... C. G. Penney
...RKET ST.—2846 .... St. L. Phar
...NARD—1434 .... G. Weinsberg
MORGAN ST.—3930 .... J. S. Procter
NINTH ST.—2625 N .... O. Claus
OLIVE ST.—1500 .... R. Riley
OLIVE ST.—2800 .... J. L. Royston
OLIVE ST.—3000 .... J. Guerdan & Co
OLIVE ST.—3201 .... Louis Schurk
OLIVE ST.—3500 .... Adam B. Roth
PARK AV.—1937 .... G. H. Andreas
SALINA ST.—2870 .... A. P. Kaltwasser
TAYLOR AV.—1900 .... G. H. Wagner
WASHINGTON AV.—1328 .... Frimm's Phar
WASHINGTON AV.—2838 .... T. S. Glenn
WASHINGTON AV.—3800 .... J. Weiner
WASHINGTON AV.—3901 .... F. W. Conradt

SUBURBAN.

KIRKWOOD .... L. P. Hemm
WEBSTER GROVES .... Livery Stable
EAST ST. LOUIS .... O. F. Kresse
BELLEVILLE ILL .... Kaercher & Stolberg

TO ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the early departure of the fast mail train, advertisements for the SUNDAY MORNING POST-DISPATCH must be in the office before 9 o'clock Saturday night to insure insertion

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check, to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST-OFFICE address.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Temple Israel, corner 28th and Pine sts.—Sunday lecture by Rabbi S. H. Sonneschein. Subject: "The Pressing Demand of the Hour." Exercises begin 10:45 sharp. Everybody welcome.

St. George's Church, cor. Beaumont and Chestnut sts., Rev. Robert A. Holland, S. T. D., Rector. Morning prayer, Litany, sermon by the rector; holy communion 10:45 a. m. No evening service.

Rev. D. Livingston will preach at the United Presbyterian Sabbath School, 2419 Spring av., on Sabbath evening at 7:45 o'clock; also Sabbath School and Bible class at 3 o'clock p. m. All are cordially invited to attend.

Church of the Messiah (Unitarian), corner Garrison av. and Locust st. Pastor, Rev. John Snyder. Sunday, October 7, at 10:45 a. m., preaching by the pastor. Subject: "The Religion of Robert Elsmere," and at 4 p. m. communion service. Sunday-school at 12 m. Mission Sunday-school at 2:45 p. m. All invited.

Pilgrim Congregational Church, corner Washington and Ewing avs. Rev. Henry A. Stimson, D. D., pastor, will preach September 16 at 10:30 a. m. and at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 12 m. Young people's meeting of the Society of Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m.

Second Baptist Church, Corner Locust and Beaumont (27th) sts. Rev. Frederick L. Anderson will preach at 11 o'clock a. m.; subject, "The Woman of Samaria." Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Young people's meeting at 7 p. m. Midweek service Wednesday evening. All are welcome.

First Presbyterian Church, corner of Locust and 14th sts.—Preaching by the pastor, George E. Martin, Sunday, October 7, at 11 o'clock a. m., and at 8 o'clock p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:30 o'clock a. m. Society of Christian Endeavor at 7 o'clock p. m. Midweek meeting, Wednesday evening. All are cordially invited.

North Presbyterian Church, corner 11th and Chambers sts.—Rev. Marcellus G. Gorin, pastor. Residence 2011 N. 11th st. Preaching Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9 a. m. Prayer-meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. The Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sabbath evening at 7 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

St. Mark's English Evangelical Lutheran Church, Bell street and Cardinal avenue, M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Services, 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sabbath-school, 9 a. m. Prayer-meeting and lecture by the pastor every Wednesday evening at 7:45 o'clock. The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets in the church parlors every Sabbath evening at 6:30. Welcome.

Second Presbyterian Church, n. w. cor. 17th st. and Lucas place.—Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D.D., pastor. Divine service Sunday, October 7, at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. in the chapel. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Monday evening in the lecture-room at 8 o'clock. A cordial invitation and welcome extended to all.

LODGES.

ST. LOUIS LODGE, NO. 5, I. O. O. F.—To the officers and members of St. Louis Lodge, No. 5, I. O. O. F.: There will be a regular meeting of this lodge at Odd Fellows' Hall, cor. Fourth and Locust sts., this evening, at 8 o'clock p. m. Work in the initiatory degree. Members of sister lodges and visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.
J. M. WILLIAMS, N. G.
J. DUFFY, Secretary. 33

MERCANTILE LODGE, No. 331, A. O. U. W., will meet this evening at 8 o'clock, at Druid's Hall. Visitors always welcome. By order
THOS. B. HARVEY, M. W.
C. G. BALMER, Recorder. 33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Situation by a young man of experience as clerk in grocery or dry goods store; best references. Address L 34, this office. 37

Book-keepers.

WANTED—A person who has two hours a day to spare, three times a week, to take care of a set of books; state salary expected. Address M 32, this office. 36

Boys.

WANTED—A position on a ranch by two young boys. Address N 27, this office. 42

Miscellaneous.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—By single man work on farm; understands gardening, cows and horses; practical farmer; sober and reliable; first-class references. Address G 32, this office. 43

WANTED—Position as porter or shipping clerk by energetic man of 24 years of age. Reference by permission to Mr. Frank Wyman of Simmons Hardware Co. Ad. Henry Diets, 1410 S. Compton av. 43

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Cooks.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A good order cook, at 421 N. 6th st. 56

WANTED—Thoroughly competent German cook at 3723 Delmar av.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Bookkeepers.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

THE Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND and ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL. Open day and night. Corner Broadway and Market st. Send for circular. 53

SHORT-HAND
JONES'
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
S. W. Cor. Third and Vine Sts.,
Offers superior advantages for learning short-hand, type-writing and telegraphy. Only first-class teachers employed. Day and night classes. 53

Stenographers.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A stenographer wants to exchange dictation evenings with another stenographer. Ad. G 34, this office. 60

Clerks and Salesmen.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Experienced young man in dry goods; must speak German. Geo. Wander, Jr., 1606 S. Broadway. 54

WANTED—Bright, intelligent young man to work in produce store; one with experience preferred; permanent position. Ad. W 32, this office.

WANTED—Shoe salesman to travel in following States on commission: Arkansas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Southern Ohio, Missouri, Kansas, Mississippi, Alabama, Illinois and Northern Michigan; must be A No. 1 experienced men; no men in other lines or without road experience need apply; sales have grown over 60 per cent in three years. Apply at once and state experience in full, amount of sales, section traveled, who for, etc., to Boot & Shoe Mfg. Co., Pearl st., Boston. 54

FOR SALE—Merchant Tailor Clothing on time payments. 604 Chestnut st. 54

NIGHT SCHOOL.
JONES'
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
Short-hand, Type-writing and Telegraphy School and English Academy,
S. W. Corner Third and Vine Streets,
Over the State Bank of St. Louis.
Entrance 421 N. Third St.
Removed from 307, 309, 311 N. Broadway.
DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL
The complete business course, book-keeping, penmanship, business correspondence, commercial calculations, commercial law; the full English course, spelling, reading, English grammar, writing and arithmetic; short-hand, type-writing and telegraphy taught in a most thorough and practical manner.
Our new location is convenient to all street car lines, and only two blocks from the Main street depot. Capacious and well-lighted rooms, considered the finest and most healthful in the city for school purposes. For circulars or particulars call at the office or address
Telephone 1273. J. G. BOHMER, President.

McKINNEY'S BREAD.
AWARDED FIRST PREMIUM.

The Trades.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—35 collar-makers willing to work. P. J. Peters Saddlery Co., 501 N. Main st. 58

WANTED—Carpenters and car repairers. Apply at Missouri Car & Foundry Co., 2800 DeKalb st.

WANTED—A No. 1 upholsterer; good salary and steady position to first-class man. St. Louis Toy Co., 206 S. 17th st. 58

WANTED—A good coatmaker to go in the country, steady work and good pay. Apply to J. M. Hayes Woolen Co., 617 Washington av. 58

WANTED—25 first-class railroad machinists to go to Pine Bluff, Ark. Apply at office St. L., Ark. & Texas Railway Co., 6th and Locust, city. 58

Waiters.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A good waiter. 413 N. 6th st. 57

WANTED—At 2206 Olive st. a colored man for dining-room work. 57

Laborers.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—10 laborers to tend stone masons. Belle av., near Compton. 59

WANTED—25 teams and men with shovels, 11th and St. Charles sts. Jno. J. Brown. 59

WANTED—100 teams with dirt wagon to follow graders; 9 months' work; $3.50 per day. Union av., bet. Forest Park and Wabash R. R. P. D. Sage & Co., contractors. 59

Boys.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—With city reference, a stout boy. 110 N. 3d st. 61

WANTED—A boy for general housework. 2930 Locust st. 61

WANTED—Good German boy, 12 to 14 years old, in dry goods store. 500 S. 2d st.

WANTED—A boy to make himself generally useful about the house. 2930 Washington av.

WANTED—A good boy to work around the house about 14 years of age. Inquire 3648 Page av.

WANTED—A good, reliable white boy to take care of cow and horse. Apply at 4266 Morgan st., Sunday. 61

Miscellaneous.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Five young gentlemen in city offices to learn telegraphing on our lines; paying $70, $80, $90, $100, $110, $120 and $125 monthly. Apply immediately, Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—A position as clerk in a musical bookstore by lady who understands instruments and is a good performer; with reference. Inquire 2814 Sheridan av. 50

Stenographers.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Position as stenographer and typewriter by young lady of experience; also telegrapher. Address S 32, this office. 45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Lady wishes sit. to do sewing and housework; would go by day or month; can cut and fit. Address N 32, this office. 46

General Housework.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Girl wants place for general housework; 3922 Easton av.; call to-morrow morn. 48

WANTED—Situation by a German girl for general housework in small family; just in city. Inquire at 1016 Market st., in rear. 48

McKINNEY'S BREAD.
AWARDED FIRST PREMIUM.

STOVE REPAIRS!
For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks, Etc.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A situation as cook in a nice Protestant family. Address A. F., 8201 Virginia av., Carondelet, Mo. 49

Laundresses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

WANTED—A family's washing to do. Call or add. 1907 Walnut st.

WANTED—A German woman wants family washing to take home; can give good ref. 822 N. 15th st. 51

Housekeepers.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

WANTED—Young widow would like to keep house for elderly gentleman. Please call 504 Poplar st.; 3d floor; room 20. 47

WANTED—By young widow, with little boy, a position as housekeeper in widower's family; home more than wages. 1721 Elliot av. 47

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

General Housework.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANT—2 girls for general housework. 2718 N. Broadway. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in small family. 3740 Evans av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call at once. 1516 Lucas place. 66

WANTED—A young girl to assist in housework; no washing. 2945 Gamble st. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework; good wages. 4111 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—Small German girl to assist in light housework. 3326 Locust st. 66

WANTED—At 2648 Olive st. a servant for general house work; flats; no washing. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; very small family. Apply at 1010 Grattan st.

WANTED—Good girl; light housework; no washing or ironing. Call at 1439 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A good colored woman for general housework who sleeps at home. 1806 Olive st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; must be a good cook; references required. Apply immediately, 3859 Delmar av. 66

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Two dressmakers at 302 S. 2d st. 69

Laundresses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—At once, two good shirt ironers. No. 8 N. 14th st. 67

WANTED—Help experienced in laundry work. Apply to Knight & Mullings, Marshall, Tex. 67

Cooks, Etc.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A good cook at 2833 Chestnut st. 68

WANTED—Good girl to cook, wash and iron. 3648 Page av. 68

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron. 3750 Finney av. 68

WANTED—At 2206 Olive st. a No. 1 colored cook; Apply at once. 68

WANTED—One cook and one girl for housework; reference required. 3227 Washington av. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron; also young girl to assist in housework. 3658 Finney av. 68

WANTED—A good cook; none but German or Swede wanted; good references required; to a competent girl good wages and steady employment in small family will be given. Call at 3814 Pine st. 68

Nurses.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Nurse girl in a small German family; good home. Apply 705 Wash st., up-stairs.

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

WANTED—Six chambermaids to-day at Hotel Richelieu, Washington av., between 13th and 14th sts. 71

WANTED—25 girls to pack crackers; must have experience. Apply to Dozier-Weyl Cracker Co., 16th and Morgan sts. 71

WANTED—A German girl, age from 12 to 15 years, a good home; moderate wages; 2 in family. Mrs. Hall, 1419 Biddle st. 71

WANTED—Five young ladies in city offices to learn telegraphing on our lines; paying $70, $80, $90, $100, $110, $120 and $125 monthly. Apply immediately, Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3rd. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

AGENTS WANTED—$75 a month and expenses paid any active person to sell our goods; no capital; salary monthly; expenses in advance; particulars free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston. 73

MONEY WANTED.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

MONEY WANTED—I want $3,000 for 5 years at 5 per cent on property (improved) worth $6,000. Address K 24, this office. 25

THEATRICAL.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

VOICE culture, dramatic training, taught by lady of experience; rapid advancement assured. Address A 33, this office. 75

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Board by young lady in private family; give price and location. Ad. B 33, this office.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Board and room by young lady in strictly private family in the West End; state terms. Address F 32, this office. 20

WANTED—Business gentleman desires room and board in nice, private Jewish family, near the business portion of the city. Ad. T 32, this office.

WANTED—Gentleman and wife, without children, wish board in private family; home comforts, for which liberal price will be paid; state accommodations, etc. Ad. R 34, this office. 20

WANTED—Room and board for lady, with small adjoining room for school boy of 15; prompt, sure pay; unexceptionable references exchanged. Address, with full particulars, H 32, this office. 20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A young man desires a small furnished room, with or without breakfast; state price. Address L 32, this office. 21

WANTED—One or two furnished rooms for gent; district, Chouteau and Park avs., 6th and 11th sts. Address O 31, this office. 21

WANTED—A large furnished room for light housekeeping within 20 minutes of Court-house. Address, stating price, H 34, this office.

WANTED—A small house of 4 or 5 rooms, west of Broadway and south of Miami st., for a permanent tenant. Address B 31, this office. 21

WANTED—A four or five-room flat or part of a house, with conveniences for light housekeeping for two in family, between Grand and Jefferson avs., Morgan and Chestnut sts. Address D 35, this office.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A combination pool and billiard table, in first-class order; state price; cash down. P. O. box 471. 26

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Bull bitch; white spot on right ear; $5 reward. 11 Rankin av. 30

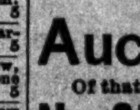
LOST—A pair of spectacles, in case, on 14th st., bet. Wash and Carr; liberal reward given if returned to 712 N. 14th st. 30

STRAYED—From 4266 Morgan st., one yellow and two black-and tan shepherd puppies. Liberal reward for their return. 30

ALL SORTS.

FOR SALE—Custom-made tailor suits, misfits, cheap. 19 N. 6th st. 32

BIG MUDDY COAL.
LEHIGH VALLEY ANTHRACITE.
32 J. H. SIEGRIST, 313 Olive st.



ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office, No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses, at option of applicants, on monthly payment plan in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

McKINNEY'S BREAD.
AWARDED FIRST PREMIUM.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

FOR SALE—Tin shop. Apply at 600 Rutger st.; reasonable terms. 4

FOR SALE—A1 route in business center on this paper. Apply to superintendent of carriers. 4

FOR SALE—Saloon and fixtures, together with restaurant and 16 rooms; also the building belonging to the same; centrally located; bargain can be had as owner is going to the old country.
4 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

PERSONALS.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements of two lines and over in this column FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL—Little Lady: Leave for Kansas City this evening; will let you know when I am in town again. B. 1

PERSONAL—Will young lady that recognized strange gent on Thursday p. m. at Fair please address in confidence E 33, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Young lady walking up Broadway and stopping cor. Olive st. Friday, 6:30 p. m., noticing gent passing ahead, would please him very much with interview. Add. W 34, this office. 1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

UNFORTUNATES look in the Sunday Post-Dispatch for those who can relieve them. 74

PARTIES declining housekeeping can realize the highest cash prices for their surplus furniture and effects, in large or small lots, by sending to R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., AUCT'RS, 1005 Olive st.

PERSONAL—We offer $1,000 reward for a cough or throat trouble (last stages of disease excepted) which cannot be relieved by a proper use of Dr. X. Stone's Bronchial Wafers. Sample free. Address Stone Med. Co., Quincy, Ill. 74

MRS. MARY DAVIS, M. D., ladies' physician; female complaints treated; board during confinement. 1514½ Morgan. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS for $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 813 Locust st. 74

DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure; operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office, 517 Olive st. 74

Premium Wigs and Toupees.
30 Premiums received at St. Louis Fair.
Impossible to detect them. Ordinary length of hair, from $8 to $16; short-cut, from $1 to $20. Satisfaction guaranteed at
M. J. DARCEL'S,
307 N. Seventh st.
Formerly under Southern Hotel. 74

BOSTON STEAM DENTAL CO.,
No. 615 Olive st., next to Barr's (formerly 802 Washington av.) The only place in the city where they make the very best sets of teeth for $7, and no charge for extracting. Gold fillings from $1.50 to $2; silver, platina and other fillings, 75c. Extracting teeth with vitalized air or gas, 25c. All work guaranteed first-class. DR. J. H. CASE, Manager.

MME. VILLERS, reliable clairvoyant and magnetic healer; baths. 710 Pine st.; walk up. 74

MME. ANNA, the fortune-teller of the West, 826 Market st., near 4th. Established in 1851. 74

MISS OVERDIER, reliable test and business medium, can be consulted daily at 16 Center st. 74

MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies during confinement; charges reasonable. 2613 S. 11th st.

MRS. DR. SILVA gives baths of all kinds, assisted by Miss George of Boston. 1319 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo. 74

MRS. L. MASSOCK, Ladies' Physician; ladies boarded during confinement; ladies in trouble call. 1204 St. Ange av. 74

MRS. LYONS' INSTITUTE, 113 S. 6th st., two doors south People's Theater. Scientific massage, magnetic and medicated baths, by experts; female assistants. 74

MRS. DOSSEN—Practical and competent midwife and lady physician; business strictly confidential; receives ladies during confinement; best place in West for good care and home comfort; charges reasonable. Call at 1332 Chouteau av. 74

TRY Mrs. Dr. Silva's golden baths; a necessity for the sick, a luxury for the well; male and female attendants. 1319 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo. 74

STRANGE VISIONS
Are being daily presented to the delighted and wondering gaze of scores of callers by Mrs. Dr. Eddy, the celebrated clairvoyant. Not only are friends and relatives recognized in these strange and mystifying visions, but young ladies who are curious regarding the personal appearance of their future husbands, by calling upon this renowned clairvoyant, can have their curiosity satisfied by gazing upon his life-like image. Remember that there is no additional charge for these visions, but all having their fortunes told will see them as a proof that she is genuine, and she offers a challenge of $5,000 to any other medium in the city who will do the same. Mrs. Dr. Eddy is a seventh daughter, born with a double veil, and has the power of any two clairvoyants; reveals every hidden mystery in a dead trance; tells name of each caller, with name of future husband or wife, with age and date of marriage; tells all business affairs with utmost truth; unites the separated, and causes speedy and happy marriage with the one you love; removes evil influences, gives good luck in business, love and marriage; $5,000 to any medium who can excel her in her startling revelations. Fee, $1 and upward. Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. strict. Letters, with stamp, promptly answered, Parlors, 1417 Pine st. 74

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Team and hauling. 1437 Blair av. 12

FOR SALE—Covered top wagon; also work-horse. 1842 Park av., express office. 12

FOR SALE—Top buggies, park, grocery, baker, butcher and dry goods wagons. 1604 N. Broadway.

HEIDEMAN - BENOIST SAD. CO.

HORSE AND STABLE GOODS.

CONSULT your interests by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

M'CABE, YOUNG & CO.
Have a large stock of Butchers', Bakers', Grocers', Whiteners', Laundry, Dry Goods, and all kinds of top and open
DELIVERY WAGONS
of our own manufacture which we are selling very low for cash. Every vehicle is fully warranted first-class in every particular and hand made. Send for catalogue to 1122 to 1128 N. Main. 12

WINTER HORSE CLOTHING.
New Stock. Latest Styles. Low Prices.
J. B. SICKLES SADDLERY CO.,
Washington av. and 11th st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

FOR SALE—Yorkshire terrier pups, by S. Keane, 2107 Eugenia st. 5

FOR SALE—St. Bernard pups, orange color. M. Hickey, 2703 Eugenia st. 5

FOR SALE—112 S. 14th st., 37 yards ingrain carpet, new; 18 yards brussels carpet, new. 5

FOR SALE—Furniture, carpets, etc., nearly new, of six-room house, 319 Argyle av. (30th st., one block south of Clark av.) 5

FOR SALE—All kinds of second-hand and new tools and hardware, second-hand platform and counter scales. 910 N. 7th st. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap—A portable boiler and engine in No. 1 order; suitable for threshing machine, ice elevator, etc. 1714 Market st. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap; one 20-horse power, portable boiler and engine in good running order at Thomas Stringer's, 1919 Benton st., North St. Louis.

FOR SALE—Furniture, cheap—I will furnish needroom and kitchen for $25 and upward for cash or time. All goods at bottom prices. D. A. Clark, 111 N. 12th st. 5

1,000 UNREDEEMED gold and silver watches 2,000 rings, 500 clocks and large quantities of gold and silver chains, bracelets, jewelry, etc., for sale cheap, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

PROFESSIONAL.

PILES, fistula, irritable ulcers, etc., a specialty. FRANCIS O. DEARE, M. D.,
34 1302 Olive st., St. Louis.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

18B TARGEE ST., between 14th and 15th, Market and Walnut sts.—Furnished or unfur. rooms. 13

112 S. 14TH ST.—Nicely furnished front room, first floor, for one or two gentlemen; private family. 13

116 N. 7TH ST.—Nicely fur. rooms by the day, week or month; meals next door. 13

121 N. 7TH ST., southwest corner of Pine—Handsomely furnished rooms; rent low. 13

210 OLIVE ST.—Room, comfortable fur., for one or two gents. Inquire of janitor. 13

404 MONTROSE AV.—A neatly furnished front room in a private family, with all conveniences.

412 ARGYLE AV.—5 rooms on first floor and 2 basement rooms for one or two good families.

504 MARKET ST.—Two large furnished front rooms; $12 per month; fire and light.

624 N. BEAUMONT—Two unfurnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. 13

721 N. 14TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen. 13

813 WALNUT ST.—Three nicely furnished rooms, one front room. 13

827 LEONARD AV.—Neatly furnished front room suitable for one or two gents; references exchanged. 13

930 N. GARRISON AV.—Two large furnished rooms; new house; hot bath, etc. 13

1019 HICKORY ST.—Four rooms, second floor, with gas, bath, etc. 13

1110 N. PARK PLACE.—One front furnished room. 13

1113 N. 18TH ST.—Two unfurnished rooms, all of 2d floor, one furnished room; gas; bath. 13

1125 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms $1.25 to $2 a week; also housekeeping rooms; respectable only. 13

1126 N. 6TH ST.—Two large furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also furnished hall room, $1.25 per week. 13

1136 S. 7TH ST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms at $1 up to $2.50 per week. 13

1236 CLARK AV.—Two front rooms furnished; 1 for light housekeeping and one for gentlemen. 13

1301 S. 13TH ST.—4 rooms 1st floor; front and side entrance. Inquire at 1428 Papin st. 13

1305 CARR ST.—Nice front room, fur., with fire, suitable for one or two persons, $10. 13

1310 OLIVE ST.—Opposite Exposition, front room, fur. or unfur.; $2.25 per week. 13

1311 CHAMBERS ST.—Two rooms and kitchen, first floor. 13

1336 LINN ST.—Three newly furnished rooms, with board. 13

1404 LUCAS PLACE—Corner 14th st., elegant rooms, day, week or month; transients a specialty. 13

1424 WASHINGTON AV.—One or two front parlors, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for doctor or dentist; rent low. 13

1627 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished 3d story front; also one pleasant hall room. 13

1804 LUCAS PLACE—Elegant front rooms; gas and bath; cheap to good paying tenants. 13

1810 MORGAN ST.—Furnished front room; also, one pleasant room furnished for housekeeping; gas and bath. 13

2308 EUGENIA ST.—3 rooms, with every convenience, cheap. 13

2326 OLIVE ST.—Newly and elegantly furnished rooms for gents; visitors to the Ex. and Fair accommodated. 13

2507 CASS AV.—Nicely furnished front room, suitable for two; fire and bath. 13

2608 MORGAN ST.—Two nicely-furnished rooms; new furniture, bath, closet, etc.; convenient to four lines of cars. 13

2634 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

2635 OLIVE ST.—One large room, comfortably furnished; southern exposure. 13

2700 MORGAN ST.—A nicely furnished room on second floor front, with use of bath, hall, etc. 13

2727 CASS AV.—Seven rooms for one or two families. 13

2735 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; every comfort of home; private family; southern exposure. 13

2740 MADISON ST.—2 nice rooms and kitchen, first floor, cheap to small family. 13

2745 CLARK AV.—Two second story front rooms; unfurnished; southern exposure; private family; no other roomers; all conveniences.

2943 CASS AV.—Furnished front room; southern exposure; privilege of kitchen; parties without children. 13

3003 BACON ST.—Nicely furnished front room. 13

3600 OLIVE ST.—Elegant double parlors and room adjoining; partly furnished; second floor; opposite Hotel Beers. 13

FOR RENT—Four rooms and kitchen, $10; 3 rooms, $6. Keys at 1104 Tyler st. 13

WANTED—Room-mate by young gent for nicely fur. 2d-story front room, with board, fire, gas, in strictly private family, near Jefferson and Laclede avs.; terms $4 per week. App. 2108 Franklin av. 13

ROOMS are quickly rented by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 13

FOR RENT—FLATS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR RENT—New flat, 5 rooms, gas, bath and mansard; just finished; 3 blocks north of Lafayette av., on 30th st. or Todd av.

BOARDING.

515 N. 35TH ST. (or Ware av.)—Nicely furnished 2d-story rooms, with board; terms low.

1714 WASH ST.—Two furnished parlors for gent or man and wife with board or without. 18

2307 OLIVE ST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, single or en suite, with board; transient boarders accommodated. 18

2923 CHESTNUT ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without board. 18

2930 WASHINGTON AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms with board; refs. exchanged. 18

3215 PINE ST.—Second-story front, private family, with board; suitable for two gentlemen.

3246 OLIVE ST.—Two connecting parlors, neatly furnished, with or without board; also large second-story front. 18

BOARDERS are secured by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 18

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1015 N. COMPTON AV.—7-room house, laundry and bath. Inquire at 1009 N. Compton av. 14

2839 RUSSELL AV.—One new 7-room detached house; bath, gas, etc. Apply 2408 Second Carondelet av. 14

3113 AND 3115 CHESTNUT ST., each 7 rooms and laundries; nice front yards and porches; perfect repair; just been remodeled; $50. Apply early. R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO.,
14 902 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Only $20 per month; 1609 Hickory st.; 7 rooms; every convenience; near Lafayette Park and 4th st. cars. JOHN MAGUIRE,
14 519 Walnut st.

HOUSE HUNTERS LOOK
at those beautiful new houses on Clarkson place. Take cable-car to Morgan, just east of Vandeventer av. JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished house, Pine st., west of Jefferson av., on a corner, 3-story stone front, 10 rooms; handsomely furnished; nice yard; every convenience.
R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO.,
Telephone No. 886. 902 Chestnut st.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

FOR RENT—Two large office rooms over 700 Market st. 17

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Absolute and Unconditional Auction Sale!
Of that Very Desirable Residence,
No. 3517 Laclede Av
10 Rooms, Furnace, the Latest Improved Plumbing, With Lot 37½x120 Feet to Alley,
On Monday, the 15th of October,
At 3 p. m., on the premises.
This is a rare chance to buy something really desirable at your own price. Terms: One-third cash; balance at 6 per cent. Open daily for inspection.
Adam Boeck & Co.
307 N. EIGHTH ST.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

REBER PLACE.
Lots for sale in this beautiful subdivision; city gas, city water, city sprinkling, city school, city sewer, improved streets, granitoid pavements, beautiful shade trees to be planted; opposite the west gate of the beautiful Tower Grove Park; fare 4 cents to the city; sixteen trains per day, more to be added soon. Call and make your choice now.
RUTLEDGE & HORTON,
8 801 Locust st.

HORTON PLACE.
Most attractive subdivision on the Narrow Gauge Railroad; sewered; city streets; first-class neighbors; property enhancing in value. Call and secure a house site.
RUTLEDGE & HORTON,
8 801 Locust st.

WANT advertisements in the Sunday Post-Dispatch will reach every reader.

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

FOR SALE—In West End, convenient to cable, 4 room brick; large lot; new outhouses. Address O 32, this office. 7

FOR SALE—Monthly Payments—4220 Vista av., brand new 5-room brick cottage; lot 20.10x135 feet; $100 cash, balance $20 per month.
7 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—2735 Bacon st.—A bargain in a new 6-room, two-story brick in first-class neighborhood, on cable road and two other lines, $2,700, cash or time, if sold before the 15th, as party wants to go West; call and see it. 7

FOR SALE—MONTHLY PAYMENTS—4046 Morgan st., brand new 2-story stock brick front house of 7 rooms, hall, bath, gas, hot and cold water, inside and outside water closet and connected with sewers; finished in hard wood, good cellars, walls 13 inches; lot 25x155 feet to alley; price, $4,000; terms, $800 cash, $35 per month; we pay for making street and sidewalk, which is under contract to be made inside of 90 days; get keys at
7 KEELEY & CO.'S, 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE!
At A Great Bargain,
THIS REAL ESTATE.
OWNED BY A NON-RESIDENT
Now in the city to sell at it once
4 GOOD 8-ROOM BRICK HOUSES and LOT.
S. E. cor. 21st and Wash streets; rented for $100 per month. The corner is a store; this is good business property. Also
2 Good 2-Story Brick Houses and Lot.
S. E. cor. 15th and O'Fallon streets; rented for about $50 per month. The owner of the above property is here to sell it, and will consider any offer made for the whole or part of it, as he wants to leave the city at once. For price and terms apply to
TAAFFE & GAY,
710 Chestnut St.

Buy a Home
On small monthly payments. With the money you pay for rent you can buy a 5-room house and 25x125 foot lot on Ashland place, near terminus of Northern Central street car line. Houses open every day.
RICE & FARRINGTON,
7 808 Chestnut st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

BORROWERS are found by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 31

MONEY to loan on city real estate. I have $1,200 that I will loan for 2½ years at 5 per cent on property that is worth at least $2,500. Address L 24, this office. 31

MONEY to loan on real estate security. I have $500, $700, $1,000, $1,200, $1,500, $2,000, $2,500, $3,000, $3,500, $4,000, $4,500 and $5,000, at the lowest market rates. I will also make building loans for the same amounts. If you want to build a house and have not got money enough to complete same, call and see me and I will make you a loan. CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Real Estate and Financial Agent,
Notary Public, 507 Chestnut st.
Telephone 523. 31

TO LOAN—$10,000, $8,000, $5,000, $3,000, $2,500, $2,000, $1,500, $1,000 and $500 at 6 per cent on St. Louis City and County real estate.
31 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

MONEY TO LOAN
On City Real Estate at Lowest Rates.
PAPIN & TONTRUP,
31 626 Chestnut st.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. HALF A MILLION, Eastern Funds, To Loan
In sums to suit, on City Real Estate. Certified checks ready as soon as papers are made out.
FRANK OBEAR, Real Estate Broker,
31 Room 45, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'TY

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount, lowest rates, no com. chd. 621 Chestnut

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, in sums to suit; business confidential; no commission charged. O. C. Volker, 714 Pine st., room 14.

FURNITURE LOANS.
$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 81

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY LOANED—$5 and upwards on furniture without removal; also on any good personal securities. My terms are the best in the city. M. E. Dougan, 803 Pine st., up-stairs. 31

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc. at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 813 Morgan.

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 819 Chestnut st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly, and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

STORAGE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

STORAGE—Furniture, pianos, baggage, etc., safe, reliable; rooms and separate apartments, money loaned, moving, packing and shipping (with care) a specialty; warehouses, Jefferson av. and LaSalle st.; send for our pamphlet containing full details, get our rates. R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1005 Olive st.

ELECTION NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the Stockholders of the Whitman Agricultural Co. will be held at the office of this company, corner of 8th st. and Clark av., St. Louis, Mo., at 9 o'clock a. m., on Tuesday, October 16, for the purpose of electing directors of said Company and the transaction of other business. C. E. WHITMAN, President.
October 6, 1888. H. L. WHITMAN, Secretary.

OFFICE of the Western Steel Co., 404 Walnut st., St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 3, 1888.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Western Steel Co. will be held at the office of the Company, No. 404 Walnut st., in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Wednesday, October 17, 1888, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the election of seven directors to serve for the ensuing year and for the transaction of other business. It is proposed to take action respecting the winding up of the business of the Company.
A. M. WILCOX, Pres't.
CHAS. F. STUART, Sec'y.

TIME TABLE
Of Trains Running into the Union Depot.
ST. LOUIS TIME.

*Except Sunday; †Daily; ‡Except Saturday; §Except Monday; ¶ Monday.

	Depart.	Arrive.
CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Chicago Express Mail	8:30 am	7:35 pm
Kansas City Mail	8:45 am	6:50 pm
Through Chicago Express	4:50 pm	10:40 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	6:00 pm	2:00 pm
Chicago Lightning Express	7:55 pm	7:35 am
Kansas City Night Express	8:20 pm	7:00 am
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line).		
Day Express	7:25 am	7:30 pm
Chicago Express	8:00 pm	7:00 am
OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.		
10 hours to Cin. & Lou 4 Solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York.		
Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	6:25 am	7:22 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	8:00 am	6:40 pm
Cincinnati Express	7:00 pm	7:30 am
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	8:00 pm	7:45 am
Salem Accommodation	5:15 pm	8:45 am
CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.		
New Orleans Fast Line	7:40 pm	8:00 pm
Memphis, Arkansas & Texas Ex	7:40 pm	7:55 am
Cairo, Ky. & Tenn. Ex. daily	7:45 am	7:55 am
El. & Parker City Ex., ex. Sund	4:20 pm	11:50 am
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD.		
St. Paul, Dubuque, Omaha and Denver Express	9:30 am	5:20 pm
La Crosse, Omaha, Lincoln and Denver Express	8:30 pm	6:50 am
INDIANAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS (BEE LINE).		
Only line landing passengers in Grand Central Depot, New York. No change of cars.		
Day Express	7:35 am	6:00 pm
New York and Cincinnati Limited Express	8:05 am	7:40 pm
Mattoon Accommodation	4:25 pm	10:35 am
New York, Boston & Cincinnati Express	7:05 pm	7:30 am
Double daily parlor and sleeping-car service to Cincinnati.		
LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS R. R. (The Air Line.)		
Louisville and Washington City Day Express	7:50 am	7:45 pm
Louisville Night Express, fast line	7:35 pm	7:35 am
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.		
Mt. Vernon Accommodation		9:10 am
Southern Fast Mail	7:50 am	7:45 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	5:00 pm	
Belleville Accommodation	10:45 am	1:50 pm
Southern Fast Line	7:35 pm	7:25 am
VANDALIA LINE.		
Day Express, daily	7:25 am	5:00 pm
Pennsylvania Special, daily	8:10 am	7:30 pm
Chicago Express, exc. Sunday	7:25 am	7:30 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp. daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Night Express, daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Effingham Accom., daily	5:30 pm	7:55 am
Cincin. Day Exp. exc. sunday	8:10 am	7:30 pm
Cincin. Night Express, daily	7:30 pm	7:00 am
WABASH RAILWAY.		
Chicago Local Mail	7:05 am	7:25 pm
Chicago Fast Express	7:55 am	6:15 pm
New York Fast Express	7:55 am	6:15 pm
Decatur & Jacksonville Accommodation	4:45 pm	10:25 am
New York & Boston Fast Exp.	7:10 pm	7:45 am
Chicago Night Express	8:10 pm	7:25 am
Peoria Night Express	8:10 pm	7:25 am
WABASH WESTERN RAILWAY.		
Through Mail and Express	8:25 am	6:15 pm
Kansas City, St. Joe & St. Paul Fast Line	9:00 am	6:40 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	5:00 pm	11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines & St. Paul Express	8:25 pm	7:00 am
Kansas City & St. Joseph Express	8:35 pm	6:40 am
Ferguson Accommodation	12:40 pm	8:10 am
Ferguson Belt Line (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	11.10 am
Ferguson Belt Line (Sunday only)	4:20 pm	4:10 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	8:25 am	12:30 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	6:20 pm	6:08 pm
ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.		
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	7.05 am	6:50 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	8:25 am	8:45 am
Through Mail	8:20 am	6:00 pm
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	12:30 pm	10:45 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	1:00 pm	10:20 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	4:00 pm	3:15 pm
Pacific Accommodation	5:20 pm	7:55 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	6:30 pm	5:15 pm
Through Express	8:15 pm	6:30 am
ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY.		
St. Paul, Spirit Lake, Cedar Rapids and Burlington Ex.	7:20 am	6:00 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Joseph and California Ex.	8:05 pm	7:10 am
Burlington, Ottumwa and Des Moines Express	8:15 pm	6:25 am
MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.		
New Orleans and Florida Express	9:00 pm	7:25 am
Cairo, Chester and Jackson Ex.	7:40 am	7:00 pm
ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL.		
Bowling Green and Hannibal Mail and Express	5:00 pm	11:35 am
Through Express	9:00 am	6:40 pm

ILLINOIS & ST. LOUIS R. R.

	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Union Depot	8:20	11:00	2:50	5:20
Arrive at Belleville	9:15	11:55	3:45	6:25
Leave Belleville	7:05	9:45	1:10	4:20
Arr. Union Depot	8:00	10:40	2:05	5:11

DOCTOR WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.
A Regular Graduate of three medical colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. Medicines sent by mail or express everywhere, securely packed, free from observation. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily; Sunday, 11 to 1.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, *Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay,*
Arising from Indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self-Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Loss of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Safely, privately. No Mercury. Curable cases guaranteed. *Send for question list No. 1 relating to above.*

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES All Forms, Affecting Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Acne, Eczema, Old Sores, Ulcers, Painful Swellings, from whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system by means of SAFE, TIME-TESTED REMEDIES. STIFF AND SWOLLEN JOINTS AND RHEUMATISM, the result of blood poison, positively cured. *Send for question list No. 2 relating to above.*

KIDNEY and URINARY Complaints, Painful, Difficult, Too Frequent or Bloody Urine, Unnatural Discharges Promptly Cured. *Send for question list No. 3 relating to above.*
Catarrh, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases, Constitutional and Acquired Weaknesses of both Sexes treated successfully; also Piles.
It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. In this oldest office in America every known help is resorted to, and the PROVED GOOD REMEDIES of all ages and countries are used. Charges are as low as can be made, using only the best. Avoid cheap promised cure-alls—they are useless and often dangerous. Every case requires specially prepared treatment. All are treated with skill in a respectful manner; and, knowing what to do. NO EXPERIMENTS ARE MADE. On account of the great number of cases applying, the charges are kept low, often lower than is demanded by others. If you secure the skill and get a speedy and perfect life cure, that is the important matter. Call or write.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Christian Held and Bertha Held, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated August 12, 1887, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, in Book [illegible], page 590, conveyed to the undersigned the following real estate lying in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, described as follows, to wit:
Lot number 34 of La Grange subdivision to the City of St. Louis and in block No. 3956 of said City of St. Louis, having a front of thirty (30) feet on the north line of Papin avenue, formerly Stewart avenue, by a depth northwardly between parallel lines of 148 feet 7 inches to an alley 15 feet wide. Which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of notes described in said deed; and whereas, default has been made as to the payment of one of the notes in said deed described.
Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I will on
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18TH, 1888,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said trust.
[illegible], Trustee.

FREE TRADE IN ACTORS.

ENGLISH PROFESSIONALS CRUSHING OUT THEIR AMERICAN RIVALS.

The Lack of Reciprocity on the Part of Our British Cousins—Londoners Make Money in America and Americans Lose Money in London—Favorites From the States Who Have Failed in the English Metropolis—Different Methods of Managing.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—There is great dissatisfaction on Union Square, commonly known to actors and actresses as "The Rialto," because it is the place where wearers of the sock and buskin most do congregate. The children of Thespis complain most bitterly that so great is the prevailing rage for everything English that an American actor finds it almost impossible to obtain an engagement, while actors from England, who now overrun the "Square," are eagerly snapped up by American managers, and assume the most insufferably arrogant airs in consequence. This feeling has been greatly intensified by the recent announcement that Mrs. Langtry has accumulated nearly a million of our American dollars in the six theatrical seasons she has played in this country, and to stand and listen to the talk on the "Square" these pleasant summer days one would think that the Romeos and Claudes assembled there were about to rush in a body to Washington and demand of Congress the immediate passage of a bill to protect them from the pauper actors of Europe, who are swarming to our shores to become millionaires.

THE AMERICAN DENIZENS

of the "Rialto" are unanimously of the opinion that if the Canadian fishermen are to be retaliated upon some similar scheme of retaliation should be inaugurated against English actors, for it is boldly stated on the "Square," and the truth of the statement is a matter of record, that of all the American actors and actresses who have appeared in England, there has scarcely been one who has not been guyed and insulted by the British public in every possible way, and finally left "in neglect and shadow to freeze."

For the credit of America it is to be hoped that of the many Americans who delight to run after and toady to English actors and actresses, few are aware of the contemptuous treatment to which our own professionals are subjected in England. The English have never forgiven us, and probably never will, for the revolution and the war of 1812. It is scarcely to be hoped of a nation which sought to capture President Madison and his wife with a view to exhibiting them throughout Great Britain as curious monstrosities, and which subsequently asked through Sydney Smith in the *Edinburgh Review*—"Who reads an American book?"—that it can ever have anything but ridicule and contempt for everything American. It is now a well-established fact that is easier for a camel to pass through the eye of a needle than for an American actor or actress to achieve success in London.

THE LIST OF AMERICANS

who have essayed an English debut and made a failure is a long one. The very suspicion of being an American is such a complete bar to British favor that some English artists, after remaining for many years in this country, have been hissed on their return to England under the impression that they were Americans. Among such may be mentioned Mrs. John Wood, who came here in 1854 and remained among us for more than ten years, during a great part of which she managed the famous "Mrs. John Wood's Olympic Theater." On her return to England, a few years ago, the British public had entirely forgotten that she was born in Liverpool and had been a highly popular actress in England long before she ever thought of emigrating. They believed her to be an American and utterly refused to even tolerate her though one of the cleverest of all comedy actresses.

When the late John T. Raymond made his first appearance in London his auditors saw nothing funny in him or his plays, and made such a noise with their shuffling feet and rattling programmes that he could scarcely be heard over the footlights. Frank Mayo, in "Davy Crockett," was unanimously voted "a horrid bore, don't you know," and Drury Lane Theater swallowed up a large portion of the late John McCullough's American savings.

POOR LITTLE LOTTA BEARDED

the British lion in his den for the first time on December 15, 1883. She was received with such a storm of hisses and catcalls that she lost nerve and could not possibly have done herself justice, even if the spectators, as in the case of Raymond, had not shuffled their feet and rattled their programmes to such an extent that she could not be heard. People who have never attended a London theater can have no idea of the extent to which this programme rattling and feet shuffling is carried. It is not confined to the rougher portion of the audience, but is united in by the whole house if there is anything they dislike in the play or the players. From her very first appearance Lotta was doomed by our British cousins to ignominious and complete failure.

The Londoners so annoyed Baker and Farron that they couldn't remember their lines. Instead of laughing at Stuart Robson's vocal squeak, the Britons loudly desired him to "send a boy home to see if he hadn't left his voice under the pillow." Mr. and Mrs. McKee Rankin, at the height of their popularity in "The Danites," and John A. Stevens in "Unknown" also failed dismally in London, while perhaps the worst failure in all this long list—which might be continued until it included the name of every American actor or actress that ever appeared in England—was that of Fanny Davenport when she made her English debut at Toole's Theater, September 9, 1883.

DURING TWO OR THREE SEASONS

in England as manager and press agent for some of our best American attractions, I encountered a powerful obstacle to their English success in the person of the Lord Chamberlain. This individual is the public censor of theatrical affairs, and no play can be produced in London until it has first been submitted to and licensed by him. As he is not more kindly disposed toward American productions than British theater-goers generally it is often exceedingly difficult for an American manager to secure his august sanction. Then, again, it is a melancholy fact that the American residents of London do not give to the efforts of their countrymen that cordial support which would naturally be expected. They manifest that same disposition to exalt English plays and actors above those of America that is so noticeable on this side of the water. The fact that an actor or actress is "English, you know," exerts quite as powerful a spell over them as it does over the snobbish dude who has never seen England, but nevertheless calls his overcoat a "top-coat" or a "great-coat" and alludes to a horse-car line as a tramway.

It is to be regretted that a marked example in this regard was set them by James Russell Lowell, while Minister to England. On the Fourth of July, 1888, he abandoned the time-honored custom of celebrating our nation's birthday by the giving of a dinner on that occasion to the American residents of London—an observance which had previously not been neglected by any American Minister for more than twenty-five years—in order that he might attend the farewell banquet tendered to Henry Irving on the eve of that English actor's first visit to this country. Russell, by the way, was most celebrated among the English people as a famous diner out. From a striking fondness which he developed for one of old England's peculiar delicacies he was popularly known to the British aristocracy by the sobriquet of "Old Yorkshire Pudding."

ANOTHER OBSTACLE TO THE SUCCESS

of an American attraction in London is the impossibility of having it properly advertised. The richest man in England, outside of the nobility, is one who began life as a journeyman bill-poster, going about with a brush in one hand and a bucket of paste in the other sticking up bills. This man now controls every desirable bill board in London and consequently has almost a complete monopoly of bill posting in that city. His income from this source is princely and he lives in regal style, having an elegant town house and a beautiful country seat and keeping a large stable of horses, a kennel of hounds and a great retinue of servants. One of his daughters is married to the editor of the London *Telegraph*, and he will tell you that through his son-in-law he controls the dramatic criticism of the entire London press. The British prejudice against "Yankees" is strongly developed in his composition, and his arrogance in dealing with American managers is positively magnificent. He calls his bill-boards hoardings, or, as he pronounces it, "'oardings." When he meets an American manager he tells him frankly: "If you don't use my ''oardings' I'll blawst your show." As very few Americans will stand this sort of thing, they generally do not use his "'oardings," and their show is "blawsted" in consequence. This term of "'oardings" for what we call bill-boards the English justify by saying that it designates the place where they hoard their bills. They have equally strange names for all kinds of show printing. They call a quarter-sheet bill a folio. A half sheet is a double crown, A full sheet is a double demiee, pronounced "demie," and a twelve sheet is called "the queen."

BUT, AFTER ALL, A LONDON SUCCESS

as contrasted with an American one seems scarcely worth achieving. In this country an American manager does not think he is doing even a fair business unless he is playing to at least $3,000 per week, and does not think his receipts are worth boasting about until they amount to $6,000 or $7,000 for the same period. In London, on the contrary, the receipts of the theaters do not average more than £40 or £60 ($200 and $300 respectively) per night. A house containing £100 ($500) is considered extraordinary. Eighteen hundred or two thousand dollars is regarded as an excellent week's business. The audiences are generally large, but the high-priced seats are very few in number compared with those of first-class American theaters. The great majority of English theater-goers pay only 6d, or at most 1s for their sittings. Hence the receipts even from crowded houses are comparatively insignificant.

The expense of conducting a theater in London is not one-fourth what it is in New York. Three pounds, or $15 per week, is a fair salary for a stock actor in England, while a man of the same caliber in this country would receive from $50 to $60 per week. But though accustomed to such small salaries in their own country, English actors no sooner land on our shores than they acquire a vast idea of their own importance and demand larger sums than are paid to American Thespians, a demand which, thanks to the prevailing Anglomania, are readily complied with.

GEOFFREY WILLISTON CHRISTINE.

How She Accepted Mr. Clugston.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"Calista Bellamy, my happiness is in your hands!"

Mortimer Clugston, who uttered these words, was the editor and proprietor of the Doodleville *Yelper*. He had pleaded his suit with an earnestness that had broken a collar button and nearly loosened a front tooth, and as he stood awaiting the young lady's answer he could distinctly feel the interest growing on the note of $16.38 due in one month, which he owed to the accommodating gentlemen in Chicago who kindly edited the outside of his paper for him.

Gathering courage from her silence, he broke out again:

"Calista, your manner leads me to hope. May I promise myself that you will fill the chasm in my life that—er—yawns for you? A bright future may be yours, Calista. With you by my side as an assistant in an editorial career, as a proof-reader, as a helper in folding papers Thursday afternoon, making up mails, doing up single wrappers and looking after the accounts of delinquent subscribers, I could make the *Yelper* even a greater power in the land than it is now."

"Mr. Clugston," said Miss Bellamy, "may I ask you what the circulation of the *Yelper* is?"

"About a thousand, Miss Calista."

"I am not the press agent of a circus and menagerie, Mr. Clugston," replied the young lady. "I am not getting up a newspaper directory, nor trying to make a contract with you for advertising a patent clothes-wringer. You can afford to tell me the truth."

"Of course I only mean 1,000 in round numbers. My actual circulation is 386, but it is growing every day, Miss Calista. I work off three quires more than the Jasper *Herald of American Liberty* does, and he claims 1,600. In less than a year you and I could make even the circulation of Doc Reeves' Pinhook *Jigger* look mighty sick."

"Excuse the question, Mr. Clugston, but have you a paying advertising patronage?"

"Advertising? There hasn't been an issue of the *Yelper* for three years that has had less than $1.50 worth of pay locals for Scott's emulsion of cod liver oil inserted next to pure reading matter on the editorial page. I have a trunk full of due bills from sewing machine companies, organ manufacturers and proprietors of patent windmills to apply on the purchase of those articles when I want to buy them; and out in my coal shed I have patent medicine enough, paid for in advertising, to kill a regiment of Bengal tigers. I always travel on a railroad pass, good anywhere between Soluda and Harker's Corners. I never get less than seven complimentary tickets whenever a circus and menagerie comes to Doodleville, and every wedding in the neighborhood brings me in a box of assorted scraps of cake. I tell you Miss Calista, the *Yelper* is humping itself along in more ways than advertising. Some of my editorials have been copied into the Brimfield *Tomahawk* and Eureka *Thunderbolt*, and pronounced the ablest articles on chinchbugs in corn and the moral influence of woman in politics that have been printed in any of the papers for miles around; and I have been prominently mentioned as a candidate for the position of delegate to the district lodge of Good Templars."

"I am not insensible to the distinction you offer to confer upon me, Mr. Clugston," said the young lady softly. "I will be your wife on condition that it shall not be a part of my duty to wash the office towel."

"Wash the office towel, Calista!" exclaimed Mortimer Clugston, as his hair rose straight up on end in a paroxysm of amazement; "we never wash it, so help me Benjamin Franklin! When it isn't in use for breaking kindlings or proping up a window it always stands behind the door. Oh, Calista! are you mine at last?"

The neighborhood cats wailed deliriously their touching notes of despairing love and defiant hate, the pensive frogs in the adjacent pond discoursed monotonously in Volapuk, the belated Bellamy cow bawled loudly her purpose to stand at the gate of the barnyard and blaspheme until somebody came to let her in, and upon the ear of the mild-looking old lady who was listening at the keyhole of the Bellamy parlor there smote a sound like unto that which is made by a retired squash colliding forcibly with the side of a brick house.

The Evil of Novel Reading.

From the London Spectator.

The mischief of voracious novel reading is really much more like the mischief of dram drinking than appears at first sight. It tends to make all other literary nourishment intolerable, just as dram drinking tends to make true food intolerable, and to supersede food by drink. The voracious novel reader of to-day, as we have said, rejects Scott, because Scott's novels contain so much good food that is not mere story telling. The genuine novel reader detests what he calls tame stories, stories in which the interest is not exaggerated and piled up ten times as high as the interests of ordinary life. He wants always to be feeling a thrill of excitement running through his nerves, always to be living in imagination through the concentrated essence of the perils of a hundred adventurous lives, instead of toiling calmly through the ordinary hopes and fears of one. No state of mind can be more unwholesome, because none is more calculated to divert the energies from the sort of quiet tasks to which they should be habitually applied, and to keep them stretched on the tenter-hooks of expectation, waiting for a sort of strain which is never likely to occur, and if it did occur would certainly not find a man's energies any the better prepared for it for having been worn out previously with a long series of imaginary excitments. The habit of dram drinking, it is said, leads to fatty degeneration of the heart—i. e., excessive fastening round the heart, and weak action of the heart in consequence. So, too, the habit of exciting novel reading leads to fatty degeneration of the literary mind—i. e., to an unhealthy and spasmodic action of the imagination, and a general weakening of the power of entering thoroughly into the solid interests of real life. So far as we know, the only effective cure for this habit of literary dram drinking—a cure not always forthcoming—is a moral shock of some kind which exposes the hollowness of all these unreal interests, and makes them appear as artificial and melodramatic as they actually are. That, however, is a cure which is an extremely painful one, almost cruel in its disillusionizing power.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Recorder during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

John George	1800 Franklin av
Victoria Reinowski	1322 N. High st
C. C. Fields	2211 Morgan st
Ida Harris	2211 Morgan st
H. J. Schwartz	612 Geyer av
Johanna E. Becker	1931 S. Broadway
John D. Nicoll	1904 Palm st
Jessie Orrock	1904 Palm st
Simon Kosto	1801 N. Broadway
Mary Meyer	1900 Benton st
Theodore Reeves	Florissant, Mo
Mary Gittemeier	Florissant, Mo
Chas. Schreiber	3736 Texas av
Louisa Schreiner	1216 S. Broadway
James McMahon	DeSoto, Jackson Co., Ill
Bridget Gallagher	2704 Washington av
Edward V. Bresch	1004 Walnut st
Minnie Lohmar	1822 S. 13th st
Henry Otten	1003 Biddle st
Elizabeth Heuer	1129 Biddle st
Henry J. Brockmann	Massillon, Io
Mary Rose	1729 S. 11th st

PURE 18KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
Wedding invitations executed, lowest prices.
Lovely goods for Wedding Gifts, low prices.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. BROADWAY & LOCUST ST.

Births.

The following births were reported to the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Barbara, daughter of Philip and Lena Engeling, September 28; 2207 South Twelfth street.
George, son of Edmond and Helena Kifsing, September 26; 1512 Cass avenue.
Marcus, son of E. S. and Anna Jones, October 1; 4045 Bell avenue.
William, son of Henry and Clara Iburg, September 30; 1411 Monroe street.
Sarah, daughter of Alfred and Sarah Thuby, October 5; 914 Clinton street.
Barbert, daughter of Joseph and Sophia Dippner, September 29; 3145 Eleventh street.
Robert, son of Edwin and Eva Evans, September 27; 3737 Finney avenue.
Sophia, daughter of Joseph and Sophia Dippner, September 29; 3145 Eleventh street.
Addie, daughter of Henry and Emma Elmeyer, October 3; 1409 Benton street.
Alger, daughter of Edward and Elisa Keller, September 11; 4101 Fairfax avenue.
Hedwig, daughter of John and Anna Austin, October 3; 1859 Menard street.
——, daughter of J. H. and Emma Burns, October 4; 2018 Biddle street.
Lawrence, son of James and Elizabeth Fox, September 12; 2208 Washington avenue.
Chris, son of William and Emeline Christopher, October 3; 2227 Franklin avenue.
Theodore, son of —— and Mary Baker, October 2; 1236 North Tenth street.
Anton, son of George and Lena Hartman, October 3; 1558 South Broadway.
Orgean, son of Edward and Amelia Deakan, October 1; 1944 Cherokee street.
Frank, son of Ludwig and Barbara Roser, October 3; 3724 Minnesota avenue.
August, son of Henry and Lizzie Beckstugel, October 5; 2826 North Fourteenth street.
Joseph, son of Henry and Mary Holmes, October 1; 1709 North Second street.
Sarah, daughter of Owen and Bridget McNamee, September 30; 2339 Dodier street.
Mary, daughter of Peter and Frances Printy, October 1; 1720 South Ninth street.
John, son of Theodore and Anne Uland, September 27; 907 Buchanan street.
Herman, son of Henry and Minnie Schrader, October 4; 4333 South Broadway.
John, son of John and Ellen Mathuck, September 3; 2857 Jefferson avenue.
Anne, daughter of Philip and Josephine Springler, October 3; 3716 Blair avenue.

Deaths.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Susan Holly, 79 years, Poor-house; senile debility.
Albert Mitchel, 1 day, 1225 Pine street; congenital debility.
Julia Warner, 63 years, 3123 Washington avenue; heart disease.
Olga Schulz, 18 years, 2201 Main street; diphtheria.
Unknown white male, 45 years, Iron Mountain Railroad tracks near President street; accident.
Anna Malloy, 38 years, Female Hospital; consumption.
Francis Gantus, 22 days, 1236 North Tenth street; congenital debility.
John Collins, 35 years, 2713 North Broadway; dysentery.
Frederick Cohn, 71 years, Trenton, Tenn.; dysentery.
Charles Smith, 14 months, 1514 Gratiot street; teething.
Mary Hussey, 20 years, Female Hospital; typhoid fever.
H. W. Taylor, 3 months, 1320 South Tenth street; inanition.
John Kennedy, 27 years, 524 Ewing avenue; malarial fever.
Viola Jewel, 1 month, 1448 O'Fallon street; inanition.
Annie Wesley, 42 years, 1811 South Eleventh street; suicide.
Willie Daly, 3 years, 2115 Cass avenue; diphtheria.
Edward Schram, 2 months, 3536 Indiana avenue; inanition.
Nellie Wettig, 3 years, 2713 Chippewa street; cerebro-spinal fever.
Ida Benz, 22 years, 1403 South Broadway; consumption.
Mary E. Folk, 1928 Franklin avenue; blood-poisoning.
W. H. Bishoff, 7 years, 1322 Spruce street; diphtheria.
John Frans, 8 years, 1815 South Second street; bronchitis.
Josephine Nemer, 5 years, 2210 Menard street; diphtheria.
Mary Mishon, 35 years, 708 Gratiot street; dropsy.
Wm. Lewzon, 10 months, 2414 South Third street; whooping cough.
Joseph Budde, 20 years, 106 South Sixth street; suicide.
Clarence Gibson, 8 months, 3031 Hickory street; marasmus.
Mathias Strack, 2 years, 1313 South Second street; scarlet fever and diphtheria.
Witt Huss, 45 years, 203 South Broadway; pneumonia.
Minnie J. Heins, 8 months, 801 Ann avenue; convulsions.
Mary Pendergast, 45 years, 6101 South Ninth street; dysentery.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers were recorded after 3 p. m. yesterday:

James Thursby and wife to Carl F. Wehmeyer, 26 ft. on Twenty-second st., city block 2401; warranty deed	$450
Henry Koch and wife to W. L. Schapperkoetter, 50 ft. on Monroe st., city block 640; warranty deed	1,200
Mary Grenzebach to Gustav H. Quelmalz, 27 ft. 6 in. on Missouri av., city block 1385; warranty deed	907
Fredericke Beck to Augusta Mehl, 25 ft. on Missouri av., city block 1384; warranty deed	2,900
Wm. L. Balson and wife et al., to Joseph Kosseitko, 50 ft. on St. Louis av., city block 4823; warranty deed	200
Valle Reyburn and wife to George M. Keeley, 50 ft. on Walnut st., city block 1699; warranty deed	2,000
Henry Capen and wife to Emma M. Brent, 101 ft. 7½ in. on Race Course av., city block 3986; warranty deed	800
William Sievers and wife to Frank Schutte, 25 ft. on Randolph st., city block 1706; warranty deed	4,000
Edward G. Kraft and wife to Christina Meinhardt, 25 ft. on Cozens av., city block 1866; warranty deed	2,430
Anton Neimeyer to Maria Merkel, 35 ft. on Wyoming st., city block 1759; warranty deed	700

ALBUMS,
Papeteries and Scrap-Books.
The Most Complete Line Ever Offered.
Levison & Blythe Sta. Co.,
213 and 215 N. Third St.

NOTICE.
The Union Depot (Street) Railway Co's BONDS,
Issued Jan., 1879, and due Jan. 1, 1889, will be paid, when due, at the office of
JAMES CAMPBELL, Banker
No. 307 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Parties desiring to exchange the old for the company's new 6 per cent 30-year bonds, will please apply in person or by letter at the above office, where all information can be obtained as to the company's earnings, terms of exchange, etc.
JOHN SCULLIN, President,
Union Depot Railroad Company.
JAS. H. ROACH, Secretary.

SAM'L A. GAYLORD. JOHN H. BLESSING.
SAM'L A. GAYLORD & CO.,
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS,
NO. 307 OLIVE STREET.

MONEY.

"BRADSTREET'S" REPORT.

Review, of Finance, Manufacturing, Mercantile and Produce for the Week.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 6.—The movement of staple merchandise generally, as indicated by telegrams to *Bradstreet's* from many centers of distribution, has increased within the week. The cooler weather has stimulated some lines, while improved crop prospects or conditions have been governing influences in others. The general raising of quarantine restrictions at hundreds of towns at the South has, of course, greatly benefited the interior merchants or dealers in that region. An increase in the movement of cotton in Texas and elsewhere is noted. Mercantile collections have materially improved throughout regions tributary to Cleveland, Detroit, Burlington (Io.) and Galveston. Kansas collections, as noted at both Kansas City and at St. Joseph, are relatively lower than in adjoining States.

Stock values continue to advance in spite of reactions and cautious feelings aroused by the wheat speculation and the higher rates for money here and in London. The New York money market is firmer, and rates have been subject to some manipulation. Call loans 2½@3 per cent. Foreign exchange is higher on the advance of interest rates in London and the scarcity of commercial bills—demand sterling $4.88@4.88¼. Offerings of bonds by banks for redemption by the Treasury have been unusually heavy.

Interest has centered this week at the Chicago and New York wheat markets, as the attempted "corner" of the September option at Chicago was successful. Trading in futures was stimulated enormously by the wide and rapid fluctuations, the total volume of business done at New York being 107,738,000 bu., the heaviest week's trading on record. Of the total but 642,000 bu. were spot. Cash wheat No. 2 red has advanced 12¼c, corn 3c and oats ½c; flour advanced 75c@$1.80 per barrel at New York according to grade. Pork also advanced $1.50 per barrel; lard for November 39 points. Exports of wheat and of wheat as flour, both coasts have declined about 850,000 bu, about one-third, as compared with the average export weekly for more than a month past, being 1,757,619, against 2,614,410 bu last week. For the past thirteen weeks the total of exports is 33,201,024 against 50,228,699 bu last year. Wheat prices had advanced on this crop about 15 per cent prior to the late "corner." Our investigations yesterday showed that the price of bread had advanced at Minneapolis, St. Paul, Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, Rochester and St. Joseph and that the weight of loaves had been reduced, without price change, at Indianapolis, Pittsburg, Boston and Philadelphia. At Milwaukee, Philadelphia, Washington, Toledo and Boston prices will soon be advanced. No changes are reported at six other cities reported.

There has been no decided activity in the wool trade, but there has been a fair demand for near consumptive requirements. Prices were very firm.

Manufacturers resist the late advance as much as possible, but generally have to submit as stocks are very light. The weather has stimulated the consumptive demand for fall and winter goods and the greater activity of the retail trade has been reflected in a better demand for reassortments at the hands of jobbers and manufacturers' agents.

The Boston prices for sugar at the refineries are now uniformly 1-16 of a cent higher than the New York prices to the decided advantage of wholesalers in New York City at the expense of Boston competitors. Free arrivals of direct importations of raw sugars by refiners and the closing of three refineries have combined to reduce the demand and hence depress prices of raw. The demand for refined sugar is also less and the price ⅛c lower. Now that the fruit canning season has ended the statistical position of raw sugar, however, is still regarded as strong and the outlook as encouraging.

Cable advices from Brazil and from Europe noted increased activity in coffee and higher prices with a gain at New York, where a fairly active trading has taken place, of ¾@1c.

Sales of steel rails for the week foot up 40,000 tons and negotiations are pending for some 50,000 or 60,000 tons on a basis of $30 West and $28 East. Makers anticipate a fairly active winter. Large purchases of old rails for future delivery at rail mills continue to be made and prices on spot lots and early deliveries continue at outside quotations.

Lumber and building materials are somewhat less active, with the approach of cold weather.

Cattle prices have been depressed at St. Louis by heavy arrivals, but are firmer at Kansas City and Omaha. Hogs are stronger and prices 15@20 cents higher.

Boots and shoes for 1889 delivery have been advanced 2½ cents per pair at Boston.

Petroleum is lower.

Hops are no higher, the New York State crop being a disappointment in quality. The best bring 30 cents.

Business failures reported to *Bradstreet's* number 146 in the United States this week, against 156 last week and 134 this week last year. Canada had 40 this week, against 28 last week. The total of failures in the United States from January 1 to date is 7,476, against 7,120 in 1887.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthaws & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	55½	55½	55	55
Canadian Pacific	....	....	....	....
Central New Jersey	90½	90½	90¼	90¼
Central Pacific	....	....	....	....
Chi., St. P., M. & O.	....	....	....	....
do do pfd	....	....	....	....
C., R. I. & P	....	....	....	....
C., B. & Q.	114½	114½	114	114
C., M. & St. P	66	66⅛	65	65½
C. & N. W. com	113⅝	113⅝	113⅛	113½
Cotton Oil Trust	45⅝	46⅝	45½	46
Del., Lack. & W	142¼	142½	141⅝	141⅝
Del. & Hudson	117⅝	....	....	117⅝
Denver & Rio Grande	19⅝	20	19⅝	20
East Tenn. com	....	....	....	....
do pfd	....	....	....	....
Erie com	29½	29½	29	29
do pfd	66¼	66¼	65¼	65¼
do 2d mtg bonds	....	....	....	....
Ft. W. & Denver	....	....	....	....
Hocking Valley	28½	28½	28	28½
Houston & Texas	....	....	....	....
Illinois Central	117	....	....	117
Ind., B. & W	....	....	....	....
Lake Shore	102⅝	102¾	102½	102⅝
Louisville & Nashville	60⅜	60⅜	59⅞	60
Michigan Central	90½	....	....	90⅝
Mo. Pacific	81⅝	82⅛	81½	82
Mo., Kan. & Texas	12½	....	....	12½
Mobile & Ohio	....	....	....	....
Manhattan Elevated	96⅛	96⅛	96	96
New York & New England	52⅞	52¾	51¼	51½
New York Central	108½	108½	108⅛	108⅝
Norfolk & Western com	20	....	....	20
do do pfd	55	55⅝	54⅝	55⅝
Northern Pacific com	....	....	....	....
do do pfd	60⅝	60½	59⅞	59½
Ohio Southern	....	....	....	....
Oregon & Transcontinental	30⅛	30⅛	29⅝	29⅝
Or. Nav. & Trans. Com	....	....	....	....
Ohio & Mississippi com	....	....	....	....
Pacific Mall	38	38	37½	37⅝
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	27¼	27⅜	27	27
Philadelphia & Reading	53	53¼	52⅝	52⅝
Pullman Palace Car	....	....	....	....
Richmond Terminal	26	26	25⅝	25½
St. Paul & Duluth com	....	....	....	....
do do pfd	....	....	....	....
St. Louis & San F. com	....	....	....	....
do 1st pfd	....	....	....	....
do 2d pfd	73⅝	73⅝	73	73
St. P., M. & M.	103	103	102¼	102¼
Tennessee Coal & Iron	31	....	....	31
Texas & Pacific	25	25	24⅞	25
Union Pacific	62	62½	61½	61⅝
Wabash, St. L. & Pac.	....	....	....	....
do do pfd	27⅝	27⅝	27⅛	27⅛
Western Union Tel. Co.	86	86⅛	85⅝	85⅝
West Shore Bonds	103⅛	103¼	102⅞	103⅛

* Ex. Div.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, October 6.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, $3,339,675; loans, increase, $4,929,100; specie, decrease, $423,500; legal tenders, decrease, $1,904,200; deposits, increase, $4,047,900; circulation, decrease, $321,100. The banks now hold $11,317,600, in excess of the 25 per cent rule.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, October 6. 11 a. m.—The stock market opened weak on very moderate business this morning, first prices being generally from ⅛ to ⅜ per cent below last evening's closing figures, while Missouri Pacific was exceptionally lower with a decline of ⅝ per cent. The market showed some hesitation in the first few minutes, but soon gathered strength and advanced from ⅛ to ⅜ per cent without special feature of any sort. Weakness again appeared, however, and while the transactions shrunk to the smallest proportions, prices again sagged off and the early gains were wiped out with something in addition. The downward movement afterward was resumed with greater force, accompanied by a marked increase in activity and New England led the decline with a loss of 1⅝ per cent, though the losses in the rest of the list were confined to small fractions. New England, St. Paul and Union Pacific were the leading active stocks, followed by a half dozen others, the general market being dull and lifeless. At 11 o'clock the market was active and weak at or near the lowest prices reached.

Noon—Money was easy at 2@3 per cent. Bar silver, 94. The stock market continued moderately active after 11 o'clock, and remained weak throughout the session, though the further declines recorded were for fractional amounts only. Northern Pacific preferred was most conspicuous in the decline, but its loss was only ⅝ per cent. There was no special feature in the market, and the close was active and weak at about the lowest prices of the day.

LONDON, October 6, 12:30 p. m.—Consols opened at 96⅞ for money and 97⅛ for the account.

2 p. m.—Consols closed at 96 15-16 for money and 97⅛ for the account. A. & G. W. firsts, 41½; do seconds, 8½; Canadian Pacific, 58⅝; Erie, 30⅜; do seconds, 103¼; Illinois Central, 120½; St. Paul, common, 67⅞; Mexican, ordinary, 49½; New York Central, 112½; Pennsylvania, 57; Reading, 27⅛; Mexican Central, firsts, 68½.

Exchange Quotations.

Furnished by A. G. Edwards & Son, Exchange Brokers for St. Louis banks, 313 North Third street.

New York	90@75 dis
Philadelphia	90@75 dis
Boston	90@75 dis
Chicago	25 dis
Cincinnati	par
Louisville	par
New Orleans	$1 dis

COMMERCE.

Closing Prices—1:15 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Oct.	113	....	....	105 b
Nov.	....	....	....	116 b
Dec.	115⅛	119¼	115⅞	118⅛ a
May.	117⅛	122¼	118½	121⅛
CORN.				
Oct.	38⅜	40½	39⅞	40⅜
Nov.	38½	38⅝	38⅜	38⅛
Year	34⅛	35⅛	34⅛	35 a
Jan	33⅝	....	....	33⅛@⅞ b
May.	36⅛	36⅞	36⅛	36⅛ a
OATS.				
Oct.	22⅛	....	....	22⅛ b
Nov.	....	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛ b
Year	22⅛	....	....	....
May.	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29@⅛

CHICAGO:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Dec.	1.15⅛	1.22	1.17⅛	1.21⅛
May.	1.16⅛	1.23	1.19	1.22⅛ a
CORN.				
Nov.	45⅛@⅝	46¼	44⅞@45	45⅛
May.	39⅛	40	39½	39⅞@⅛
OATS.				
May.	29	29⅛	29	29⅛
PORK.				
Jan.	14.75	14.85	14.62	14.72
LARD.				
Oct.	10.10	10.50	10.00	10.15 a
Year.	8.55	8.55	8.52	8.52
SHORT RIBS.				
Jan.	7.47	7.50	7.42	7.45

NEW YORK—Wheat—October, $1.18¼; November, $1.19¾; December, $1.21⅝; January, $1.22⅝; May, 1889, $1.24⅝ a. Corn—October, 54c; November, 54⅛c b; December, 54⅛c; January, 48⅝; May, 46⅛c. Oats—October, 30⅛c b; November, 31⅛c; December, 32⅛c a.

DULUTH—Wheat—October, $1.32½; December, $1.31½; May, $1.33½.

TOLEDO—Wheat—October, $1.14; December, $1.18¼ a; May, $1.23 a.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	56,494	35,400	11,550	24,200
Milwaukee	35,075	1,680	1,050	......
Baltimore	18,232	13,512	......	......
Toledo	59,014	11,024	24,443	4,500
New York	113,750	136,150	15,669	76,634
Chicago	63,481	252,935	69,877	163,458
Kansas City	3,000	5,000	2,000	2,000
Detroit	53,421	5,645	19,571	......
Duluth	19,349	......	50,800	......
Minneapolis	225,150	......	49,020	......
Philadel'hia	9,508	7,885	12,731	6,416

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
To-day	4,080,250	561,874	1,174,989	106,071	8,132
Yes'dy	4,085,535	540,331	1,195,374	99,257	8,132
1887	5,587,767	583,000	927,042	8,250	26,114
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	
To-day	720,294	251,555	194,328	73,750	......
Yesd'y	711,800	230,922	193,936	68,457	......
1887	3,938,595	386,820	680,095	6,784	......

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

The stock of wheat here should show over 75,000 bu decrease for week.—New Orleans cleared 27,718 bu corn for Liverpool.—Private cables—To Francis: "Wheat and corn have advancing tendencies." To Green: "Wheat strong and slightly higher; corn very firm and Liverpool rather better." From Clarke: "Liverpool firmer on better American advices; wheat 1d dearer; holders very firm; demand moderate." To Cleary: "London—Wheat market well maintained; advance looks well established. Liverpool—Wheat market looks stronger; 1d dearer." —The Merchants Exchange Price Current reviews the wool market as follows: "The receipts of wool at St. Louis, which at one time during the season were nearly 40 per cent behind last year's, are now somewhat in excess and promise to exceed those of a year ago before the close of the season. The 10 to 15 per cent shortage predicted by certain Eastern authorities has not yet materialized so far as the market is concerned. There is probably, however, a decrease in the clip of Missouri medium and similar wools, but the call for the fine grades has brought Montana and other territory wools to the front and the diminished supply is less noticeable. Shippers of this class of stock, as also of other late-sheared wools, got the full benefit of last year's boom and were so pleased with their experience that an increased quantity has been sent here this year, thus changing a 40 per cent shortage into a gain. All other large markets show a falling off. There were some good-sized sales during the week of Missouri medium and also of Texas to go to large mills and other concerns in Massachusetts. There has been a steady demand for all offerings at unchanged prices. The Republican substitute for the free wool of the Mills bill proposes a uniform duty of 11 cents per pound on all kinds except carpet wools, which are placed at 6 cents per pound when worth over 12 cents; if valued at less than that figure they are presumably free. The present tariff rates are 10 and 12 cents on unwashed clothing and combing wools, double the amount on washed and triple the amount on scoured. The effect of the proposed law would be, therefore, to encourage the importation of wool in a scoured condition, as wool of this kind, now paying 30 to 36 cents on clothing and combing grades, could be brought in for 11 cents; while scoured carpet stock of the best quality, now dutiable at 15 cents per pound, would be admitted for 6. What the effect on prices of American wool would be would depend upon the probable advance in prices abroad. In London, at present, prices are comparatively high and strong. Eastern markets are steady and firm."—A comparison of prices is given below:

ST. LOUIS.	Oct. 6, '88.	Sept. 29, '88.	Oct. 8, '87.
Dec. wheat	$1.18⅛ a	$1.02⅛	72⅛
May corn	36⅛ a	35⅛	41⅛
May oats	29@⅛ a	28@⅛	28⅛
CHICAGO.			
Dec. wheat	$1.21⅛	$1.03⅛	72⅛
May corn	39⅛@⅛	38⅛	45⅛
May oats	29⅛	28⅛	29⅛

Wheat receipts for week were 254,228 bu, against 279,522 last week, and 151,465 same week one year ago. The stock has so far this week decreased 63,100 bu, (No. 2 increased 24,100 bu), with 114,000 bu taken from store by city millers, and 63,000 for rail shipment. This morning saw another wicked advance that about completed the work of demoralizing the bears, and made the bulls fairly dance with joy. The market advanced as it did simply because Chicago did, all the other outside markets following, Duluth going up to $1.34 for May, and because there was very little for sale. Those local traders who have been feeling for the top lately, selling a little so they would have some sold at high prices, started in to put out some on the opening bulge, but, as usual, they had to buy it back at a loss. The tone of cables was firm and a little better generally in price, at 3:30 p. m. Beerbohm also quoting wheat and flour in Paris 6d dearer, but neither cables, nor receipts, shipments, weather or anything else had the influence Chicago did. December offered at $1.16, sold off to $1.16¼, up to $1.17 and down to $1.15⅞ early, then advanced to $1.19⅛, declined to $1.18⅛, rallied to $1.18⅛, and closed with sellers at that, 3⅛c above yesterday. May sold at $1.19⅛ at opening off to $1.18⅛, up to $1.22⅛ and back to $1.19⅛, closing at $1.21⅛, 3⅛c above yesterday. Spot grades were strong at a further advance, No. 2 red selling 2⅛c higher at $1.15 in M., St. L. and C., and for E. $1.15⅛ was bid. The other grades were generally held above what buyers would pay; No. 3 red $1.09 in U., $1.10 in C., $1.08⅛ bid for E. and A., $1.09 for St. L., M. and D.; No. 4, 99c in C. and bid for St. L., $1 for M. Rejected 85c bid for U., 86c for M., E., A. and V.

Corn receipts for week were 291,800 bu, against 376,255 the preceding week and 268,825 same night last year. So far this week the stock has increased 40,000 bu; 86,000 bu was exported by river. The future market was firm and there was a perceptibly better inquiry, with not much for sale. The feeling was so strong that a decline in Chicago only had the effect of checking buying. At the close, however, the tone was easier, as all other markets had a declining tendency. Year sold at 34⅛c up to 35⅛c, back to 35⅛c and at close was offered at 35c. Spot grades were higher and in much better demand, chiefly for shipment on orders, but weak millers were quick buyers for white. No. 2, 40⅛c in U., 40⅛c asked regular; No. 3, 39c in C. and St. L., 39⅛c in U.; No. 4, 37⅛c in St. L. and C., 37c bid for U.; No. 2 white, 41⅛c this side; No. 3 do, 41c regular, 41@41⅛c this side, 41⅛c bid for U.

Oats—Receipts for week 219,575 bu against 200,700 last week and 179,685 same week one year ago. The stock shows 13,500 bu decrease so far this week. May was firm most of the session, selling at 29⅛c, but late was offered at 29@29⅛c and had no buyers. Spot grades higher, firm and in active order demand. No. 2, 22⅛c regular, 23⅛c in St. L.; No. 2 white, 22⅛c in C.; No. 3, 20⅛c this side, 20⅛@20⅛c in St. L.; 20⅛c E. side; no grade 18c bid for St. L. and E. side, 19c for U.

Rye higher and in demand, but not much for sale. Grade No. 2 sold at 56@57c in C., and 57c in U. and No. 2 at 59c in St. Louis. November sold at 58⅛c and later 59⅛c was bid.

Barley was steady but [illegible]

dark weather checked trading. Quotations range: Wisconsin ordinary, 55@65c; choice, 65@80c; fancy, 80@90c; Iowa, 50@70c; Nebraska, 50@72⅛c; Minnesota, 50@65c; Canada, 95c for No. 2; $1.01 fro No. 1.

Flour—Receipts for week were 22,344 bbls, against 120,983 the week before and 21,373 same week last year. Market strong and higher, with quick sale for all spot offering. Stanard and Scharff & Bernheimer were the principal buyers. Among the sales were several round lots spot at $5.75 for extra fancy and $6.25 for patents; latter sold to arrive at $6. We quote: XXX, $3.65@3.80; family, $4.10@4.25; choice, $4.60@4.75; fancy, $5.20@5.35; extra do, $5.60@5.75; patents, $6@6.25. These prices for lots at depot and on levee this side.

Bran quiet and firm. Sacked city f. o. b. sold at 67½@68c this side and 69c E. track; country at 71@72c for sacked this side, and 60@61c for bulk and 68c for sacked at E. side points.

Hay—Active for all descriptions, but market in favor of buyers on grades below choice. Demand almost wholly local. Sales ranged this side: Prairie, $6.50@9.00 for prime to gilt-edged; mixed timothy, $10@12 for common to choice; timothy, $11@15 for prime to fancy. Not enough doing on E. side to make a market.

Provisions were quiet and easier, with only a moderate job and order business. Sales of 100,000 lbs dry salt cribs were made to arrive, part of which it was said at 9⅛c. c. and f. here. Standard mess pork to arrive held at $15.65 c. and f. to E. side. Loose dry salt of shipping age, f. o. b. on cash orders: Shoulders, 8⅛c; longs and c'ribs, 9.60c; shorts, 10c; shoulders, 8⅛c; longs and c'ribs, 9⅛c; shorts, 10c. Packed bacon shoulders, 9⅛c; longs, and cribs, 10.55@10.60c; shorts, 10.95@10c; New standard mess, f. o. b., at $16.25. Prime steam lard, 10c; fancy leaf, 11⅛c; second brand, 11c; hams, 11½@12⅛c; breakfast bacon, 11⅛@12⅛c. Beef—Family, $6.50@10 ℔ bbl, on orders higher; $4@5.50 ℔ half-bbl; dried 10@13c; selected, 14c ℔ lb; smoked tongues, $5.50@6 ℔ doz. Tallow—Summer in oil bbls, 5c; irregular pkgs, ¼c less; No. 2, 4⅛@4⅛c. Grease, brown and yellow, 2⅛@4⅛c; white, 4⅛@5⅛c. Salt—Domestic, $1 ℔ bbl on E.; $1 on this side. Ground alum, $1.10@1.25 ℔ sack, small way higher.

Highwines unchanged at $1.14 in St. Louis, Cincinnati and Peoria, $1.20 in Chicago.

Lead dull and weak, as the speculative buyer was out of the market at over $4.80 and corroders would not bid over $4.75. Desilverized refined was offered at $4.97⅛.

Chicago Letter.

Private wire to the Redmond-Cleary Commission Co.

Wheat irregular and only moderately active, but tendency has been upward from the opening to the close and the bull fever shows no sign of abating. Cables were firm and foreign flour markets strong and higher. The demand for milling grades of wheat is active and withdrawals from store continue to exceed receipts at this point. Duluth and Minneapolis are not increasing their stocks, although prices there are 10 cents over Chicago. Some heavy longs realized to-day, but the wheat was rapidly taken, and the market closed at about top prices, Mr. Hutchinson's brokers being the most conspicuous buyers. The writer thinks wheat will sell higher eventually on its merits, but can only advise purchases on good breaks, and urges customers to be cautious and not take a larger line than they can protect. It is a wild market and wide fluctuations will doubtless characterize it for some time.

Corn was moderately active, with no special feature. The undertone was firm. We think the short interest in May very large and that it will pay to buy it on the soft spots.

Provisions were strong early on estimates that the hog crop was about 20 per cent short. Longs realized freely and the close was rather tame. We think January product a purchase on all breaks.

Afternoon Curb.

Wheat, $1.18 for December; puts, $1.13⅛@1.13 and calls, $1.23⅛@1.23. Chicago December, $1.20⅛.

Cotton.

The Liverpool spot market was steady, with a fair demand. Futures opened quiet and closed steady. New York was quiet and easy for spot at 10 5-16c. Futures were quiet and closed steady.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 7 6-16c; ordinary, 7 5-16c; good ordinary, 8 3-16c; low middling, 9 3-16c; middling, 9 9-16; good middling, 9 13-16c; middling fair, 10⅛c; fair, —; stained ⅛c lower than white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS.—Gross receipts to-day, 2,846 bales; since September 1, 1878, 14,468 bales, against 41,270 same time last season; shipments to-day, 1,658 bales; since September 1, 1888, 13,001, against 23,741 bales same time last season; stock in compresses and warehouses to-day, 5,372 bales, against 21,669 bales.

CLOSING COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK—Middlings, 10 5-16c.

	Closed Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed To-day.
October	9.46	9.45	9.41	9.41
November	9.57	9.54	9.51	9.51
December	9.63	9.59	9.57	9.57
January	9.72	9.68	9.66	9.66
February	9.80	9.76	9.74	9.74
March	9.89	9.86	9.84	9.84
April	9.98	9.93	9.92	9.92
May	10.07	10.02	10.01	10.01
June	10.16	10.12	10.10	10.10
July	10.23	10.19	10.17	10.17
August	10.27	10.21	10.21	10.21
				Steady.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 6d; Orleans, 6d.

	Closed Yesterday.	Closed To-day.
October	5.43	5.41
October and November	5.30	5.28
November and December	5.25	5.23
December and January	5.24	5.22
January and February	5.24	5.22
February and March	5.24	5.23
March and April	5.25	5.24
April and May	5.27	5.26
May and June	5.29	5.27
	Weak.	Steady.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Market active. Ben Davis range at $1.25@1.75; winesap at $1.10@1.50; domino at 90c@$1.10; rambo at $1.00@1.25; belleflower at $1.75@2.00; other varieties at 90c@$1.10 for common, $1.25@1.40 for good, and $1.50@1.75 for choice.

PEACHES—Michigan sold at 25c per peck basket, and $1.25 per bu crate. Near-grown (consigned) at 25@60c per ⅓-bu box.

PEARS—Scarce at 25@60c ℔ ⅓-bu box. $2.50@3 ℔ bbl.

GRAPES—Ohio Concord sold at 21@22c, Ives at 21c, Martha at 30c, Catawba at 35c, Delaware at 40c, and Niagara at 40@50c ℔ 10-lb basket.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—Ordinary to good sun-dried at 3¼@3½c, choice quarters at 3⅝@3¾c; peelings and cores at ½@1c; evaporated quarters at 4@4½c, unbleached rings, 4½@5c, bleached do in sacks at 5½@5¾c, and in boxes at 6@6½c. Peaches—Sun-dried at 3¼@4c; evaporated unpeeled at 4@4½c for unbleached, and 6@6½c for bleached. Blackberries, 5@5¼c.

ONIONS—Choice at 28@30c per bu, and 85@92½c per bbl. Damaged range at 18@22½c per bu.

POTATOES—Early Ohio at 30@33c, and Peerless at 35@37½c per bu.

BUTTER—Receipts 50,130 lbs; quiet, but steady. We quote: Creamery—Choice and fancy at 18@20c; selections at 21c. Dairy—Choice at 15@17c; fancy at 18c; medium at 13@14c; low at 11c; country make at 8@9c.

CHEESE—Wisconsin full cream at 9c; Young America at 9½c; skims at 3@6c.

EGGS—Receipts, 454 pkgs; good stock sold steadily at 15c, there was considerable held and off stock going at 13½@14c.

LIVE POULTRY—Chickens dull. Sales ranged: Spring chickens—Small to medium at $1.50@2, good to choice at $2.25@2.50, and fancy at $2.75. Old chickens—Cocks, $2.25@2.40; mixed, $2.50@2.75; hens, $2.75@3. Ducks at $2.50@3; turkeys at 6@6½c ℔ lb; pigeons at $1.25.

GAME—Demand very good. Sales ranged: Deer carcasses at 7@8c and venison saddles at 13@14c ℔ lb, wild turkeys at 7@8c ℔ lb; ducks—common mixed at $1, wood at $1.50, teal at $2 and mallard at $3; woodcock at $5; golden plover at $1; snipe at $1.50; rabbits at $1.50.

VEALS—Poor stock at 4@4½c ℔ lb: choice fat, 5c; heretics, [illegible]

HIDES—Steady; green salted at 7½c; No. 2, 5½c; side branded, 6½c; bulls, 3½c; Southern and ticky less. Dry flint—No. 1 at 11c; damaged at 8c; skins weighing 10 lbs and less and bulls at 5½c; dry salted at 8c for No. 1 and 6c for No. 2; glue at 2½c for green and 3c for dry.

SHEEP SKINS—Green: Large, 60c; small to medium, 30@70c; shearlings, 10@25c. Dry: Large, 75c; small to medium at 20@60c; shearlings at 5@15c.

DEER SKINS—Prime flint, 40c; salted, damaged, etc., half off; antelope, 20c; goat, 20@25c each.

FEATHERS—Easy; prime live geese at 44@45c, top rate for small sacks; prime gray at 37@38c; mixed, old, etc., at 10@35c; chickens (dry picked), at 3@5c; ducks, 25c; tare, 3 and 10 per cent.

BEESWAX—21c for choice.

BROOM CORN—Choice 1⅛@3c—crooked and damaged half price.

ROOTS—Ginseng $2@2.10; seneca 22@23c; snake—Texas 10@12c; Virginia 14c; blood 2½c; May apple 1½@2c; golden seal 10c; angelica 4@4½c; pink 13c; lady-slipper 8c; wahoo root bark 8@10c.

WOOL—Receipts 50,443 lbs. Steady and unchanged. We quote:

UNWASHED—STATES.	Bright medium.	Braid, coarse.	Low, sandy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc.	22 @23	18@20	15@17
Kansas and Nebraska	16 @19	13@15	10@13
Texas and (8 to 12 mo.	20 @21	16@18	11@13
Ind. Ty. (4 to 8 mo.	15 @17	11@14	10@12
Colo., New Mex., etc.	18 @20	15@17	10@13
Mont., Wyo., etc.	19 @21	16@18	12@15

UNWASHED—STATES.	Fine. Light.	Fine. Heavy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc.	18 @19	15 @17
Kansas and Nebraska	14 @16	11 @13
Texas and Indian (8 to 12 mo.	17 @19	14 @16
Territory (4 to 8 mo.	13 @16	11 @13
Colorado, New Mexico, etc.	16 @18	13 @16
Montana, Wyoming, etc.	17 @19	14 @16

Tub—Choice, 34½c; inferior, 28@33c. Sacks, 10@20c. Tare, 3@3½c. Burry, cotted, etc.—Slightly, 3@4c off; moderately, 4@6c; hard at 9c for Southern to 15c for Missouri; black, 2@3c off.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 6, 11 a. m.—The wheat market opened excited and 2⅛c higher. There is a liberal option buying by foreigners and outsiders generally.

Wheat—Receipts, 113,750 bu; sales, 17,296,000 bu; excited, active and 2⅛c higher; No. 2 red October, $1.18@1.18; November, $1.18@1.20; December, $1.19@1.21⅛; January, $1.21@1.22⅛; March, $1.24⅛; April, 1.25; May, $1.23@1.24⅛. Corn—Receipts, 136,150 bu; sales, 232,000 bu; opened firm, ⅛c higher and quiet; mixed Western, [illegible] Oats—Receipts, 80,000 bu; sales, 6,000 bu; dull and steady; Western, [illegible] good demand; plain mess, $8.50 [illegible] extra do, $7.25@7.75. Por[illegible] dull [illegible] Lard [illegible] [illegible] 10.75c. Butter [illegible] strong; good demand. [illegible] Western creamery, 1[illegible] [illegible] 9,927 packages; [illegible]

and white, 10@10½c; Western, 8½@9½c; skims, 1½@7½c. Sugar easy; powdered, 7⅛c; granulated, 7⅛c; crushed, 8⅛c. Molasses nominal. Coffee—Rio easier; fair cargoes, 15⅛c; options 10@20 points lower and quieter. Spirits turpentine quiet at 45c. Eggs—Western, 21½@22c.

CHICAGO, Ill., October 6.—Wheat opened strong and 1⅛@2⅛c higher with the chief interest centered in December and May. December opened 1⅛c up, compared with last night's close at $1.17⅛, and within the first ten minutes advanced to $1.18⅛, receded to the opening figure and returned to the highest point. May opened 2⅛c higher at $1.19 and touched $1.20, but receded to $1.19⅛. October was quoted at $1.14⅛. Corn opened ⅛@⅛c higher. October was held at 45⅛c; November the active option at 46⅛c, declining to 46c and rallying ⅛c; December quoted at 43c, advanced ⅛c. Oats were unchanged. Pork was 5c higher at $15.25 for November, and it rose 2⅛c. Lard and short ribs showed no change.

10:10 a. m.—December wheat has advanced to $1.20, and May to $1.21⅛.

In spite of the marked advance in wheat and its rapid fluctuations there is but little excitement on the board. The abnormally rapid changes in values which have been witnessed within the past few days have put the trade into a state of mind to be surprised at nothing. The fears expressed on the curb this morning that there would be a number of failures if the advance should continue have not been realized. At 11 o'clock wheat was quoted as follows: October, nominally $1.16; November, $1.18⅛; December, $1.20. The October option in other articles was as follows: Corn, 45⅛c; oats, 24⅛c; lard, $10; short ribs, 9.27⅛c; November pork, $15.05.

At noon December wheat was quoted at $1.21 and May at $1.22⅛.

1:15 p. m.—Close—Wheat about steady; cash, $1.18⅛; November, $1.20⅛; December, $1.21⅛; May, $1.22⅛. Corn lower; cash, 44⅛c; November, 45⅛c; December, 41⅛c; May, 39 11-16c. Oats steady; cash, 24⅛c; November, 24⅛c; December, 25⅛c; May, 29⅛c. Rye, 60⅛c. Barley, nothing doing. Prime timothy, $1.55. Flax, $1.30⅛@1.40. Whisky, $1.20. Pork lower; cash, $15.50; November, $14.95; December, $14.50; May, $14.85. Lard firm; cash, 10.15c; November, 9.25c; December, 8.52½c; short ribs, 9.35c. Butter and eggs steady.

NEW ORLEANS, October 6.—Flour strong; extra fancy, $5.50@5.60; fancy, $5.15; choice, $4.75. Cornmeal quiet and steady, $2.35@2.40. Corn steady; mixed, 54@55c; yellow, none; white, 54c. Oats steady, No. 2, 33@34c. Bran steady. Hay quiet; easy; $15.50@16.00. $15 40@15.00; prime quiet. Pork quiet and easy. Cutmeats—Shoulders, 9⅛c; sides, 9⅛@10c. Bacon, 9⅛@10⅛c; l. c. s., 10⅛c. Hams, choice sugar-cured, 12⅛@13c. Lard, refined tcs., 9⅛c. Whisky steady and unchanged. Exchange on New York, $1.25@1.50 discount; sight, par. Cotton, spot quiet; 9⅛; net receipts, 9,855 bales; gross, 9,855.

CINCINNATI, O., October 6.—Flour stronger; family, $4.75; fancy, $5.25@5.50. Wheat scarce, higher, few transactions; No. 2 red held $1.18; sales No. 3, $1.11. Corn firm at 46c. Oats steady; 26⅛c. Rye firm at 58c. Pork quiet; $16.25. Lard dull, $10. Bulk meats and bacon quiet. Whisky firm; sales 948 barrels.

DETROIT, Mich., October 6.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, $1.16; No. 2 red, October and cash, $1.20; November, $1.21⅛; December, $1.23; May, $1.27. Corn—No. 2, 46⅛c. Oats—No. 2, 26⅛c; No. 2 white, 31c. Receipts—Wheat, 53,400 bu; corn, 5,600 bu; oats, 18,400 bu.

TOLEDO, O., October 6.—Wheat active, higher; cash, $1.14@1.17⅛; October, $1.14; December, $1.18⅛; May, $1.23. Corn quiet; cash, 47⅛c. Oats steady; cash 25c bid. Cloverseed higher; cash, October, $5.65; November, $5.70; December, $5.75.

BUFFALO, N. Y., October 6.—Wheat—No. 1 hard higher at $1.45; new, $1.43; No. 1 Northern, $1.36; No. 2 red, $1.22. Corn—No. 2, 50⅛c. Receipts—Wheat, 60,000 bu; corn, 250,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 300,000 bu; corn, 135,000 bu.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., October 6.—Wheat dull; cash, $1.15⅛; December, $1.17⅛. Corn firm; No. 3, 44@45c. Oats steady; No. 2 white, 29c. Rye firm and higher; No. 1, 63⅛@64c. Barley easier; No. 2, 75c.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., October 6.—Petroleum is dull and heavy. Prices opened at 93⅛c, declined to 92c and closed at 92⅛c.

CLEVELAND, O., October 6.—Petroleum steady; S. W. 110, 7⅛c.

WILMINGTON, N. C., October 6.—Turpentine firm at 40c.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, October 6.—Wheat cargoes off coast opened firm. Corn quiet. Arrivals—Wheat, since last report, 3; sold, 1; waiting, 10. Corn—waiting, 3. Wheat cargoes on passage and for shipment opened firmer. Corn quiet. French country markets turn dearer. Liverpool spot wheat opened with moderate demand; corn strong. No. 1 standard California wheat, including white, 8s 9d@8s 10d; fair average red winter and white Michigan, 8s 10½d; first baker's Minnesota flour, 21s. Mixed corn, 4s 10½d.

LIVERPOOL, October 6, 2 p. m.—Pork—Holders offer moderately; prime mess Eastern, 77s 6d, firm; do Western, 68s 9d, firm. Lard—Holders offer freely; spot, 52s 3d; October, 52s, dull; November and December, 49s, dull. Wheat—Holders offer sparingly; new No. 2 winter, 7s 11½d, steady; do spring, 7s 11½d, steady. Flour—Holders offer sparingly, 10s 9d, firm. Corn—Holders offer sparingly; spot, 4s 10½d, firm; October, 4s 9½d, firm; November, 4s 9d½, firm; December, 4s 10½d, firm.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules.
Receipts	283	1,475	249	181
Shipments	2,732	995	....	135

CATTLE—The market ruled dull. Offerings were small and mainly of Texas cattle of medium quality. A few buyers put in an appearance, but none of them were at all anxious for purchases. Transfers were of a limited character at about steady prices. Stockmen and others are not banking high on next week's market, although they harbor the thought that an improvement for the better might occur, still there is no telling with any degree of certainty. The majority of them believe the run of common cattle will be quite fair, even if not excessive. Country shippers should exercise some caution in sending to market light grass steers and cows stuff. Stockers dull. Veal calves slow.

Choice shippers, $4.85@5.20; good native shippers, $4.20@4.75; fair to [illegible] steers, $3.50@4; common steers, $2.50@3 [illegible] corn-fed Texas steers [illegible] Texas steers, $2.20@2.85; cows and [illegible] bulls, $1.40@2; veal calves [illegible] per head; fresh milk cows and calves [illegible] per head.

HOGS—The supply of hogs, like that of cattle, was magnificent, and as a result buyers could do nothing. The demand for good cornfed hogs of 180 to 275 lbs was quite fair, even if it is the closing day of the week. The few bunches offered changed hands promptly, and brought strong prices. Yorkers, $5.95@6.05; packing, $6.15@6.35; butchers and select heavy, $6.35@6.55; mixed packing, $6.40@6.75.

SHEEP—Pens entirely bare of sheep. Good muttons are in steady request from the different classes of buyers. Common and medium sheep, also stock sheep, slow. Prices range in extremes from $2.25@4.25 per 100 lbs.

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.

Heavy draft, extra	$175@200
Heavy draft, good	125@175
Eastern streeters, extra	110@125
Street-car horses, good	90@110
Drivers, extra	150@
Drivers, good	110@
Saddlers, extra	110@
Plugs, good	4[illegible]
Plugs, good	[illegible]

MULES.

14 hands, 4 to 7 years	[illegible]
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years	[illegible]
15 hands, 4 to 7 years	[illegible]
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years	[illegible]
15½ hands, extra	[illegible]
16 to 16½ hands, extra	[illegible]
Plugs, good	[illegible]
Plugs, common	[illegible]

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., October 6.—Hogs—Rece[illegible] market moderately active, weak and [illegible] $5.75@6.20; rough packing, $6@6.1[illegible] 6.40; packing and shipping, $6.15[illegible] Receipts, 4,500 head; market weak [illegible] 6; cows, $1.50@3.10; stockers, $2.[illegible] Receipts, 1,500 head. Market [illegible] $2.75@3.50; good to choice, $3.7[illegible] 5.50.

BUFFALO, N. Y., October 6.—[illegible] 3,000 head through; 500 he[illegible] steers, $5.75@6. Sheep [illegible] receipts, 1,400 head thr[illegible] steady; mediums, $3.65@4[illegible] Hogs—Receipts, 4,320 [illegible] strong and 10c on Yor[illegible] Yorkers, $6.40@6.50.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., [illegible] 1,[illegible] head; market [illegible] 4,713 head; mark[illegible] close; heavy hogs, [illegible] mixed packers, [illegible]

WASHINGTON, Octo[illegible] four hours:

For Missouri and Illinois—[illegible] day by fair; cooler; northerly wi[illegible]

For Iowa, Kansas and Nebra[illegible] variable winds, becoming souther[illegible]

The rivers will fall, except a sligh[illegible] per Ohio, Central Mississippi and L[illegible]

River Telegra[illegible]

CAIRO, Ill., October 6.—Arriv[illegible] burg, 8 a. m.; U. P. Schenck [illegible] Gilbert, Ohio, 10. Departe[illegible] 10 a. m.; Gilbert, St. Loui[illegible] falling. Cloudy and cool.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Octo[illegible] feet 8 inches in the c[illegible] falls. Business good, [illegible]

MEMPHIS, Tenn., [illegible] parted: City of Ne[illegible] Damp and cloudy.

CINCINNATI, [illegible] ing. Cloudy. [illegible]

EVANSVILLE [illegible] falling. Rain[illegible]

RIV[illegible]

716 N. Broadway, 712 Olive Street.
118 N. Fourth St., 124 Olive Street.

—THE—
DELICATESSEN
LUNCH-ROOMS.

Fall Style Hats

KEEVIL BROS.,
207 N. FOURTH ST.

CITY NEWS.

Crawford's Mammoth Cloak-Rooms

Are always crowded with people and cloaks. All styles of ladies' and misses' cloaks cheaper than anywhere else in America.

Dr. E. C. Chase,

Corner of 8th & Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

SENSATIONAL STABBING AFFRAY.

A Turfman Attacks and Seriously Wounds a Sporting Man at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., October 6.—A very sensational cutting affray took place on the Latonia race track here yesterday afternoon. The principals in the affair were Jack Chinn, a Kentucky turf man, owner of the Latonia stock farm at Harrodsburg, and a former proprietor of Ban Fox, Jacobin and other noted horses. The other man was Jack Dowling, a Chicago sport. Chinn entered the pool sheds, hunted out Dowling and without a word of warning attacked him with a knife, stabbing him twice in rapid succession, inflicting at the second blow a dangerous wound about the region of the heart. Chinn was arrested, and it is hoped that with careful treatment Dowling will recover. The cutting was the outgrowth of an old quarrel brought about by rivalry in gambling establishments.

YOUTHS' AND BOYS' TAILORING

Is a prominent feature of our business. We can make you more stylish clothing for your boy than you can buy of the clothiers.

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. cor. Broadway and Pine.

SHOT IN SHORT ORDER.

An Octogenarian's Suicide—Charged With Forgery—Texas Topics.

GALVESTON, October 6.—Aaron Bean, a negro, was shot to death by a mob of infuriated citizens near Jasper for attempting an assault on the daughter of John Lee, a prominent farmer of Magnolia Springs.

HOUSTON, October 6.—Wm. Duffy, aged 80 years, shot himself through the head, no cause for the suicide being known.

WACO, October 6.—Fred Kohn, aged 18 years, whose New York parents are said to be wealthy and respectable, has been arrested on two charges of forgery.

St. L., K. & N. W. R. R. Excursion to Quincy, Ill.

For the Quincy celebration, which takes place October 9 to 11 inclusive, the St. L., K. & N. W. R. R. will sell excursion tickets on October 8 to 11 inclusive, good to return October 12, at one fare for the round trip.

J. T. RIPLEY, General Agent.

LOCAL NEWS.

William Harnlostel, a farmer from Randolph County, Ill., was held up on Eighth and Poplar street last night and relieved of all the money he had, amounting to $35.

Mary Crawford, a little girl aged 7 years, was run over yesterday afternoon on Seventh and Wash streets by a milk wagon driven by Henry Kroeger. Her right thigh was badly fractured. Kroeger was arrested.

Arthur Bailey, a negro, went into Murry's saloon, 1600 Morgan street, last night, called for a drink and refused to pay for it. The barkeeper, John McLaughlin, snatched his hat as security. Bail[illegible] out in the street, got a brick and [illegible] at McLaughlin's head. The latter f[illegible] ots at him, but neither of the bull[illegible]

The Buil[illegible] mmittee of the Public Schools met [illegible] erday afternoon. A plank walk in front [illegible] the new Crow School was ordered. A contract for curtains was given to Trorlicht & Duncker. Patrick Hart was appointed a janitor at the Benton School. The committee decided to sustain the chief engineer in his action in revising the bills of certain contractors for furnace work done by them.

MRS. WM. J. THOMPSON, Twelfth street, had erysipelas for eight years, was cured with Heiskell's Tetter Ointment.

Four Courts Findings.

While examining goods at Crawford's dry goods store, southeast corner of Broad-[illegible] and Franklin avenue, at 1:30 on [illegible]day, Mr. J. B. Nolty, residing at [illegible] Olive streets, laid her pocket-book, [illegible]ing $30 and a pair of Roman gold ear-[illegible] the counter. When she went to [illegible] her purchases she discovered the [illegible] ad been stolen.

[illegible] Herman was arrested last evening by [illegible] onnolly on suspicion of having stolen [illegible] an unknown farmer with whom he [illegible] a saloon at No. 231 Sidney street. [illegible] was intoxicated at the time.

[illegible] hing store of Adolph daust of No. [illegible] avenue, was entered by a false [illegible] worth of shawls and skirts, and [illegible] nd $3 in cash stolen.

[illegible] piece and a silver watch and [illegible] lued at $25 were stolen from [illegible]

[illegible] orris, who entered the room [illegible] Kelly on Collins street some [illegible] ntenced to six months in the [illegible] to pay a fine of $100 by [illegible] ay. The woman's hus-[illegible] ency for him, and the [illegible] g given the full pen-[illegible]

[illegible] Waterproof Gar-[illegible]

[illegible] nally [illegible] line of [illegible] proofs at ex-[illegible] and examine

[illegible] ., 415 N. 4th st.

[illegible] ark Concert.

[illegible] morrow afternoon Vogel's [illegible] give a concert at Tower [illegible] following programme will

	Souse
[illegible] it, Overture	Eule
	Mueller
[illegible] er	Wagner
	Mozart
	Gounod
	Verdi
	Thomas
	Eilenberg
	Trenkler
	Rossini
	Herzog

[illegible] ociety [illegible]

COMING TURF MEETINGS.

VARIOUS RUNNING AND TROTTING EVENTS TO BE HELD THIS FALL.

The Meeting at Pimlico Park and Washington — Great Preparations at Clifton—Meetings in the West and South—About Fifty Fall Dates Selected This Month—Sporting News and Notes—Base Ball.

When the time in the last race at the present Jerome Park meeting is hung out the leading race patrons of the East will have witnessed the close of the regular racing season in that section of the country for 1888. At Baltimore the fall meeting begins October 16, and continues five days. The Washington meeting begins on the 23d of the month, lasting five days. In the South the Latonia meeting ends on October 13, to be followed by five days' racing at Lexington, beginning on the 15th. At Nashville, Tenn., a twelve-day meeting will be inaugurated on the 23d. In the West Denver will give a five-day meeting, beginning October 20, and Kansas City will fall in line on the 27th, with a meeting that will end November 8.

At Clifton the boodlers will take up the sport where the great owners left off, and the sprinters and Beach combers will be kept going throughout the winter. A new three-quarter-mile track has been built, and it is said to be a fine one. It is 65 feet wide, except in the stretch, where it is a trifle over 70 feet in width. It is graded so that water will not stay on it. A large portion of the grandstand is enclosed in glass, and will be heated and electric apparatus will afford light in case of late finishes, so that neither cold nor darkness will bar the spectators out. The regular meeting will begin October 17.

The trotters will have quite a busy fall of it, with four-day meetings at Lexington, Ky., and Mount Holly, N. J., beginning on October 8, and two and three-day meetings, beginning October 9, at Boston (Beacon Park), and Poughkeepsie, Wilmington, Del., and many minor points. Mystic Park, Boston, will also be the scene of a three-day meeting, beginning, beginning October 16. A ten-day meeting also begins at Dallas, Tex., on this date. In all, dates for over fifty regular meetings have been claimed for October, outside of the hundreds and hundreds of races to be given at country fairs. Nearly $12,000 in purses will be given at the Denver meeting, beginning October 20 and lasting six days, and more than this amount will be hung up at Lexington. Many of the grand circuit patrons will go from this city to Lexington, and some will drift West and South, taking in Denver and the Texas meetings. Others will go to California for the winter, including Knapsack McCarthy and probably Budd Doble. The season has been a remarkably brilliant one for both the runners and trotters.

In foreign racing the chief events to be run this fall are the Cesarewitch stakes October 9, Middle Park plate 10, Newmarket Oaks 11, Newmarket Derby 12, Criterion stakes 22, Cambridgeshire stakes 23, Dewhurst plate 24, and Liverpool St. Leger November 8.

Ball Games Yesterday.

Association: At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 6; Baltimore, 3. At Philadelphia—Athletics, 8; Cleveland, 0. At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 5; Louisville, 3.

League: At New York—New York, 12; Chicago, 6. At Boston—Boston, 5, Detroit, 3. At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; Indianapolis, 2. At Washington—Pittsburg, 5; Washington, 1.

Two Games To-Morrow.

There will be royal sport at Sportsman's Park to-morrow afternoon. The St. Louis and Kansas City clubs will then play two games, the first commencing at 1:30 and the second commencing immediately at the conclusion of the first. But one admission, 25 cents, will be charged to see both games. The nines in the first game will be placed as follows:

St. Louis.	Position.	Kansas City.
Boyle	Catcher	Daniels
Devlin	Pitcher	Sullivan
Comiskey	First Base	Phillips
Robinson	Second Base	Hankinson
Latham	Third Base	Davis
White	Short-Stop	Esterday
O'Neill	Left Field	Burns
Lyons	Center Field	McTammany
McCarthy	Right Field	Cline

In the second game Brennan and Porter and Dolan and Chamberlain will be the batteries.

The Race.

ASSOCIATION.

Name.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
St. Louis	127	88	39	.692
Athletics	126	77	49	.611
Brooklyn	132	80	52	.606
Cincinnati	128	75	53	.585
Baltimore	130	55	75	.423
Cleveland	122	48	74	.393
Louisville	128	44	84	.343
Kansas City	125	42	83	.336

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Name.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
New York	126	82	44	.643
Chicago	130	74	56	.569
Philadelphia	127	67	60	.527
Detroit	126	66	60	.523
Boston	128	67	61	.523
Pittsburg	129	64	65	.496
Washington	128	46	82	.359
Indianapolis	130	46	84	.353

Grand-Stand Chat.

Hint to convivial ball players—Jag, jug, judge.

Gaffney has been secured to umpire in the world's series.

Gumbert is a pitcher, and not only that. He is a hitter as well.

The attendance at the home games in Boston to date have been over 250,000.

Gentle Geemes Galvin will sell shoes for a Boston firm in Pittsburg this winter.

John Kelly will probably represent the League as umpire in the world's series.

The Athletic Club will, it is said, engage another first-class battery within a week.

The players cannot be blamed for making many of the poor plays this kind of weather.

Barkley of the Kansas Citys has been sent home for weak playing. Hankinson fills his place.

New York and Detroits have played eighteen games, of which New Yorks won eleven and lost seven.

No use talking, Our Own can't play as poorly as the Senators. Yesterday they made enough errors and tough plays to lose a dozen games. But the Senators did worse.—[Pittsburg *Dispatch*.

When asked who he thought would win the world's championship, Anson said: "I don't know. I don't think New York is very strong. If Ewing catches he will keep them from running bases, but the Browns can play ball and will keep Mutrie's men hustling."—[New York *Press*.

A writer in the Boston *Herald* suggests that the rule by which a man is put out on a foul ball should be abolished. The idea is not new, neither is it good. Its adoption would remove one of the most interesting features of the game. Such a radical change would not be tolerated. If a fly ball is caught foul or fair it should be an out.

Griffin of the Baltimores made one of the most remarkable plays in the Ninth inning on Sunday ever seen at the Cincinnati Park. He was running backward on a very long fly hit by Tebeau, when he stumbled and fell. He rolled around, however, and when lying flat on his back captured the ball. He injured his head by the fall. The audience cheered him to the echo.

The Athletics have drawn dollars where the Philadelphias have drawn dimes this season. The Athletics are now putting out some of their profit to get a winning team for next season. Purcell will strengthen their outfield and Fennelly their infield, while Phenomenal Smith, with his left-hand curves, will make a good man to sandwich between the two great right-handers, Seward and Weyhing.—[Cincinnati *Enquirer*.

Kelly seems to play passively, as if he had said at the beginning of the season: "Well, I've been dethroned, and another is in my stead. I'll do as I am told, but nothing more. I won't exert myself, and I won't do anything to arouse enthusiasm in the club." He has surely played carelessly, listlessly and recklessly. Even his warmest admirers cannot assert that he has fully earned his salary this season and given to the club the best work he can do in every department. Spectators never find fault with a man who makes errors while conscientiously doing his best. In many ways Kelly's work has been a disappointment.—[Boston *Herald*.

Sporting Not[illegible]

[illegible] ttle Minch is completely o[illegible] and [illegible] ds against him on Wedne[illegible] [illegible] ow that the betting publ[illegible] [illegible] isifer's entire string of [illegible]

been shipped to the Latonia course, where they will be turned out. Grimaldi is laid up with an injured pastern, and Bapine has been fired.

Speaking of Jake Kilrain's coming championship fight Billy Edwards says: "Even should it turn out that the unknown is a negro, as some people think, what difference ought that to make? A champion cannot refuse to fight any one, black or white." Edwards does not think that Jack Dempsey would have any show with Kilrain. Jere Dunn, on the other hand, says that Dempsey would whip Kilrain in a London prize-ring fight to a finish."

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From Adjacent Towns.

Alton, Ill., October 5.—Night schools are to be organized in some of the public school buildings.——The St. Louis, Alton & Springfield Railroad expects to be in here before Christmas.——The proposition to pave with vitrified brick seems to have gone with the rest.——Some Fire Department changes are rumored.——It is proposed to widen the Henry street sidewalks to sixteen feet.——Mayor McPike is to return in time for the Council meeting.——Nothing is known of the whereabouts of Donnelly and Burns, wanted for an assault on the mate of the Annie P. Silver.

Brighton, Ill., October 5.—Rev. and Mrs. J. A. Scarritt of Jerseyville spent Tuesday in our city.——Mrs. Chas. Nutter and children are visiting in Collinsville.——Mr. Richard Peter, wife and daughter, Miss Lulu, left on Wednesday for their future home in Washington Territory.——Mrs. S. P. Scobee is visiting in St. Louis at this time.——Dr. J. T. Dickerson is visiting friends in Philadelphia.——John R. Bean of Venice spent yesterday with his parents.——Mr. S. P. Blodget has returned home after a year's sojourn in Decatur, Ala.——Mr. J. Howell is in attendance at the National Undertakers' meeting at Baltimore, Md., this week.——Mr. D. A. Rice of Alma, Kan., a former resident, is at present the guest of relatives here.——Frank Pelham is a visitor with St. Louis relatives.——Mrs. Edward Rogers, Mrs. Fred Schweppe and Miss Pearl Hewitt of Upper Alton were recent guests of Miss Ella Lynch.——Mr. N. W. Waldo and family left this week for their newly chosen home in Denver, Colo.——Rev. T. W. Bath and wife departed on Tuesday for a visit to the lady's relatives in Northern Illinois.——Miss Mattie Fry visited in Carlinville the first of the week.——The new pastor of the M. E. Church, Dr. Robison, and wife have arrived ready for the year's ministerial work.——Mr. James Butler of Pleasant Hill, Mo., was one of the late guests in our burg.——Mrs. W. Ainsworth and daughter of Des Moines, Io., are being entertained by Mrs. George Hilliard.——Miss Alice Kelsey and Mr. Harry Eldridge spent yesterday in St. Louis.

Clarksville, Mo., October 5.—C. T. Clifford has returned from Hannibal.——Miss Fannie Crawford of Warsaw, Ill., is visiting Miss May Fern.——Miss Gussie Mackey is in Louisiana.——Josie Pegan is in St. Louis.——Misses May and Emma Fern have returned from St. Louis.——Mr. and Mrs. Albert Yates have moved to Edwardsville, Ill.——Tom Currie has returned from Winfield.——Mrs. S. F. Mayes returned Thursday from Kansas City.——Geo. Knight is in St. Louis.——Mrs. E. A. Clifford has returned from St. Louis.——Dr. J. E. Bankhead is out again.——Quite a crowd will attend the ball here to-night.——Miss Fannie Penn is in Louisiana.——The steamer Bald Eagle unloaded 700 barrels of apples here yesterday from Butchertown, Ill.——Prof. Rowley, principal of our public school, and the following teachers are in St. Louis: Misses Dollie Oglesby, Lucie Cummins and Lizzie Jeans.

Columbus, Kan., October 2.—Considerable frost was visible morning, the first of the season.——The dome of the new Court-house was completed this week and adds greatly to the appearance of the building. The building will be ready for occupancy by the first of the year.——The County Commissioners are in session this week.——The wife of W. J. Hartley, a farmer living a few miles in the country, was buried in the City Cemetery yesterday.——W. P. Eddy, Postmaster here, is in Chicago on business.——J. W. Hallowell, several years ago a resident of this place, is in the city to-day.——O. J. Lewis of Miami County is visiting his brother, Geo. Lewis and family.——J. W. Harland of Pittsburg was in the city to-day.——Mrs. Samuel Kyle and daughter of Kentucky are in the city visiting M. Rea, Mrs. Kyle's father.——Mrs. Jennie Wheeler and children of Huron County, O., are visiting C. D. and E. D. Ashley of this city.

Corning, Ark., October 5.—Mr. J. N. Jones and family have removed from Pocahontas, Ark., to Corning.——Mr. George Kolb of Poplar Bluff, Mo., was in town Thursday.——Mr. J. E. Mathews and his mother have gone to Illinois.——Capt. C. R. Beloate, H. J. Weindel, W. M. Reiner, Bud Black, John Miller and others have returned from the St. Louis Fair.——J. T. Dunklin of Reno, Ark., left here for Memphis, Tenn., on Thursday night.——Mrs. Vicory is visiting in Illinois.

Eureka Springs, Ark., October 4.—A. H. Foote, Auditor of the Eureka Springs Railway, and wife are in St. Louis this week attending the Exposition.——J. W. Hill and family left Tuesday for an extended visit in Chicago and other parts of Illinois.——Capt. Tobien returned this week from the G. A. R. reunion at Columbus, O.——Hon. J. V. Walker of Fayetteville was in the city Monday.——Mr. Thomas Payne, a widower of about 70 summers, and Miss Maggie Woods, both of this city, were married last Thursday evening.——H. D. Field, County Treasurer, a portion of whose building was torn away during the fire last week, claims to have had $5,500 in currency of the county's money stolen from him. He was away at the time and the money was in a wooden desk at the back of his store.

Greenfield, Ill., October 5.—Mrs. Essie Stewart of Hutchinson, Kan., is here visiting her father.——Wm. Allen has returned from his visit in Nebraska and Kansas.——J. P. Madden and wife have been in St. Louis attending the Fair.——Miss Lizzie Johnson has returned from her visit in Missouri.——Mrs. James Waller is visiting relatives in Kansas.——W. F. Ermis is in Chicago, attending the Masonic Grand Lodge.——Miss Lizzie Sanderson from Jacksonville, Ill., is visiting with Mrs. S. M. Wilhite.——Miss Jessie Temple has been enjoying a pleasant visit with friends in Kirkwood, Mo., this week.——Chester Wallace of Springfield spent Sunday here and took in the St. Louis Exposition Monday.——Miss Dessie Turner, accompanied by Miss Maud Updegraph of Roodhouse, has been visiting in Jefferson City for several days past.——Mr. and Mrs. Ed Bonoogh spent several days with the family of Seth Griswold in White Hall this week.——J. T. Calloway has been in Chicago this week.——G. C. Carter of Rock Bridge Sundayed here.——Mrs. Green of Alton preaches in the new Baptist Church next Monday night.

Joplin, Mo., October 3.—Mrs. Dr. Evans has returned home from a visit with relatives at Lawrenceburg, Ind.——Judge E. H. Norton came in last night to look after his Joplin interests.——The several Republican clubs had a meeting last night.——Geo. Youngblood and wife and D. C. McConey and wife were passengers for St. Louis yesterday.——Jack Lyons, road-master of the Gulf Railroad, died from the injuries he received at Galena last week.——Chas. G. Prizer, T. J. Wilson, E. B. Magley of Sedalia and J. D. Alexander, representing adjoining towns, were in the city on Tuesday.——Joplin was visited by quite a heavy frost last night.——Luke Hoer a former well-known miner of this city and Lone Elm, died at Rich Hill, some weeks ago of miners' consumption.——Judge Hubble of Oronogo, was in the city last night.——Mr. R. W. Wiggene and Miss Lizzie Davis of Joplin, were married by Squire Woodward of Carthage, on Monday.——R. D. Critchfield of Chanute, Kan., and J. R. Morrison of Butler, Mo., were among the arrivals at the Pacific.

Jerseyville, Ill., October 4.—N. T. Kirby is home from Nebraska.——Miss Fannie Powell is home from a visit to Lexington, Mo.——Col. W. H. Fulkerson and Austin Liegh are in Nebraska this week.——Sheriff Cadwallader started for Chester, Ill., this morning, with five State boarders.——Elias Cockrell and family took in the St. Louis Fair Thursday.——Port Evans was in St. Louis Thursday taking in the Fair and Exposition.——J. G. Marston is in Chicago attending a Masonic meeting.——P. D. Cheney and wife are spending the week in St. Louis.——Jerseyville averages about 100 daily visitors to the St. Louis Fair.——Mrs. E. C. Webster of Pasadena, Cal., is here visiting relatives.——Mrs. C. H. Shiek of Joliet, Ill., has been visiting Mrs. John Dunphy the past week.——C. R. Hutchison and wife are home from their trip North.——Mrs. J. R. Colean of Ft. Scott, Kan., is visiting her mother, Mrs. S. Bothwell in this city.——Misses Jule and Edith Bothwell were in St. Louis Thursday.——Mrs. Henry White is home from Denver, Colo., where she has been visiting for the last month.——Miss Jennie Gray of Joliet, Ill., is visiting in this city.

Lebanon, Mo., October 5.—Judge Wallace convenes Circuit Court at Buffalo next Monday.——Mrs. Dr. J. M. Billings is visiting in Illinois.——Mrs. Sam Breckenridge is in St. Louis this week attending the Fair.——C. A. Smith and family returned Wednesday from St. Louis.——Mr. Peter Hortmiller of Adrian, Mich., is visiting his brother, Jacob Hortmiller.——Len S. Wilson is visiting his mother at Clinton, Io., this week.——Mr. Horner and wife of St. Louis, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city, the guest of his sister, Mrs. T. L. Rubey.——Miss Anna Case of Meade Center, Kan., arrived here last Friday on a short visit.——Mrs. Sam Farrar and daughter Jennie, Mrs. B. F. Pasley, Mrs. A. Fayant and daughter Carrie left for St. Louis Sunday night to attend the Fair.——Frank Hortmiller, late of Harrison, Ark., spent a few days with his parents in this city the first of the week.——C. L. Palmer has returned from a visit of several weeks in Michigan.——The Chautauqua Circle has been reorganized for the season. The next meeting will be with Mrs. M. W. Seal.——Mr. W. T. Glynn and Miss Mary Plunkett were quietly married Wednesday morning at the Catholic church, Father Sheehey officiating.

Caution Thousands of peddlers and many unscrupulous grocers are trying to force on the public, dangerous imitations of **Pearline**
Considering the marvellous popularity of Pearline, this is not surprising. We want to warn the public against the use of these articles. They are dangerous to fabric and hands. PEARLINE is never peddled, but sold by grocers everywhere.
Each package bears the name of JAMES PYLE, New York.

Mascoutah, Ill., October 4.—Mr. F. W. Greene of St. Louis, was in the city to-day.——Misses Louisa Kung, Alvina Postel, Louisa Nestel, Tillie Villinger and Gustave and Amelia Dauber are in St. Louis.——The public schools will be closed to-morrow to give teachers and pupils an opportunity to attend the St. Louis Fair.——Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Scheve went to Nashville, this morning.——Mr. Gust J. Scheve is in Chicago, attending the Grand Lodge of F. and A. M.——Messrs. Ph. H. Postel and C. H. Kammann, two of Mascoutah's most popular young men, go to St. Louis to-morrow.——Mr. John T. Gebbie, the well-known miller, has returned from Canada.——Mr. A. Wachter and Nick Christ left to-day for Nebraska, their future home.——Betting on the election is the favorite pastime at present.——A number of old soldiers attended the reunion at Belleville, Tuesday.

Miami, Mo., October 3.—Rev. G. W. Hatcher of Carrollton, Mo., preached at the Baptist Church in this city Sunday morning and Rev. S. H. Ford, D. D., editor of the *Christian Repository*, preached at night.——Rev. B. E. Hail of Fairville preached at the Christian Church in this city Sunday morning.——Rev. J. G. Burgess of Norborn, Mo., was in town last week attending the Ministers and Deacons' Conference.——William Grayson of Jefferson City is in town to-day.——G. R. McDaniel went to Kansas City on business Monday evening.——Lex McDaniel, Hubert Wood and Peyton Jeter are in St. Louis this week taking in the sights.——Gus Leftwitch, editor of the Miami *News*, accompanied by R. S. Ireland and J. F. Webster, left this morning for the lakes of Chariton County on a fishing excursion.——Heavy frost here last night.——Rain badly needed.——Farmers not through sowing wheat yet.

New Florence, Mo., October 3.—Quite a number of our citizens are in St. Louis this week, attending the Fair. Among them are Mr. C. E. Bast and wife, Mr. B. E. Wilson and daughter; Miss Minnie Stocker, Mr. Ola Kenney and Miss Mary Taylor.——A Harrison and Morton Club was organized on last Saturday at Big Spring, Loutre Township, with a membership of fifty. A flag will be raised on the 18th inst.——Mr. Robert See and Miss Kate Bordeaux were married Wednesday afternoon and left immediately for St. Louis.——Miss Annie Sannsen has returned to her home in Clinton, Mo., after a protracted visit to relatives here.——Miss Laura Webb is expected home from Denver, Colo., next Tuesday, where she has been spending the greater part of the summer.——Mrs. Kate Stewart has returned from a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Stewart at Louisiana.——T. M. Ellis' colt show took place last Saturday. A number of very fine draft and saddle colts wer exhibited. Mr. Henry Hannon took first premium for saddle colts.

Paris, Mo., October 5.—Quite a large number of people from this place are attending the St. Louis Fair this week.——Mrs. Nora Diggs of Moberly is visiting friends here.——Frank Aspercraft is in Kansas City this week.——D. O. Bean and wife left Monday for Woodland, Cal., where they will make their future home.——C. G. Goetz has been appointed manager of the new opera-house at this place.——Mrs. Matilda Wells of Mexico, who has been visiting here, returned to her home Wednesday.——James A. Bland visited friends in Shelbina this week.——James W. Anderson of Monroe City spent Sunday in the city.——Mrs. Jas. C. Snell is quite ill.——Hon. James C. Peirsol of Monroe City was in the city this week.——Jim Dulaney of Hannibal Sundayed here.——Dr. T. B. Loyd was in Nevada this week.——Mrs. T. G. Bassett is in Centralia this week.——I. F. Rothwell of Moberly was in the city Monday.——G. H. Statford of Des Moines, Io., is in the city on business.

Pierce City, Mo., October 3.—Quite a number of our citizens are attending the Fair at Sarcoxie to-day.——B. L. Buley, Esq., is on the sick list.——Wheat is coming in with a rush.——The Democrats have a rally at Sarcoxie to-night. The Republicans have one Friday night.——There was a killing frost last night. Rain is needed.——The canning factory is running night and day.——The tomato crop has been a big one. Farmers and gardeners say they make nearly $100 per acre this season.

Rolla, Mo., October 5.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Campbell returned this week from Colorado, where Mrs. Campbell has been summering for her health, which is greatly improved.——Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Stimson and Miss Rolla Headler of St. James, Mo., were the guests of friends in this city Wednesday.——Hon. Claude D. Jamison, who has recently located in Springfield, Mo., for the practice of law, spent the past week visiting his family at this place.——Mrs. Jane A. Deegan entertained a large number of friends Saturday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Harrison of Kansas City, Mo., and Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Deegan of Baton Rouge, La., who were visiting here.——Miss Jennie Livesay of this city was married on Wednesday to Mr. Frank Beers of Danbury, Conn., at the residence of her brother, Mr. Jas. D. Livesay, St. Louis.——The Alumni Association of the Western Conservatory of Music gave their regular monthly musicale Tuesday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. McCrae.——Shaw's Opera-house will be formally opened next Tuesday evening.——Hon. D. R. Francis will address the Democrats in this city on the 11th.—Rolla lost two old and respected citizens this week by death, Mr. J. H. Dyer, in his 76th year, and Mrs. M. Wilhite, aged about 60.

Shelbina, Mo., October 3.—Miss Josie Mason and brother Nattey, and Mr. Ed Worland are ill of typhoid fever.——Elder O. P. Shraut, Mrs. A. E. Bodine and Mrs. Ellen Hanly are attending the State Convention of the Christian Church at St. Joseph.——Miss Emma Perine is visiting in Michigan.——H. P. Mason and Frank Collins were in Clarence last Saturday.——Misses Annie McConnell, Nettie Threlkeld and Ida Bryan, Mrs. W. C. Faubion, Mrs. Charles Hanger and J. M. Gentry are attending the St. Louis Fair and Exposition.——Mrs. Ambrose Dudley, Mrs. Reed and Mrs. Threlkeld and Miss Virgie List have returned to their homes in Kentucky after an extended visit here.——H. P. Mason, Hunter Hanly, Mrs. Ellen Finley and two charming daughters, Misses Annie and Sallie, spent Tuesday with Mr. J. W. Barr, north of here.——Misses Mollie and Ella Moss were married to Wm. Sensintaffer of Linn County and Mr. Chas. L. Turner of Monroe County on the 27th ultimo by Rev. T. M. Walton of Audrain County.——D. H. Haffner of Hannibal was in Shelbina Monday.——Charles Ford went to St. Louis Tuesday night to see the big city.——Ves Bryan is in St. Louis attending the fair and Exposition.——Mrs. Pat McBride of Moberly made a visit here the first of the week.——J. W. Magill rejoices over the appearance of a fine, new boy at his house.——Hickorynuts, walnuts and hazelnuts are very plentiful this year in this section of country.——Mr. James Edelen and family of near Shelbyville have moved to Shelbina to live, as have Mr. J. W. Settle and family of Tiger Fork.——Times are getting better in Shelby County and the farmers are now doing considerable building of houses, barns, etc.——By the running of the through St. Louis and Denver express parties here are enabled to get the POST-DISPATCH six hours earlier than heretofore.——Circuit Court convenes in Shelbyville next Monday. The docket is a light one.

St. Charles, Mo., October 5.—Mr. Mandeville of Kansas City is in the city this week.——Miss Charlotte Shaw, an old resident of this place, is arranging for the erection of several dwelling-houses here.——Miss Sue Gannaway is a guest of her cousin, Mrs. John K. McDearmon.——Mrs. J. P. Walker and daughter Mary expect to leave on the 9th inst. for San Antonio and Eagle Pass, Tex.——The blind musician, Prof. Perry of Boston, will give a concert Monday night at Lindenwood College.——Misses Mattie McDearmon and Grace Evans went to St. Louis yesterday to spend several days with friends.——Mrs. E. E. Chase and daughter, Miss Byrdie Chase, of Fort Worth, Tex., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Atkinson.——Prof. Meyers will preach Sunday at the Jefferson Street Presbyterian Church.——Rev. Wm. Parks will officiate at the Madison Street Church.——A racing matinee will take place at the St. Charles Driving Park next Wednesday.

St. Jacob, Ill., October 2.—Mr. Alonzo Dugger of Coffeysburg, Mo., is here on a visit with friends and relatives.——The turner picnic on Sunday last was fairly well attended. The music was furnished by the Black Jack Band, and a ball took place in the turners' hall at night.——Mrs. H. L. Heidelberg, wife of the former station-agent at this place, now residing in Texas, is here on a visit with her father, Esquire Hays.——Mrs. H. Laengle and family, for many years proprietor of the Hotel Laengle, removed to St. Louis a few days ago.——Farmers have been very busy sowing wheat and are near through.——A great many of our people are attending the St. Louis Fair and Exposition this week.

Taylorville, Ill., October 5.—Mr. and Mrs. Randle of Edwardsville visited relatives here this week.——Clark Estabrook and Wm. Pitts of Morrisonville attended the rally on Tuesday.——Mrs. C. A. Manners and Mrs. Geo. T. Harner are visiting in Tuscola this week.——Henry Richardson of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Dana of Springfield and Mrs. A. J. Dunning of Morrisonville, attended the funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Overand on Monday.——John W. Van Duyn is in Chicago this week.——Miss Ida Meredith has returned from her visit to friends in Kansas City.——Mrs. A. E. Nichols has returned from her visit to Sterling, Dak.——Mrs. F. P. Dreman is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. T. Martin, at St. Louis.——Miss Jennie McCoy of Pana was in town Tuesday.——Mrs. E. A. Vandeveer is in Chicago.——Rev. H. Wilson, the new pastor of the M. E. Church, will preach his first sermon on Sunday next.——Mr. C. W. Hufford returned from a three weeks' sojourn in Milwaukee, Wis.——Mrs. J. C. McBride is entertaining her mother, Mrs. N. E. Davis of Lincoln.——Mrs. Judge McCaskill visited friends at Roodhouse this week.——Mrs. J. B. Walker is in Pana.——Hon. H. P. Shumway attended the session of the Masonic Grand Lodge at Chicago this week.——Hon. Wm. M. Springer will talk to the Democrats here next Thursday.——E. B. Range and J. P. Speer attended the Compton Avenue Shooting Tournament at St. Louis this week.

White Hall, Ill., October 3.—Miss Nellie McAvay is visiting friends at Jacksonville.——S. S. Arnold, Superintendent of the Fire-clay Works, went to Chicago yesterday.——Rev. Combs of Chicago will speak to the Prohibition party here Friday night.——The Board of Education met last night.——Dan Osborne and Miss Addie Silkwood were married last night.——Bert Wigington has returned from a visit to Kansas City.——C. E. Dickson of the Jacksonville Band was here visiting his parents yesterday.——Mr. Owings, wife and daughter are in St. Louis.——C. P. Baldwin was down from Jacksonville this week.——C. M. Boyle of Jerseyville is in our city.——The City Council meets to-night.——Ed Burris and wife of Greenfield are visiting the Girwolds.

THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH does not weary its readers by lifting dreary political diatribes out of the *Congressional Record*.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Samuel C. Pratt, while visiting the baths at Hot Springs, Nev., fell into a boiling spring and was fatally scalded.

A negro named Hickman was lynched by a mob at Boston, Colo., yesterday for killing a man named J. C. Booth.

Col. C. H. Beck of Gainesville, Ga., is suing the Richmond & Danville Road for $10,000 for damages sustained by being thrown off a train by one of the road's conductors.

A young man named Lee of Leavenworth, Kan., while driving a wagon loaded with barrels was thrown from his seat and killed, the mules having taken fright at the rattle of the barrels and ran away.

At a fair held at Kutztown, Berks County, Pa., during a Roman chariot race, the horses of one of the vehicles became unmanageable and dashed into a crowd of spectators, killing an old man of 70 and seriously injuring several other people.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Kupferle and family left last morning for Cincinnati to visit relatives, where they will remain for a fortnight.

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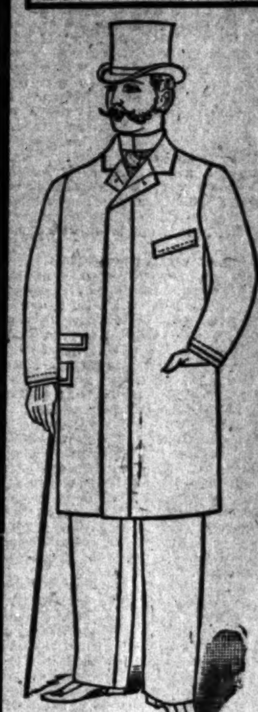

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